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FIRST EDITION.

HARRISBURG.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE

THE ALDERMEN'S BILL KILLED.

The Boom Bill Investigation.

Col. Thomas A. Scott Examined.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

HARRISBURG, PA., April 17, 1876.

HOUSE.

The House met at three o'clock, but a quorum not being present a recess was taken until 4:30 P. M.

Mr. Spang called up the supplementary act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish on second reading. Passed. This bill is one of importance, and intended to protect persons engaged in any manufacturing interests in the State, accustomed to washing iron or other ores and coal preparatory to its use for coking or burning in furnaces, and requires them to prepare a tank or other suitable receptacle into which culm or coal dirt may be collected, so that the same or the sediment therefrom, so far as protection from passing into any river or stream of the Commonwealth.

Mr. Spang offered a substitute for section 2, which provides that where the plaintiff or prosecutor is a constable or public officer, and fails to recover the penalty prescribed in the original act, the costs shall be charged upon the proper county and allowed as other county charges are audited and allowed; and when the plaintiff or prosecutor is a private citizen, the costs shall abide the event of the suit or prosecution, and be paid as in other cases.

Several bills passed the House on first reading, among which was the bill repealing the Local Option law in West Newton.

The House met in evening session at 7:30, and resumed consideration of the bill to enlarge and extend the jurisdiction of aldermen and justices of the peace in cities of the second and third class. Mr. Smith, of Chester, raised a point of order that the adoption of an amendment to the first section, making the provisions of the bill general, rendered the bill unconstitutional by being altered from its original purpose.

The Speaker decided the point well taken, and the bill was dropped. This puts a final *quietus* upon this iniquitous bill, which was sought to be roostered through, and was espoused and championed by the aldermen themselves, the press and entire people being opposed to such unwarrantable stretch of power as this bill would have conferred.

Mr. Ringgold submitted the following:

WHEREAS, Information comes from the State of California that the Pacific Mail Steamship Company have contracts to bring Chinese by thousands weekly, offering their labor at seventy-five per cent. less than that of American workmen, thus causing thousands of workmen to go idle and their families to be reduced to poverty for want of employment to support them; therefore, be it

Resolved, &c., That to protect Pennsylvania labor, our Senators be instructed and our Representatives in Congress requested to use all constitutional means to prevent such destructive labor from being imported into America.

The House refused to suspend the rules to consider the resolution and it lays over until to-morrow.

Bills Considered on Second Reading—Act to authorize bridge companies incorporated by special acts to issue preferred stock and borrow money by issuing bonds secured by mortgage, to an amount not exceeding one half the capital stock of such corporation. Passed.

Act to permit the voters interested to decide upon the further construction of roads which the supervisors of township roads have failed to complete for a period of more than six years. Passed.

Act to repeal the act authorizing the School Directors of Youghiogheny independent school district, in Sewickley township, Westmoreland county, to levy and collect a per capita tax for school purposes. Passed.

Act to authorize turnpike companies to reduce the number of their managers or directors. Passed.

Act to establish a State Board of Agriculture. Passed.

Act to compel the appointment of deputy sheriffs in this Commonwealth, and restricting their traveling fees. Passed.

Act to enlarge the jurisdiction of aldermen in cities of the second and third class. Mr. Hays moved to indefinitely postpone the bill, and it was seconded by Mr. Long, which was carried; but on motion of Mr. Zern, the vote was reconsidered.

Mr. Gemmill, of York, offered the following amendment, which was agreed to: Extending the provisions of the bill to all justices of the peace in the Commonwealth. Messrs. Hays and Smith, of Chester, opposed the passage of the bill.

Act to enlarge the powers heretofore granted to individuals to erect piers in any rivers of the Commonwealth, so far as relates to fixing the precise location of such piers. Passed.

Act to provide for the equalization of taxes on machinery in this Commonwealth. Negatived.

Supplementary act fixing the salaries of the several officers of the Commonwealth, the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments, fixing the salaries of the messengers of the Governor, Auditor General and Secretary of Internal Affairs at twelve hundred dollars each. Passed.

Act fixing the compensation of county commissioners in counties containing less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants. Passed.

Act to correct errors in transcribing the act relative to the sale or traffic in mineral water and other bottles. Passed.

Act to establish technical departments in connection with public high schools. Passed.

Act to enlarge the jurisdiction of the Courts of Common Pleas of this Commonwealth in altering, amending and improving charters. Passed.

Act to secure to children the benefit of an elementary education. Pending consideration of the above bill the House adjourned.

The Boom Investigation.

By some means, a subpœna was served on Colonel Scott, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, to appear before the Boom Investigating Committee, and he was put to the trouble of coming up specially from Philadelphia to put in an appearance, which he did at 7:30 this evening. The committee gave him a prompt hearing, and in less than five minutes the Colonel had answered every question that they could devise or desired to ask. The result was that he had never seen the bill, knew nothing about the inclinations of any member in regard to it, or about any matter effecting either side of the bill in regard to payments or promises or anything whatsoever. It is rather a matter of regret that so busy a man as Colonel Scott should be called away from the arduous duties of his office to ride 210 miles for less than five minutes' examination on a subject of which he knew seemingly nothing in the world. But perhaps his failure to respond promptly would have been made the occasion of unjust and uncharitable criticism.

TELEGRAPHIC PERSONALS.

Dom Pedro and suite left New York last evening for San Francisco.

Rice & Brother, fancy goods dealers of New York city, have failed. Liabilities $100,000.

A colored man named Sinclair was stabbed and killed in a tavern brawl on Locust street, Philadelphia, on Sunday morning.

Orestes A. Brownson, who has lived in Detroit since the discontinuance of his *Review*, died in that city yesterday, aged seventy-two years.

Moody and Sankey are in their last week in New York. Moody wants to raise $25,000 for the Y. M. C. A., and will make an effort to do so this evening.

While a party of twelve of the inmates of Dr. Trall's Hygenic Institution at Florence Heights, N. J., were out sailing on Sunday afternoon, the boat capsized, drowning Mrs. Miller and daughter, of Maquaketa, Iowa.

Frank Hubbard, the telegraph operator at Malvern, Arkansas, who was kidnaped by masked men on Saturday night, arrived at Little Rock yesterday. He is supposed to know the particulars of an alleged defalcation of the station agent, whose friends captured and ordered him to leave the country.

Judge Speer, in the special term of the Superior Court of New York, yesterday, on motion of counsel for Rufus Hatch, granted an injunction against Sidney Dillon and Jay Gould, to prevent them from attempting in any way to dissolve the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. The complaint alleges, on information and belief, how Gould and others got a controlling interest in Pacific Mail and embroiled it with the Panama Railroad, thereby injuring it in the interest of the Union Pacific Railroad, and that defendants mean to apply for a receiver of Pacific Mail, and plaintiffs pray that defendants be removed as directors of Pacific Mail.

A statement furnished by the Auditor shows the present condition of Louisiana's State debt to be: New consolidated bonds issued in place of valid bonds exchanged, $9,035,387; valid outstanding bonds and warrants not yet funded, $4,710,000, which, if all funded in new consols at sixty cents on the dollar, will make the total State debt $11,861,387.

XLIV. CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17, 1876.

SENATE.

There was unusual activity in the Chamber this morning, preparing for the impeachment trial of W. W. Belknap, late Secretary of War. In the area in front of the presiding officer, tables were placed for the counsel of Belknap, and for the managers on the part of the House. In the space in the rear of the Senator's seats, chairs were placed for the members of the House. When the Senate was called to order, there was not a seat to be obtained in the galleries. A large portion of the gentlemen's gallery on the left of the diplomatic gallery was reserved for ladies, in addition to the regular gallery. A large majority of the audience was composed of ladies.

After the journal of Thursday's proceedings had been read, various petitions and memorials were presented, but at half-past twelve legislative business was suspended, and the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the articles of impeachment.

After the proclamation by the Sergeant-at-Arms, Chief Justice Waite administered the oath to Senators Allison, Burnsides, Christiancy, Dennis, Conkling, Caperton, Goldthwait, Howe, Jones (Nevada), Morrill (Maine), Ransom and Robertson, who were not present when the other Senators were sworn a few days ago. Senators Alcorn, Johnston (Virginia), English, Patterson and Wadleigh were not present to take the oath. The Secretary was ordered to notify the House that the Senate was ready to proceed with the trial, and that seats had been provided for the members.

At 12:55 ex-Secretary Belknap, with his counsel, Messrs. Carpenter, Black and Blair, entered and proceeded to the table provided for them. The ex-Secretary was leaning on the arm of Mr. Carpenter, and took a seat between him and Judge Black. He appeared very nervous, and began reading, but soon dropped the pamphlet and conversed with his counsel.

The managers of the impeachment and members of the House appeared at one o'clock, but a quarter of an hour had almost elapsed before all were seated, when the minutes of the session of the Senate as a court of impeachment held on the 5th instant were read.

The return of the writ served upon the ex-Secretary having been read, and the Sergeant-at-Arms having called upon him to answer, Mr. Carpenter read and had filed a plea denying the jurisdiction of the Senate to try Belknap on articles of impeachment, as he was not an officer of the United States at the time such articles were found and presented to the Senate; that he has not since been, nor is he now, an officer of the United States, but was and is a private citizen of the United States and of the State of Iowa.

Mr. Lord, on the part of the managers, asked that time be allowed them until the 19th instant to consider what replication shall be made to the plea of Belknap, and it was so ordered, the managers and counsel for the accused having, in reply to the question of the President *pro tem.*, said they had nothing further to propose.

The Senate, sitting as a court of impeachment, adjourned until Wednesday next, and resumed the consideration of legislative business.

Mr. MITCHELL, from the Committee on Privileges and Elections, to which was referred the question as to the proper amount of compensation to be paid P. B. S. Pinchback, late contestant for the seat from Louisiana, reported a resolution to pay Pinchback a sum equal to the compensation and mileage of a Senator from the beginning of the term for which he was a contestant to the termination of the contest by the Senate. Ordered printed and to lie on the table.

Mr. THURMAN gave notice that at the earliest time possible he would call up his motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill in relation to counting the vote for President and Vice President was passed.

Mr. MORTON gave notice that on Monday next he would ask the Senate to proceed to the consideration of the resolutions submitted by him early in the session in regard to the rights of States and the true and national character of the Government.

The Committee on Appropriations reported the House deficiency appropriation bill, with amendments including the following: To pay expenses of transportation, custody, exhibition and return of United States property to be exhibited at the Centennial, $15,000 for the Interior Department, $18,500 for the War Department, $14,000 for the Treasury Department, $21,000 for the Smithsonian Institute, $5,000 for the United States Commission on food fishes, $25,000 for the Black Hills commission. It is also proposed to authorize the use for contingent expenses of any surplus appropriations made to either of the departments by the act of March 3, 1875.

After discussing the Pennsylvania avenue pavement bill, the Senate went into executive session, and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The debate on the Kilbourne *habeas corpus* case to-day was interrupted by the House proceeding in a body to the Senate to attend to the impeachment trial of the late Secretary of War. Returning therefrom, the discussion was resumed.

Mr. HOOKER said Kilbourne held the key of the prison in his own mouth, and whenever he obeyed the order of the House he could walk out a free man. He appealed to the House not to furnish another example of the ease with which the highest tribunals of the land can be set at defiance by those whose wealth enables them to employ great lawyers and to array a strong body of friends at their back.

Mr. FRYE reminded the Democratic side of the House of the bitterness with which the Democrats in the last House had resisted a proposition to give the President the right to suspend the writ of *habeas corpus* in Southern States in which resistance, he said, the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Randall] had gained a world-wide reputation, and now the Democrats of this House were proposing the eternal suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in regard to both Houses of Congress.

Mr. HURLBUT argued on the same side, and said any gentleman who took the opposite side necessarily assumed that the House of Representatives was above the law of the land. For one, he was not inclined to admit that.

Mr. TUCKER proposed an amendment to the resolution reported by the majority of the Judiciary Committee, directing the Sergeant-at-Arms to appear by counsel before the court, and to make a motion to quash or dismiss the writ, or to take such other procedure as he should be advised, to raise the question of the legality and propriety of the issue of the writ on the facts stated in the petition and complaint, and as preliminary to any return to the same, and that in the meantime he retain custody of Kilbourne's body and not produce it without further order of the House. He declared himself satisfied with the legality of the question asked of Kilbourne by the committee, and of the action taken by the House on the subject, and he was satisfied that any court which respected law and precedent would reward the custody of Kilbourne to the House. He was well satisfied that American and English precedents sustained that position; that if any judge should decide otherwise, he would bring himself very nearly within the alternative or dilemma of either knowing nothing about law or of corruptly defying it.

Mr. GARFIELD suggested that in the Irwin *habeas corpus* case last session, where the same course was resorted to as the gentleman from Virginia now suggested, a motion to quash the writ, the judge would not hear the motion unless the body of the prisoner was produced.

Mr. TUCKER—If he refuses to hear the motion, it will show that corruption has spread from the real estate pool so as even to taint the ermine of the judiciary of the District. [Applause on the Democratic side of the House.]

Mr. GARFIELD—There would be just as good a right to say that the statement which the gentleman has made would only have been made in case corruption has reached clear to the House [counter applause on the Republican side], and caused it to strike at the judiciary. I would not say that.

Mr. TUCKER—I did not hear the gentleman's remark, but I suppose there was nothing in it personal to myself.

Mr. GARFIELD—Oh, no.

Mr. TUCKER—The Judge should be made to heed the House by his conscience, if he has one, and by a power superior to it if he has not.

Mr. BLAINE, who was occupying a chair in the area of the Democratic side, inquired how a judge could be made to do anything by the House of Representatives.

Mr. TUCKER—The gentleman is no lawyer, as he has often shown in this House [laughter on the Democratic side], and the gentleman is perhaps unaware that when a judge does not execute his duty he may be made to do so.

Mr. BLAINE—By order of the House?

M. TUCKER—No, sir; not an order of the House. That shows again that the gentleman is no lawyer; but by a mandamus from a higher court, which will compel him to exercise the jurisdiction which he is reluctant to do. I never knew a man to disturb a nest but there was a great ruffling about it. If my amendment is adopted, it will present the question to the Court in such a manner that the Judge cannot avoid deciding the question on the facts appearing in the petition.

Mr. BLAINE said that he did not know why the gentleman from Virginia [Tucker] should have manifested so much asperity in the remarks addressed to him. He [Blaine] thanked God that he was not a lawyer trained in the school that the gentleman was. He thanked God that he was not a lawyer who, as Attorney General of Virginia, had given an opinion that the local authorities of that State might invade the postoffice and compel the postmaster to give up the contents of the mail. He thanked God (and this he said with great vehemence of manner) that he was not that kind of a lawyer. [Applause and encouragement on the Republican side.]

Mr. BLAINE, who was still occupying a position on the Democratic side, proceeded in the midst of considerable excitement. The gentleman represents, and with great ability, that which is known as the great State's right school, which received its chief inspiration from Jefferson and other great leaders of Virginia; and yet he stands here to plead that this House possesses a power of which there is no review anywhere except in itself. Jefferson said expressly in his letter that this Government was constructed so that absolute power resided nowhere, and he defied any body to show that there was absolute power in any department of the Government. The ultimate judgment of the Supreme Court of the United States may seem absolute, but if the power of that court is abused, the power of impeachment resides in the House to punish it. But the gentleman from Virginia, professing to represent the spirit of Jefferson, says that this House may take any body on any pretext, and imprison him at pleasure, and there does not exist in the laws to-day the slightest power of relief or review. I thank God again that I have not read law in that school. [Renewed plaudits on the Republican side.]

Mr. TUCKER—I have no hesitation in saying in reply to the gentleman from Maine, that what he took as a fling at him in reply to conversational and undertone interruption, was not intended to be any degree offensive. I thought that the gentleman from Maine had clearly to his own consciousness, some weeks ago, in a discussion between himself and the distinguished gentleman from Mississippi [Lamar] shown that whatever he else may be, whatever else he may be fitted to be, whatever other position he may be fitted to fill by the suffrages of his countrymen, there was one thing he had never been trained to, and that was to be a lawyer. I merely meant to say that I thought the gentleman had demonstrated again to-day, as he did on that occasion, very signally that he was not a lawyer; but there is one thing he is, if not a lawyer, and that is, he is a Pharisee. [Applause on the Democratic side.] Thank God.

Mr. BLAINE, finishing the quotation—that I am not like other men.

Mr. TUCKER—The gentleman says he thanks God he is not as I am. I thank my Heavenly Father that there is no resemblance between us. [Plaudits on the Democratic side.] I say amen to that with all my heart. He thanks God that he is not "as other men are, even as this poor publican." [Laughter and applause.]

Mr. BLAINE, adding to the quotation—"the late Attorney General of Virginia."

Mr. TUCKER [accepting the addition]—"the late Attorney General of Virginia." I am proud to have represented the old Commonwealth in that position. I am proud to represent the old Commonwealth on this floor. I remember the opinion to which the gentleman refers. It seems to me, instead of studying the laws of his country, the gentleman has been studying to see if he cannot get points on his colleagues in the Committee on Ways and Means, and on members of House, with which he may twit and taunt when occasion arises. I really did not suppose that that opinion which I gave *pendente bello*.—

Mr. BLAINE—Oh, no; it was before the war.

Mr. TUCKER—Very well; it was good whenever it was.

Mr. BLAINE—Please state what it was.

Mr. TUCKER—I have no objection to state what it was. It was this: That the question of what mail matter a citizen of a State can receive is a question of State law.

Mr. BLAINE [eagerly and triumphantly]—That is it, and the gentleman holds that doctrine to day, I understand.

Mr. TUCKER [defiantly]—I hold it today.

Mr. BLAINE [endeavoring to clinch the point]—That the Postoffice Department can be arrested and interrupted in Virginia by a county justice of the peace. [Repressed plaudits.] That is the opinion.

Mr. TUCKER—I hold that opinion yet, and the gentleman has shown that he is no constitutional lawyer when he does not recognize the distinction, which is as old as decisions of Chief Justice Marshall, that between the commercial power of the Federal Government and the police power of the States, the distinction is as wide as the poles, and so wide that even the undisciplined mind of the gentleman from Maine might have recognized it. [Applause on the Democrat side.]

Mr. BLAINE—Where does the power of the General Government and of the Postoffice Department end, and where does the power of the States begin?

Mr. TUCKER—There is an old adage that "a child may ask questions which a wise man cannot answer;" yet if the gentleman had read the great case of Braun *vs.* the State of Maryland, he would have found that the distinction as to when goods cease to be imports and become commodities within State jurisdiction was taken by Chief Justice Marshall with so much nicety that Chief Justice Taney, who opposed it at the time while he was at the bar, approved it afterwards when he came on the bench.

Mr. BLAINE—And therefore the Government treats postoffice matter as goods.

Mr. TUCKER [conclusively]—I thought the gentleman no lawyer, but I supposed he had read some books on logic; but now I do not believe he is either a lawyer or logician. [Democratic applause.]

Mr. BLAINE—According to the Virginia standard, no.

Mr. TUCKER—The gentleman says he thanks God he was not brought up in the school of States rights, as I was. He certainly was brought up in a different school. The differences between us in our views on the Federal Constitution are very wide, but I will not go into that matter. I am not to be betrayed into it. "States rights" is the great "bugaboo" that is to go along with the "bloody shirt" in the coming political contest. I suppose the gentleman from Maine will bring it up on all occasions to flourish it in the face of the multitude. The hero of the "bloody shirt" is at the other end of this capitol, and the hero of the States right bugaboo at this end. I do not know where the great "unknown" stands. [Laughter and applause.]

Mr. BLAINE here arose and walked to his own side of the House, as if he took no further interest in the argument which Mr. TUCKER then proceeded to make in support of his amendment.

The debate was further continued by Mr. JONES, of Kentucky, against the resolutions of the Judiciary Committee, and by Messrs. LORD, LAWRENCE and HURD in favor of it.

The question was then taken on Mr. Tucker's amendment, and it was rejected, 86 to 149.

The substitute offered by Mr. Lynde, directing the Sergeant-at-Arms to make return to the writ and to produce Kilbourne before court, was adopted—yeas 165, nays 75. The great body of the Republican members and nearly half of the Democratic members voted for the substitute.

Mr. RANDALL offered a resolution that in further proceedings in the impeachment case, the House shall appear before the Senate only by its managers. Adopted.

Mr. McCRARY introduced the following bills, which were referred: To create a sinking fund for the liquidation of Government bonds advanced to the Union Pacific Railroad Company; also, in reference to the cancellation of mortgages.

Adjourned.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Probabilities for To-Day—Rising followed by falling barometer, northwest to northeast winds, cooler followed by warmer clear weather.

The Havana volunteers will hereafter do no campaign duty.

Cambridge City, Ind., had a $60,000 fire on Sunday night. Insurance $22,000.

The trial of the New Orleans "crooked whisky" cases will commence on Thursday.

An incendiary fire in Danville, Ky., on Sunday night destroyed $75,000 worth of property, on which there was $25,000 insurance.

A fire at Milford, Indiana, Sunday night destroyed property valued at $80,000. The insurance will not cover one-tenth the loss.

The Centennial grounds were closed to visitors yesterday morning and will remain so until the formal opening on May 10th. This is done in order that the final work may be done without the interference of visiting crowds.

The tanners of Louisville, Ky., who represent a capital of nearly two million dollars, and deal in all kinds of leather, held a conference last night, at which it was resolved to exhibit their industries at the Centennial Exhibition. Steps for the preparation and shipment of goods were taken at the conference.

The amount of rain, or rain and melted snow, for the past week averages about as follows in the various districts: St. Lawrence Valley, 0.27 inch; New England, 0.20; Middle Atlantic States, 0.20; South Atlantic States, 0.78; Eastern Gulf States, 1.45; Western Gulf States, 0.67; Lower Lake region, 0.70; Upper Lake region, 1.17; Ohio Valley and Tennessee, 1.35; Upper Mississippi Valley, 2.05; Missouri Valley, 0.80; Minnesota, 0.54.

The Louisiana Supreme Court yesterday decided the issue of two and one-half millions of State bonds to the Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad, under act No. 95 of 1871, to be invalid and unconstitutional on the grounds that the constitutional limit of the State debt had been reached when the bonds were issued, that the issue was fraudulent and that the State received no consideration therefor. This decision is in accordance with general public sentiment.

Checkered Front Removed.

The Checkered Front has removed to 172 and 174 Wood street, a few doors from Liberty street. The largest warehouse in the city.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Kilbourne Habeas Corpus Case.

THE WRIT TO BE HONORED.

ANALYSIS OF VOTE IN THE HOUSE.

U. S. DEPOSITORY IN PITTSBURGH

Treasurer New Recommends Its Retention.

THE QUESTION OF ADJOURNMENT.

Democrats in a Hurry to Get Home

TO LOOK AFTER THEIR ELECTIONS.

OPENING OF IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

SCENE IN THE SENATE CHAMBER.

A HARVEST FOR NATIONAL BANKS

Withdrawing Circulation and Realizing on Bonds.

HEAVY CONTRACTION OF CURRENCY.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17, 1876.

The Habeas Corpus Question.

After the discussion of the report of the majority of the Judiciary Committee, that in answering the writ of the Court the Sergeant-at-Arms should not take the body of the witness Kelbourne, the committee was defeated by a vote of 2 to 1, thus recognizing the authority of the Court to issue the writ while denying the right of the Court to take the witness out of its hands. Of the negative votes on the proposition to produce the body, all were Democrats except Hoar and Lawrence. One-third of the negative vote was south of the Potomac and Ohio. It was expected that the adoption of the report of the committee would finally dispose of this question by bringing about the issue by the court of an order holding the Sergeant-at-Arms in contempt for not producing the body. An appeal would then be made to the Supreme Court of the United States, where the whole question could be reviewed. It is believed that the Court will remand Kilbourne to the custody of the House, as in the case of Irwin.

Petition for Maguire's Pardon.

Senator Bogy and Representatives Wells and Stone, of Missouri, to-day presented to the President the petition of three thousand citizens of St. Louis, asking the pardon of Maguire, one of the convicted whisky conspirators. The document was referred to the Attorney General for investigation as to the merits of the case. He also directed that pending that consideration, there should be a stay of execution.

The United States Depository in Pittsburgh.

The refusal of the House to restore the United States depository at Pittsburgh does not finally dispose of that question. It is intimated that Treasurer New, in a communication to the Senate, will urge the retention of the depository as essential to the interests of the Government at that point. It will doubtless be acted upon as a Senate amendment to the bill. A dispatch received here says that petitions in favor of its retention will be sent here by the Clearing House and banks of Pittsburgh.

The Question of Adjournment.

The House Committee on Appropriations to-day had an informal discussion of the state of the business of the House and of the appropriation bills, with a view to adjournment. There was considerable diversity of opinion. Some thought that with expedition an adjournment would be reached early in June. The majority, however, were not so sanguine, and thought that they could not get away before July. The fact is, the Democrats are very uneasy about their nominations and elections, and are not disposed to tarry long, even to place themselves on the record on some of the national issues. The Republican members do not feel the same anxiety, as, being in the minority, they are not responsible for the control of the business of the House, nor for the management of questions of importance yet to be acted upon.

The Opening Ceremonies

of the Belknap impeachment attracted a vast concourse in the galleries of the Senate Chamber. In the diplomatic gallery was Lady Thornton and other ladies and several gentlemen of the foreign legations. In the other galleries was an attractive array of beauty and fashion of the Capital. On the floor sat the Senators, the judge in the case in the chair, the President *pro tem.*, and on his right the Chief Justice who had been escorted in to swear the Senators who were absent at the last meeting, and was escorted back before the proceedings commenced. On the left, at a table placed in the area in front of the Clerk's desk, sat the managers on the part of the House, and opposite on the right, the alleged offender in person and his counsel, Messrs. Jere. Black, Carpenter and Blair. Without the concentric rows of Senator's seats, sat the House of Representatives in a body. At an early hour General Belknap appeared in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court and at the proper time was escorted into the Senate Chamber by his counsel. The accused was dressed in a full suit of black. His fine figure had lost none of its rotundity, but his face showed traces of his sensibility to the disgrace attending his downfall. Carpenter, the master of ceremonies on the defense, was also dressed for the occasion, and so contrasted with his customary *neglige* as a Senator that his friends were obliged to take a second look to assure themselves of his identity. After the plea of the defense was handed in, denying jurisdiction, the prosecution asked until Wednesday to reply, which was granted. The court then adjourned. As Belknap left the Chamber, not a Senator deigned to notice him. At the door several Republicans took him by the hand.

A Harvest for the Banks.

The national banks, in the belief that the Resumption act will not be repealed, are reaping the benefit of an advantageous moment to withdraw their circulation and realize on their bonds. About $400,000 bonds will realize $500,000, which would enable many to pay off their bad debts. Having disposed of their bonds when at a maximum under the law, they can secure a circulation whenever they wish. In addition to this, it is believed that in a few weeks they can buy four and a half per cent. bonds at less money. The largest withdrawal of circulation is at the cities of New York, Chicago and St. Louis; Pennsylvania and New England, but little. It will be seen that the banks, as a matter of interest, are carrying on contraction. Upwards of $25,000,000 contraction of circulation has been carried on in the past year, and for a single week in March it was over two millions, at that rate amounting to over eight millions a month, or twice as much as was attempted by McCulloch.

Governor Shepherd's Views on the Safe-Burglary.

Governor Shepherd, in conversation to-night, expressed his opinion that General Babcock had nothing to do with the safe-burglary. He also said he thought that Harrington had nothing to do with the inception of the plot. The Governor thinks the safe-burglary was concocted by Whitley and Nettleship and other detectives, in the hope of making capital for themselves with the District authorities.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17, 1876.

THE APPEAL FOR CON. MAGUIRE'S PARDON.

Senator Bogy and Congressmen Stone, Wells and Kerr, representing St. Louis, accompanied George Baine, of this city, to the Executive Mansion this morning, and presented to the President a petition of the citizens of St. Louis, asking for the pardon of Con. Maguire. The President, after hearing the remarks in support of the petition, immediately referred it to Attorney General Pierrepont, and authorized the gentlemen presenting it to inform the Attorney General that there was no objection to his telegraphing Judge Treat or District Attorney Dyer to stay the proceedings until time is afforded to receive their recommendations.

DECISION IN THE ILLINOIS RAILROAD TAX CASES.

The United States Supreme Court this afternoon reversed the decision of the lower courts in the Illinois railroad cases, holding that the railroads' remedy for alleged excessive or illegal taxation is not by injunctions, but only by suits at law after paying the taxes.

PROPOSALS FOR FIVE PER CENTS.

The following circular has been issued:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, April 17, 1876.

Under the provisions of an act of Congress, approved April 11, 1876, to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay judgments of the Commissioners of Alabama Claims, proposals will be received at the Treasury Department until twelve o'clock noon on the 21st inst., and opened immediately thereafter, for the sale of five per cent. coupon or register bonds of the funded loan of 1881, authorized by act of July 14, 1871, and January 20, 1871, bearing interest payable quarterly from May 1, 1876, in lots of not less than one-half million dollars, to the total amount of $5,833,000. These bonds will be sold for gold, and payment therefor must be made within three days after the acceptance by the Department of the bid. Each bid must be accompanied by a gold deposit of two per cent. of the amount thereof, and no bid at less than par in coin will be considered. Payment may be made at the office of the Assistant Treasurer at New York, and bonds will be delivered at the Treasury in Washington, or if preferred, at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York, at the expense of the purchaser. The Department reserves the right to reject proposals that are not deemed advantageous to the Government. Proposals should be marked "Sealed proposals for loan," and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.

[Signed] B. H. BRISTOW, Secretary.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

The Supreme Court rendered decisions in the following cases to-day: 702 Taylor, collector, *vs.* Secor *et al.*; 701, Miller, collector, *vs.* Jessup *et al.*, and 703, Miller, collector, *vs.* Kidder and others, error to the Circuit Court for the Northern district of Illinois. In these cases the Court held that the theory of the system of railroad taxation established by act of the State of Illinois in 1872, the operation of which the court below enjoined, is manifestly to treat the railroad track, its rolling stock, its franchises and its capital as a unit for taxation, and to distribute the assessed value of this unit according as the length of the road in each county and town bears to the whole length of road, and that such a system is entirely within the authority of the State to create. After an elaborate examination of the objections made to the law the Court says that the question being upon the validity of the State law as affected by the State Constitution, it is, together with the question of construction of the statute, altogether within State jurisdiction, and that the decisions of the State courts in such cases are to be accepted as the rule of decision in the Federal courts, and as the State court has already decided the same question involving the same consideration urged here, the judgment would be reversed for that reason independent of any other. Decrees reversed, with directions to dissolved the injunctions and dismiss the bills. Mr. Justice Miller delivered the opinion.

REGULATIONS AS TO SILVER.

The Treasury regulations to govern the issue of silver currency were the subject of consideration at the Department to-day, but have not yet been fully determined upon. They may be issued to-morrow, but there is a possibility of a delay of two or three days before they are completed.

SILVER BILL SIGNED.

The President to-day signed the act to provide for the deficiency in the Printing and Engraving Bureau of the Treasury Department and for the issue of silver coin of the United States in place of fractional currency.

MORE CORRUPTION.

A San Francisco Newspaper Makes Serious Charges Against Admiral Rodgers, Senator Sargent and Others.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—The *Chronicle* this morning, in a three column sensational article, charges Admiral Rodgers, President of the Spalding Court-martial, with being open to the same charges as those against Spalding, in permitting Ellis T. Armstrong, foreman of machinists, yards and docks at Mare Island, to absent himself from duty the greater portion of the time, drawing pay all the time, in violation of the regulations; that he was also interested in the result of the trial, as all Spalding's orders and vouchers passed his hands for approval; also that on the strength of an order from the Navy Department authorizing the expenditure of $10,000 for rebuilding the steamer Monterey, with implied consent to devote the sum to rebuilding the yard schooner Joe Smith, the pleasure yacht Fredo was built at a cost of $45,000, and nothing done to the Monterey or Joe Smith; that the steam launch Nellie was also built without authority of the Department, and no report of the cost forwarded. The cost was about $25,000, and was charged to work on the steamer Mohican and other objects. It is also stated that Judge Advocate Hogner has received several telegraphic orders from Washington to allow no politics to be brought into the case, and that Hogner was sent here to convict Spalding and shelter certain high officials who are interested in the matter. The *Chronicle* also alleges that extensive frauds exist in the contract with the Vallejo water works to supply the navy yard with water, in which M. J. Wright, postmaster of Vallejo, is largely interested, and plainly intimates that Senator Sargent is at the bottom of the whole system of corruption on naval and treaty affairs on the coast.

MEXICO.

Progress of the Revolution.

GALVESTON, April 17.—A *News* special from Brownsville of the 16th says: A Government force occupied Victoria, capital of Tamaulipas, and demanded of Governor Corales whether he pronounced for Diaz. He is at San Fernando, together with the State Legislature. General Escobado reached Monterey yesterday, with 600 Government cavalry. The revolutionists are exacting a forced loan from the merchants at New Laredo. The New Mexico Consular officers are understood to be endeavoring to obtain military assistance to resist it. Diaz seized several hundred stand of arms in Matamoras yesterday.

POLITICAL.

THE STORY ABOUT BLAINE—A CARD FROM MR. HARRISON.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., April 17.—Mr. Harrison furnishes the following card, in correction of that which appeared in this morning's *Journal*, to the Associated Press agent:

"When the article in the *Sentinel* appeared on the Union Pacific Railroad management, I was greatly surprised, as I had not been instrumental, directly or indirectly, in giving this matter publicity. In January, 1873, I telegraphed Hon. Jeremiah Wilson, Chairman, in relation to some valueless Fort Smith and Settle Rock land grant bonds held as assets by the Union Pacific Railroad Company, for which the books of the company showed they had paid a large sum of money, and gave certain questions to be asked. In noticing the reports of the daily examination of the committee, no such questions were ever put by them; and then on February 3d, 1873, I wrote to the Chairman more fully about the matter. If any attention was ever given to the telegram or letter, I was never informed. I am conscious that I have been faithful to my trust, and am ready and willing to go before any tribunal or Congressional committee whenever called. I have no desire to conceal facts or shield any person.

[Signed] "JOHN C. S. HARRISON."

General.

The Zanesville *Signal* says Hon. M. I. Southard will not be a candidate for re-election to Congress.

The Guernsey *Times* says Guernsey county will not present a candidate against Congressman Danford.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* advises the Democratic House to "let the tariff alone," because "any demonstration you (they) may make will be indiscreet."

The Atlanta (Ga.) *Times* wants Ben. Hill to be permitted to talk whenever he pleases without rebuke from the South, now that the South "is about to emerge from under the cloud made black by the most rigorous terms ever imposed by a conqueror upon the conquered."

Perhaps it is meant to be serious, but this allusion to the venerable ex-Governor of Ohio by the Cincinnati *Enquirer* looks very like an effort to make him ridiculous: "We know not what the future may bring forth in the selection of a Presidential candidate, but we do know that, if William Allen should be the nominee, his silvery hair would be to the Democracy of Ohio what the white plume of Henry of Navarre was to his followers in France on the eve of the battle of Ivry."

There are very few modern statesmen, let us say, who have been such diligent students of encyclopedias, common-place books and manuals of literature made easy as Mr. S. S. Cox. Moreover, there are very few men in or out of Congress who have so much ingenuity as he. Very few public speakers, we may proudly add, can make opportunity and find occasion for the display of all they know. There are thrifty scholars who read, amass and accumulate, and miser-like, hide away in the cupboards and, treasure-chests of the mind, the riches of the thought of old ages. Mr. Cox is not one of these. Rather, his speech resembles the shop-front of a Chatham street clothing dealer—all of the best goods are hung up outside.—*New York Times.*

Gold in Pittsburgh.

The names of those finding gold dollars in the Gold Soap will soon be published.

The Eads Jetties.

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—The *Republican* says the ship Pegassus, drawing eighteen feet eight inches, and the bark Alfo, eighteen feet nine inches, went to sea through Southwest Pass on Sunday without detention.

A petition to the Secretary of War was being circulated to-day, asking the removal of the Government dredge boat to South Pass to aid in procuring twenty feet, so that Captain Eads can obtain his first installment of pay from the Government. He claims that at high tide he has obtained fifteen feet six inches through the jetties to the Gulf. A counter petition is being circulated, setting forth that to remove the dredge boat from its present public labor to aid in a private enterprise, would embarras the public service, and that the Southwest Pass would fill up before the South Pass could be opened, and thus the commerce of New Orleans would be bottled up.

Buy White River

put up, now, in sealed bags. Best flour for the money in the United States.

☞ *Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—TO LOAN—$200,000 IN sums to suit, on first class city or county property. A. H. BAUMAN, 106 Fourth avenue. tf

WANTED—SETTEES—FIFTEEN OR twenty second-hand Settees for which a fair price will be paid. Address B., Commercial office.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO USE Abel's Vermin Exterminator. It has no equal for banishing Rats, Mice and Roaches. Sold by all druggists.

WANTED—A SODA WATER APPARATUS—Ten to Twenty Gallon Fountain. State condition, lowest price and where to be seen. Address T. P. WEEKS, Indiana, Pa.

WANTED — MOULDERS — STEADY work, full prices and prompt pay for good Stove Plate Moulders. Apply to CO-OPERATIVE STOVE COMPANY, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—HOUSE—TO RENT OR purchase good House of 8 or 9 Rooms, with all modern conveniences; lot not less than 50 feet front and 100 to 150 feet deep, in good neighborhood, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Nineteenth or Twentieth wards preferred. Address, stating price, location and all particulars, H. S. M., Lock Box 242, Pittsburgh Postoffice. MWS

WANTED—HELP—THREE FARM Hands, 1 Boy to drive, 1 middle aged colored Driver, a Man and Wife (no children) for farm, 2 married and 2 single Men for brickyard. Families can secure Cooks, Housegirls, Chambermaids, &c., on few hours' notice. Girls can secure all kinds of places at once. Four Gardeners and Drivers want work; 3 married Gardeners want places, all having best of reference. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, first door from Suspension Bridge.

WANTED—ONE

STEAM HAMMER,

from 300 to 500 lbs. One medium-sized

TRIPP HAMMER;

also,

PUNCH AND SHEAR

combined. Address

79 FIRST AVENUE.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—AT ONCE.

1 of $3,000, 2 or 3 years.
2 of $5,000, 2 or 3 years each.
1 of $1,500, 3 years.
2 of $1,000, 2 or 3 years each.
3 of $500, 2 or 3 years each.

THOS. K. PETTY,
158 Fourth avenue.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—NO. 10 Wood street. Inquire of J. ROBINSON, No. 27 Wood street. tf

FOR RENT—ROOM—A PLEASANT Second Story Front Room, furnished. No. 18 Federal street, city.

FOR RENT — WAREHOUSE — FROM April 1, 1876, the Brick Warehouse, No. 8 Wood street. Inquire of S. McKEE & CO., No. 62 Water street.

FOR RENT—LARGE STOREROOM—No. 14 Sixth street, at present occupied by the Wilson Sewing Machine Company. Apply to BISSELL & CO., 235 Liberty street.

FOR RENT—OFFICES—FINE OFFICES at No. 108 Fourth avenue. Offices are suitable for Insurance, Real Estate and other business. Inquire of W. S. MILLER, 160 Fourth avenue. tf

FOR RENT—4 NICE DWELLINGS—ON Hiland avenue, East End; large grounds, with fruit trees, etc; rent very low. Inquire of LOCKHART & FREW, 174 Wood street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES—TWO DWELLINGS of 5 rooms each, with finished attic and good cellar, both in good condition as to paint, paper, &c., on Center avenue. Rent low. Inquire at 154 Center avenue.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—NO. 116 Second avenue, between Wood and Smithfield streets; possession given April 1. Inquire of ROBERT C. ALBREE, No. 71 Wood street, corner Fourth avenue, or No. 84 Liberty street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS—Two communicating Rooms, second story, will be rented separately or together; suitable for gentlemens' sleeping apartments, in a private family and good neighborhood; rooms now vacant; can give respectable references. Address A. S., Lock Box 923.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A HANDSOME Brick Dwelling House, on Cliff street. Parlors, Diningroom and Kitchen on first floor; Gas, dry Cellar, 3 Bedrooms and finished Attic, Water and modern improvements. The Lot extends from street to street. Will be rented reasonable. Possession given immediately. For particulars apply to WM. EVANS, Commercial office.

FOR RENT OR SALE—HOUSE—FINE Dwelling of 11 Rooms, Marble Mantles, Gas, Water and all modern improvements, situated on Forty-fifth street, one square above Butler street. There is a large Yard, with good Stable and Carriage House; Grape Vines and Fruit Trees in full bearing. Rent low to a good tenant. Inquire of Mr. RICHARDS, at Alderman Mitchell's office, Forty-second and Butler streets.

FOR RENT — HOUSES — A FRAME dwelling house, five rooms, on Webster avenue, near Somers street; rent $10 per month. Also two brick dwelling houses of six rooms, hall and cellar, on Bedford avenue, near Erin street; rent $16. Also business stand on Penn avenue, near Fortieth street; rent $25. Dwelling on Center street, Sixteenth ward, four rooms; rent $12. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, 140 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT OR SALE—HOUSE—NEW two-story Frame House, with Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall; Water in Kitchen. Lot 45x200, with Grapevines, &c. Located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, near the proposed site for the new Incline Railway, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a good tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to E. ABEL, Commercial office.

FOR RENT—COUNTRY PROPERTY—Desirable Country Property, embracing large Dwelling, Stable, Spring House and 11 Acres of Ground, well stocked with Fruit Trees of choicest varieties. Nearly all of the land has southern exposure, and is well adapted for Gardening purposes. Situation—Eleventh ward, Allegheny, near Superior Station, Fort Wayne Railroad; also, Manchester street cars. Will rent for one year or a term of years. Possession at once. L. H. SMITH, 43 Sixth street.

ELECTION NOTICES.

☞ OFFICE MONONGAHELA WATER COMPANY.—The Annual Election of a President and Eight Managers of this Company will take place on TUESDAY, May 2d, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 12 M., at the Company's Office.

E. MOYE, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, S. S., April 15, 1876.

NOTICES.

☞ CENTENNIAL LODGING ROOMS.

Accommodation for Gentlemen Lodgers in newly fitted up Private Rooms. Apply at

A. LUTZ'S FURNITURE WAREROOMS,

TThs 121 South Eleventh Street, Philadelphia.

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN of the intention to apply for a Charter of Incorporation for the GAS FUEL COMPANY, a corporation to be formed under the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulations of certain incorporations," approved the 29th day of April A. D. 1874. The character and object of the corporation is the supply of light or heat to the public by means of natural gas.

ANDREW CARNEGIE,
JOSEPH DILWORTH,
WILLIAM CLARK & CO.,
PARK BROTHERS & CO.,
BROWN & CO.,
JAMES HEMPHILL.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY,
PITTSBURGH, April 1, 1876.

☞ IN PURSUANCE OF THE twenty-first section of an Act relative to Allegheny county, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the amendment of said section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I do hereby give notice that the duplicates for the several wards, boroughs and townships will be open, and I will be prepared to receive the

County, State and Poor Taxes

FOR 1876,

On and After the 1ST DAY OF MAY, 1876.

Said Taxes can be paid at this office until the 1ST DAY OF AUGUST, with

DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENT.

For prompt payment to all persons paying the whole amount of their Taxes.

There will be no reduction allowed during the month of August. There will be

TEN PER CENT. ADDED

To all Taxes remaining unpaid on the 1ST DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1876.

SAMUEL KILGORE,
Treasurer of Allegheny County.

Centennial Pennsylvania Military Academy, Chester, Pa.

These spacious buildings occupy an elevated site and commanding an extensive view of the Delaware river and surrounding country, will be opened during the summer vacation, commencing June 20, for the accommodation of visitors to the Exposition. Hourly trains direct to Centennial buildings—forty minutes' ride. Circulars on application.

HYATT & CARTER, Managers.

WESLEY COULTER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
No 236 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—FOUNDRY—A GOOD Brick Foundry and ½ Acre of Ground, Tools, Patterns, &c., cheap. Address immediately, W. M. HOYT, Perrysville, Ashland county, Ohio.

FOR SALE OR RENT—THE CITIZEN'S White Lead Works, corner of Forty-fifth and Railroad streets. Apply to JAMES CUDDY, Brewer's Block, Duquesne way.

FOR SALE—TWELVE NEW AND second-hand Engines, 2 Portables, 6 second-hand Engine Lathes, 1 Planer. T. CARLIN, corner of Lacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—LARGE STOCK OF NEW and good SECOND HAND BOILERS in complete order. County Inspector's certificate of test with each boiler. Repairing done promptly at the West Point Boiler Works, No. 13 Water street. R. MUNROE, Successor to WATSON & MUNROE.

FOR SALE—THE HAWKIN'S PATENT Improved Blower, for Rolling Mills, Forges, Furnaces, Planing Mills, &c. The best and cheapest made. Also, a full stock of Set and Cap Screws, Judson Governors, Belting and Manufacturers' Supplies, generally. M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—WILL SELL OR EXCHANGE 120 acres 1 mile from New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa.; also, 58¾ acres, 3½ miles from Beaver Falls; also, a Pottery, Dwelling and all fixtures, in Industry, for $1,600. Send for a Descriptive List of Properties for sale at my office, and call on or address EDWARD WITTISH, Beaver Falls; or, every Tuesday at No. 57 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—FLOUR & GRIST MILLS—In Wayne county, Indiana, 4 miles north of Richmond, on the middle branch of White Water; a good water power, three run of burrs, in the best of order, and as good a wheat country as there is in the State; good custom and a good trade established. One-half cash and the other half improved city property. For further information, at the mill, or by letter to the proprietor, OLIVER TRAMBLAY, Postoffice Box 969 Richmond, Indiana.

ASK YOUR GROCER

FOR

CALIFORNIA

FLOUR.

BUYERS

OF

SUITS, SACQUES

AND

WRAPS,

will find our present stock far surpassing that of former years. Our Garments embrace the newest dress fabrics, are made in the most approved Spring Styles, and are sold at prices to suit the times.

OUR CENTENNIAL WRAPS,

made of dark grey Mohair at $5, and of light grey Poplin at $4, are very popular. This is also true of a line of Cambric and Percale Dresses at from $5 00 to $7 50.

IN SILK SUITS,

we have Striped and Checked Silks at $45, $50, $60, and $65. Black and Colored Silks, with Fantacie Overdresses, from $65 to $150.

F. H. EATON & CO.,

NO. 25 FIFTH AVENUE.

TThs

INSURANCE.

SOLID INDEMNITY.

ASSETS.	
Atlas, Hartford -	$ 511,000
Glenn Falls, N. Y. -	750,000
Germania, N. Y. -	1,700,000
Gommercial, N. Y. -	525,000
Security, Conn. -	350,000
Penn Mut Life, Phila	6,000,000

Property Insured Against Fire or Loss or Damage by Lightning.

JOHN D. BIGGERT, AGENT,

61 Fourth Avenue.

ICE!

CHAUTAUQUA LAKE ICE CO.

Commencing April 1, 1876,

With No Advance During the Season.

OFFICE 20TH AND R. R. STS.

	Per week.		
10 lbs per day, 6 deliveries....	$ 70;	7 del....	$ 80
15 lbs per day, 6 deliveries....	1 05;	7 del....	1 20
20 lbs per day, 6 deliveries....	1 40;	7 del....	1 60
25 lbs per day, 6 deliveries....	1 80;	7 del....	2 10
30 lbs per day, 6 deliveries....	2 15;	7 del....	2 50
35 lbs per day, 6 deliveries....		7 del....	2 90
40 lbs per day, 6 deliveries....		7 del....	3 25

50 lbs to 100 lbs per day, or not less than 350 lbs per week, $1 00 per cwt.
100 lbs to 200 lbs per day, or not less than 700 lbs per week, 80 cents per cwt.
200 lbs to 300 lbs per day, or not less than 1,400 lbs per week, 70 cents.
300 lbs to 500 lbs per day, or not less than 2,100 lbs per week, 60 cents per cwt.
500 lbs to 2,000 lbs per day, or not less than 3,500 lbs per week, 50 cents per cwt.
50 lbs twice per week, 80 cents per cwt.
100 lbs twice per week, and over, 75 cents per cwt.
Ice will not be served by us to parties whose Ice is stopped on account of non-payment.

FOR SALE.

FIRE PROOF SAFE,

IN GOOD ORDER.

APPLY AT THIS OFFICE.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Mansfield & Co., was dissolved on the 3d day of April, 1876, by the death of John S. Lloyd. The business will be continued at the old stand, No. 13 Second avenue, by Edward Mansfield and John B. Bissonnette, under the name of MANSFIELD & CO.

Pittsburgh, April 3, 1876.

FOR SALE,

VALUABLE HOTEL PRIVILEGES.

ATLAS HOTEL,

Fifty-second & Elm Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

(Western entrance of Centennial Exhibition Grounds.)

ACCOMMODATES 4,000 GUESTS.

The Atlas Hotel Company (limited) will receive separate proposals up to and including April 25, 1876, for the purchase of each of the following

VALUABLE PRIVILEGES,

At the Atlas Hotel, for the Centennial Season:

Restaurant, Billiard Room for Six Tables,
Cigar Stand, News and Stationery Stand,
Soda Water, General Furnishing Store,
Barber Shops, Ice Cream, Cakes, &c.,
Bath Rooms, Drug Store,
Baggage and Boot Stands.

Call at the Hotel Building 3 to 5 P. M., if desiring to see locations. The Company reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Address, by mail,

JOHN CRUMP,
Atlas Hotel Company—Limited,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ESTATE OF WM. B. SCAIFE, DECEASED. Letters testamentary upon the Estate of WM. B. SCAIFE, late of the city of Allegheny, Allegheny county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and all persons who have claims or demands against said Estate will make known the same without delay to

OLIVER P. SCAIFE,
CHAS. C. SCAIFE,
LAURESTON E. SCAIFE,
Executors.

Tu No. 119 First avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss. At Pittsburgh, the 4th day of June, A. D. 1875.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JOHN L. MILLS, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street.

Tu

Groceries! Cheese! Seed!

Keystone Flour Gives Entire Satisfaction!

Allen Kirkpatrick & Co.,

Wholesale Grocers and Seed Dealers,

271 Liberty Street.

WRAPPING PAPER

AND

GROCERS' BAGS.

Of all sizes to suit the trade. Liberal Discount given to large buyers.

GODFREY & CLARK,

270 LIBERTY STREET.

TF

WROUGHT IRON RAILINGS AND FENCES,

FOR GARDENS, OFFICES, CEMETERIES, &c.

WIRE WINDOW GUARDS.

LAUDERBACH & CO.,

33 and 34 Water Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,

50 TO 60 THIRD AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA. BETWEEN MARKET & FERRY STS.

WROUGHT AND CAST IRON PIPE, | MALLEABLE AND CAST IRON FITTINGS,
BRASS AND IRON VALVES AND COCKS, | LUBRICATORS, WHISTLES, TOOLS &C.

GUM HOSE AND PACKING AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES

ROLLING MILLS, BLAST FURNACES, COAL AND COKE WORKS
OIL REFINERIES AND MANUFACTORIES GENERALLY,
PROMPTLY FITTED UP BY EXPERIENCED WORKMEN.

MTh

FATTENING! INVIGORATING!

BARON VON LIEBIG'S

LIQUID

MEAT

EXTRACT.

One wineglass containing the nutriment of one-half pound of Fresh Beef. This is the only Extract ready for use with all the benefits of the solid Extract without its nauseating effects.

CONTAINS ONLY

Pure Sherry Wine and Beef.

Endorsed by all prominent physicians.

CAUTION.—See that the Liquid Extract is in pint bottles, white and gold labels.

PRICE, $1 PER BOTTLE.

☞ All Druggists, Grocers and Hotels have it.

U. S. DEPOT:

C. H. EVANS & CO.,

107 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—WHOLESALE AGENTS.—Applications only received from reliable Wholesale Houses.

A RARE CHANCE

To Enter a Well Established

Teaming Business,

WITH WORK FOR 50 OR 60 HEAD OF HORSES.

I offer for sale my entire stock of

HORSES, WAGONS and HARNESS,

TOGETHER WITH THE HAULING. My business embraces hauling for the following firms:

SOHO IRON MILLS AND BLAST FURNACE,
EVERSON, MACRUM & CO.,
JACOBUS & NIMICK MANUFACTURING CO.,
C. G. HUSSEY & CO.,
HUSSEY & CO.,
F. ALDEN,
HUBBARD, BAKEWELL & CO.,
And other transient work.

I will sell as a whole, or as many Horses and Wagons as will do the work of any of the above places separate with the Hauling, or all the Wagons and Harness with all Hauling, with whatever number of Horses desired.

As I am quitting to enter other business, the sale will be positive. For particulars inquire or address

JOHN BOYD,
FOUNTAIN STREET.

I will offer at Public Sale on APRIL 18th, 25 head of good Draught Horses and Mules. Any person desirous of purchasing can call and see them, and may select from over 60 head, and have any Horse or Mule they may desire put up on day of sale. Among the lot there is a very heavy half-bred English Stallion and one very handsome Canadian Mare, both jet black; one very safe family Mare; also, some very fine heavy half and three-quarter bred English Horses and Mares. Will sell some Wagons and Harness, if desired. Sale will take place at the Stable on Fountain street, at 10 o'clock.

JOHN BOYD.

FIRE ASSOCIATION,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

INCORPORATED 1820.

Cash Assets Jan. 1, 1876, $3,561,932 34

This Old and Reliable Company

INSURES FROM LOSS BY FIRE,

AT EQUITABLE RATES.

Losses in Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia adjusted and paid by

SWEARINGEN & McCANDLESS,
GENERAL AGENTS,
94 Fourth Avenue.

UNIVERSAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

17 and 19 Warren Street, N. Y.

Statement, January 1st, 1876.

Accumulated Assets . . .	$5,491,635
Gross Liabilities, including reserve	4,834,182
Surplus Jan. 1st, 1876 .	657,453
Annual Income	3,391,645
Policies issued dur'g 1875.	6,408
Amount of new Insurance .	14,575,219
Amount of Ins. in force . .	35,907,240

OFFICERS.

WILLIAM WALKER, President.
HENRY J. FURBER, Vice President.
JOHN H. BEWLEY, Secretary.
GEORGE L. MONTAGUE, Actuary.
EDWARD W. LAMBERT, Medical Examiner.

AGENCY DEPARTMENT.

CHARLES P. GRIFFIN, General Manager.
SAMUEL I. KNIGHT, Superintendent.

MRS. S. S. BAIR'S

MERCHANTS' DINING ROOMS,

NO. 148 THIRD AVENUE,

(Second door from Central Hotel, above Smithfield street). Now open and fully prepared to accommodate the public. Meals sent to offices promptly, regularly and punctually.

DAY BOARDING at reasonable rate?

ALPHABETICAL BUSINESS DIRECTORY

CONTAINING CARDS OF

First Class Establishments, in all branches of Business, in Pittsburgh

Apothecaries.
S. S. Holland.....cor. Liberty and Smithfield sts.
Ferd. A. Abel............................172 Wylie ave.
Architects.
Boyd & Gamble.........................261 Liberty st.
Drum & Steen...n. e. cor. Wood st. & Fifth ave.
Agricultural Implements.
Scobie, Reed & Smith...................137 Liberty st.
Artificial Limbs.
Artificial Limb Mfg. Co., 279 Penn, near 9th st.
Advertising Agents.
J. Weaver & Co.........................116 Smithfield st.
Attorneys-at-Law.
J. H. Stevenson..........................104 Fifth ave.
Bridge Works.
Iron City Bridge Works..Office, 55 Smithfield st.
Boots and Shoes.
J. H. Borland & Co., 53 & 55 Wood, & 95 5th av.
Broker in Stocks and Bonds.
Geo. B. Hill...............................109 Fourth ave.
Belting.
Thorp & Co., No. 144 Water street, dealers in Leather and Rubber Belting, Hose and Oils, of every description.
Banks.
Allegheny National.....................33 Fifth ave.
Central..47 Fifth ave.
Pittsburgh Bank for Savings......61 Fourth ave.
Commission Merchants.
Elwood & McCracken, Commission Merchants and dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds and Wool, 365 Liberty street.
Robt. F. Weddell..........................347 Liberty st.
Carriage Manufacturers.
Louis Glesenkamp & Co., successors to C. West & Co., 75, 77, 79 Liberty st. and 92 Penn ave.
Champagne, Wines and Liquors.
B. H. Lubbers.............................386 Fifth vae.
Dentists.
Greenawalt & Nelson.....................11 Wylie ave
Dyeing and Scouring.
M. May........56 Sixth ave., above Smithfield st.
Furniture.
Close, Schoeneck & Co...Penn ave. and Tenth st.
James Milliken & Co....................89 Smithfield st.
Foundries.
Totten & Co....Twenty-fourth and Railroad sts.
A. Garrison & Co...........................33 Wood st.
Fences, Wrought Iron.
Lauderbach & Co.................33 and 34 Water st.
Gold, Silver and Nickel Plating.
Walter E. Hague.................136 and 138 Wood st.
Gold Leaf and Walnut Frames.
J. H. Miller..................................70 Fifth ave.
Hotels.
Central...Second to Third ave., on Smithfield st.
Union Depot Hotel...........................Union Depot.
Saint James...............403, 405 and 407 Liberty st.
House and Sign Painters.
John T. Gray..................................84 Diamond st.
Wesley Coulter................................236 Penn ave.
John D. McFarland..........................78 Fourth ave.
Iron Fences.
Lewis, Oliver & Phillips....91 & 93 Water street.
Insurance Offices.
Manufacturers and Merchants'..........87 Wood st.
Western..............cor. Fifth ave. and Wood st.
Monongahela.....cor. Wood st. and Fourth ave.
Citizens'.......................................96 Fourth av.
People's......................................100 Fourth ave.
Lubricating Oils.
Grim Brothers, Excelsior Oils......236 Penn ave.
Lamps.
J. P. Smith, Son & Co...................189 Liberty st.
Leather and Shoe Findings.
Daniel Kinzer..............................50 Smithfield st.
Merchant Tailors.
Walter Anderson..................................1 Fifth ave.
Henry Smith & Sons.........................98 Wylie ave.
Marble Works.
John Wilkins, Jr.............................295 Penn ave.
Mantles, Furnaces and Grates.
L. H. Smith & Co...............................49 Sixth st.
Mechanical Photographers.
J. T. Bassford......10½ Sixth st. (late St. Clair).
Notions and Trimmings.
Rosenbaum & Co., 78 and 80 Market st. Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Gent's Furnishing Goods a specialty. Buy and sell close for cash only.
Newspapers.
The Commercial.....Fifth ave. and Smithfield st.
Printers, Stationers, &c.
S. Reed Johnston & Co...Wood st., cor. Liberty.
Printers and Blank Book Makers.
Bakewell & Marthens.......................71 Grant st.
W. P. Bennett...n. e. cor. Wood st. and 4th ave.
A. Matthias, 9 and 11 Seventh st., (Late Irwin.)
Pork Packers.
Reese Owens & Co...........................21 Seventh ave.
Wm. B. Hays & Son.........281 and 283 Liberty st.
Photographers.
Trevor McClurg ....3 and 4 Sixth st.
Patent Agents.
A. C. Johnston.................................92 Diamond st.
Planing Mill and Lumber.
S. Logan......................cor. Penn and 26th sts.
Queensware Manufacturers.
E. Webster & Co. L. S. Layton, Agt., 335 Liberty
Real Estate Agents.
H. R. McClellan...............................186 Liberty st.
C. Berringer.................................116 Smithfield st.
Isaac M. Pennock.............................114 Fourth ave.
John A. Carothers.....102 Fourth ave., 2d floor.
Railroads.
Pennsylvania Railroad.....................Union Depot.
Pgh., Cin. & St. L. R. R....................Union Depot.
Pgh., Ft. W. & Chicago R. R..............Union Depot.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.............Union Depot.
Allegheny Valley R. R.......................Union Depot.
Pgh. & Connellsville R. R....Grant & Water sts.
Steam Lithographic Printing.
Armor, Feurhake & Co........26 and 28 Sixth st.
Silk Hat Manufacturers.
J. McKain......................................180 Wood st.
Stoves, &c.
H. Anshutz & Son.............................214 Liberty st.
Sash, Door and Blind Factors.
Amos Lewis......cor. Seventh ave. and Grant st.
Steel Stamps and Stencils.
John D. Matthews..............................73 Third ave.
W. A. Bunting, Agent..........................184 Liberty st.
Stuffed Birds and Animals.
J. D. Shaw, Taxidermist....................935 Penn ave.
Steam Pump Manufacturers.
Epping, Carpenter & Co...cor. Penn and 28d st.
Steel Manufacturers.
Singer, Nimick & Co..............................83 Water st.
Park, Bro. & Co....Thirty-first and Railroad sts.
Anderson & Woods..cor. Ross st. and First ave.
Pittsburgh Steel Casting Co. 26th & Railroad sts.
Stock and Bond Broker.
Alexander [illegible]chner...............86 Fourth ave.
Toys and Fancy Goods.
Grove & Bair, Dealer in Notions, Toys, Fancy Goods, Baskets, Satchels, Children's Carriages, Brushes, &c., 129 Wood street.
Vermin Exterminator.
Chas. Abel & Co., manufacturer.....Pittsburgh.
Wax Flower Shades.
W. C. Armor....................................53 Ninth st.
Wholesale Clothiers.
Kaufman, Oppenheimer & Co.....233 Liberty st.
Wholesale Grocers.
Watt, Lang & Co.............172 and 174 Wood st.
Wood Turning and Stair Building.
W. H. Roessle & Co..953 Penn ave., near 26th st.

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

59 FOURTH AVENUE.

ASSETS $ 40,443,395.99.

SURPLUS $ 3,916,531.48

DIVIDENDS 1874 $3,037,872.83.

G. S. CARRIER, Gen. Agent.

The Commercial.

TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1876.

AN EXCHANGE says: "DANA, of the New York *Sun*, will be on view with other articles of vertu at the Centennial." Not unless Hon. WILLIAM H. KEMBLE, of Philadelphia, consents.

THERE was once a quarryman who nursed an imperfect fuse until it fizzed up into his face, spoiling his complexion, but not affecting the blast which it was to set off. A similar mishap seems to affect the concoctors of the BLAINE story.

INDICATIONS of war between China and Japan increase and thicken. When the shock, which now seems inevitable, comes, we hope the latter country will win. If bravery, patriotism, and common sense decide the contest, she surely will.

THERE appears to be a still greater business depression and a greater number and amount of mercantile failures in other countries than the United States, and this seems particularly true in regard to the countries that are on what is called "a specie basis." This is an interesting problem for the study of political economists.

THEY have a THORNTON, out in Chicago, who is in trouble, politically, as well as our THORNTON; but the Chicago THORNTON's offense differs from that of our Democratic specimen of that name. The charge against him is that of wholesale ballot-box stuffing. If he is indicted for it he can put in the plea that he did it all in a joke.

SOME of the Democratic papers are beginning to express themselves fearful that their friends in the House have made a mistake in pushing the impeachment of BELKNAP. They are afraid that his conviction would increase the Republican vote. The Cincinnati *Enquirer* and St. Louis *Republican* are both in this category.

THERE is a movement on foot among the Spanish speaking residents of New York, to celebrate the anniversary of the birth of CERVANTES, which will occur on the 23d instant. CERVANTES was the man who, according to BYRON, "laughed Spain's chivalry away." At least that country hasn't shown any knightliness to boast of, since he died.

THE Ohio Legislature spent three months in passing twenty-four general laws and then adjourned. The Pennsylvania Legislature is in its fourth month, and has not yet passed half a dozen general laws of any importance. Its principal business, now, is in determining how many Democratic members were implicated in taking bribes on the Boom bill.

THE Democratic party in Indiana is in the midst of a great struggle over the nomination of a candidate for Governor, whom they have no prospect of electing. The State Convention will be held to-morrow. The principal contest is between HOLMAN and LANDERS, with the chances in favor of the former, though the selection of a compromise candidate is by no means impossible.

THE President has signed the act of Congress to provide for selling coupon bonds at five days' notice to meet judgments of the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims, and yesterday the Secretary of the Treasury gave the requisite notice that he would sell about six million dollars of coupon five per cent. bonds of the funding loan. Payments under awards already made will commence May 1st, and the interest at four per cent. will run up to that time.

CONGRESSMAN PIERCE, of Massachusetts, is interesting himself in the passage of a national law to control immigration, and at the same time to allow the States to regulate the introduction of paupers and other doubtful persons. A joint movement for such a law will be made by New York and a few other States which receive many immigrants and thus have to support many paupers. Pennsylvania is one of these Commonwealths, and ought to have its share in framing legislation at Washington on this subject.

The Philadelphia *North American* holds that the reason why European trade has not concentrated more at Boston, is the absence of great through lines of trade with the West. There is a good deal of truth in it, too; but so long as the merchants of that city are too picayunish to contribute half a million dollars for the erection of the Poughkeepsie bridge, which would give the Hub a direct outlet to the great West, it would be a mere waste of sympathy to condole with them. Revolutionary Boston has become simply resolutionary.

MR. SMITH, of New Hampshire, Journal Clerk of the House of Representatives at Washington, says that when he issued circulars announcing himself as a claim agent for the collection of soldiers' bounties under the act to equalize bounties now before the House, he fully intended to resign his place as Journal Clerk, so as not to hold both positions at once. This may all be true; but he fully intended, all the same, to hold on to his place in the House while the bill was pending, and to use the influence of his place to pass a bill in which he was personally interested. As to his purpose of resigning that is clearly an afterthought. "Few die," as JEFFERSON said, "and no one resigns."

TILDEN baited his hook and went a fishing for the Presidency, and lo! he has caught a bite. It is in the form of a trenchant arraignment by a late political associate, a superior officer of the New York police force, and it openly charges the "model reform Governor" with "official perjury," shows him to have been an associate with OAKES AMES, a partner of TWEED, a bogus reformer, an unprincipled Executive, an opposer of constitutional reform, a prince of dissemblers, a ring speculator, and a dishonorable dealer in railroad funds, all of which matter is supplemented with substantial proofs. It does not necessarily follow, however, that these lurid revelations will militate against TILDEN's chances for the nomination.

A BILL has just been introduced in the New York Legislature which embraces an excellent idea, and might with eminent propriety be enacted into law in every State in the Union. It provides that any teacher who has been employed for an aggregate period of thirty years in any free school, high school, normal school or college in the State, which is supported wholly by public funds, may, with the consent of the Board of Education or other governing body, be retired from active service, upon an annual life pension, to be determined by such Board of Education, but not to be less than one-half of the yearly salary received at the time of retirement. In case of a female teacher, twenty-five years of service shall entitle such teacher to participate in the benefits of the act. The measure has the hearty sanction of the Regents of the University and the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

THIS is the era of scandal. Every liar who can concoct a plausible story is summoned to Washington to testify, and the lie travels from Maine to Texas while Truth is putting his boots on. The idea entertained at Washington by the Democratic leaders is the same as that which was inculcated many years ago by Father RITCHIE, of the Richmond *Enquirer*, upon the Virginia Democratic editors who waited upon him to learn what was to be the keynote of a then approaching campaign. The veteran RITCHIE boiled it all down into two words—"throw mud." "But suppose," said one of the party he thus addressed, "that the mud will not stick?" "Keep on throwing it," answered RITCHIE, "*some* of it will be sure to stick." This is the entire basis of the hope which animates the present generation of mudthrowers. They know that they are in a dirty business, but the consciousness that some of the filth they throw will be sure to stick keeps their spirits alive, and the moment one lie of theirs is exploded, they fling abroad a new one to take its place.

IT IS now said that the recent circular of the Treasury Department, virtually excluding newspaper correspondents from that Department, was foisted upon Secretary BRISTOW by the chief of the Customs Bureau, in order to cover up the administration of his office, and in revenge for the criticisms to which he has been subjected on account of a number of silly decisions that for a time threatened to make the Centennial Exhibition a failure. In order to overcome the expensive delays that this man has unnecessarily imposed upon foreign exhibitors, the Centennial Commissioners have, it appears, assumed the responsibility of paying some fifty thousand dollars to offset this trouble, so that no foreign exhibitor need pay for placing his goods in position. There were a number of threats, some of which were executed, that unless he took the back track, the goods should not be unloaded from the steamers; and even now it is said to be a work of the utmost difficulty for a foreign exhibitor to get possession of his machinery, etc. The Secretary of the Treasury should do two things, if he would stand well with the people: rescind the obnoxious order without delay, and put a man with common sense at the head of the Customs Bureau of his Department.

AN INTERESTING bit of history relating to the infamous career of the rebel pirate SEMMES is furnished by a correspondent of the Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser*, in connection with the recent award of $63,000 to the owner of the American vessel Brilliant, for the destruction of that ship by the Alabama, and of $11,750 to the master of the vessel, for loss on the same. On the morning of October 3, 1862, the pirate steamer fell in with the Brilliant and the Emily Farnum. Both captains were ordered on board the Alabama with their papers. They went into the presence of Captain SEMMES in his cabin. The papers of the Emily Farnum were found correct. Her cargo was owned in England, and the pirate did not dare to destroy her. So he determined to put his prisoners, from other ships which he had burned, some sixty in number, besides the crews of the two ships then under the guns of the Alabama, on board the Emily Farnum and burn the Brilliant. Going on deck, SEMMES announced his determination. Captain HAGER, of the Brilliant, had been anxiously awaiting, on the deck of the Alabama, the decision of his captor. When he heard the announcement HAGER stepped forward and said: "Captain SEMMES, down in a little town on Cape Cod, in Massachusetts, I have a wife and family dependent on me for a living. All I have in the world is in that ship. I am part owner. If she is destroyed I am a ruined man. At my age I can never repair the loss, and myself and family will be beggars. It will do you no good to burn her. To me and mine she is our all. I beg you not to destroy her." To this manly and touching appeal the pirate only returned an insulting refusal, and Captain HAGER had to submit to see his beautiful ship wantonly destroyed before his eyes. The several crews, nearly a hundred men, were huddled on board the Emily Farnum, to lay there and see the Brilliant burn down to the water's edge. Captain SEMMES coolly says, in his Book of Memoirs:

"I was much moved by the entreaties of the master of the Brilliant to spare his ship—he was a hardworking seaman, who owned a third interest in her. He had built her, and was attached to her, and she represented all his wordly goods. But I was forced to steel my heart. He was like the other masters who had remonstrated with me in the same boat—with the political rascals who had egged on the war—and I told him he must look to those rascals for redress. The ship made a brilliant bonfire, lighting up the gulf stream for many miles around—having set fire to her near night, and the wind falling to nearly a calm. We remained in sight of the burning wreck nearly all night."

He further says:

"The owners of the Brilliant have since put in a claim in that little bill, which Mr. Seward has pressed with so little effect hitherto against the British Government for indemnity for the '*depredations of the Alabama*,' for the ship alone and the freights and moneys which they lost by her destruction to the amount of $93,000. The cargo was even more valuable than the ship."

And now after nearly sixteen years have passed away, Captain HAGER receives from the American Government, as trustee, through her constituted Court of Claims, the money paid on that very account by the British Government, as his moiety of the "depredations of the Alabama," whose pirate commander now spends his days in cursing like a drab the very Government to whose clemency he owes the continuation of his worthless life.

THE better classes of Chicago will to-day have perhaps the fiercest tussle at the polls with the dangerous element of that great city, so progressive in everything but social order, they have ever known. The honest element of almost every city is doubtless thoroughly capable of dominance when forced to a practical assertion of its power; and these repeatedly recurring crises in municipal affairs, such as Chicago is now experiencing, are rather due to the fact that the duties of citizenship are in the main neglected by those who alone are properly qualified to discharge them, and to the consequential fact that the prerogatives of the local governments thus easily and naturally pass into the hands of corrupt demagogues, who first acquire position insiduously, and then, "by the cohesive power of public plunder," hold the lesser thieves and political bummers to the not difficult work of controlling the populace in their common interest. Once masters of the situation, they are only dislodged by repeated assaults of the better class of citizens, forced to united action by gigantic frauds on the public treasury, by official corruption in general, and by such usurpations of power as threaten the permanent loss of their liberties. No thoughtful citizen, however, can afford to lose sight of the fact that there is demoralization in violence, even when enlisted on the side of right; that it is opposed alike to private and public morality, and that it is therefore a danger to free institutions, which should be avoided by an habitual attention to the duties of citizenship on the part of all. If the present crisis in Chicago shall have the effect to drive home this plain but vital truth to the hearts of her people, it will be well.

THE case of the millionaire, A. T. STEWART, is another illustration of the folly of postponing the good intentions which wealthy men often entertain during their lifetime as to the disposition to be made of their estates. Mr. STEWART, who was in many respects a great man, and in all his benevolent purposes a good man, projected many schemes for the good of the community, during his lifetime; but, notwithstanding the wisdom of these projects, he shrunk from the task of putting them into shape or of completing them out of the means always at his command. He talked them over with his wife and with Judge HILTON, and fully contemplated doing something towards completing them before he died; but he put them off, from time to time, probably because he was overworked, and possibly because he was unwilling to part with the capital they would require; until finally he gave up altogether the idea of doing anything in the matter while he lived, and wrote his will so as to leave to his wife and Judge HILTON the duty of doing what he should have done himself. His executors doubtless know the outlines of the benefactions he proposed; but no one can carry them out in detail as well as he could have done had he followed out the purposes of his mind. Benefactions made during life are always better accomplished by the donor than similar benefactions made by will; and that benevolence which depends upon the discretion of executors is sure to fall far short of the original intention.

PERSONAL.

Hon. John S. Payne, a full-blooded African, and a native of Richmond, Va., has been elected Governor of Liberia. He is one of the ablest and most esteemed citizens of the Republic, and has been a minister of the Liberian Congress for twenty years.

The celebrated "Singing Pilgrim," Philip Phillips, has joined hands with a British evangelist named Thoburn, whom he met in India, and the two are jointly prosecuting their labors after the manner of Moody and Sankey. They are now operating in the Corinthian Theater in Calcutta and draw congregations limited only by the capacity of the building.

Here is something new. A young man named Dick started from Council Bluffs, Iowa, on Saturday, to walk to Philadelphia by the aid of one leg and a crutch. He will pass through Des Moines, Davenport, Chicago, Toledo, Sandusky, Cleveland, Pittsburgh and Harrisburg. He is confident he can accomplish the feat, and as to speed he thinks he can altogether distance the present Democratic Congress.

The last soldier of Lee's army passed through Raleigh, one day last week. His name is George Harris, of Mobile, Ala., a member of the Third Alabama Regiment. He was wounded and taken prisoner at Winchester. In consequence of the wound his leg was amputated below the knee, but, failing to heal up, it was operated on several times, afterwards, compelling him to remain in hospital from the time he was taken prisoner until a few days ago.

A new book has just been published in London by the American Princess Agnes of Salm-Salm, widow of Prince Felix of Salm-Salm, who, after serving in our civil war and as chief of staff under Emperor Maximilian in Mexico, was killed at the head of his regiment of Prussian Guards at the battle of Gravelotte, in 1870. The Princess Agnes was a Miss Leclerc, of Maryland, and her book, which is entitled "Ten Years of My Life," is said to be both lively and interesting.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Babcock is still in public life, President Grant, and you are responsible for it.

Immense deposits of copper ore have recently been discovered in New Mexico.

"Small Talk" uses too many sesquepidation words to express his starveling ideas.

The Hoosier Democrats will sound their pig-whistle in State Convention to-morrow.

The Governor of Iowa has appointed a woman to act as chaplain of the State penitentiary.

The Second Minnesota district has a Congressman named Straight. He is a straight Republican.

A great many people recognize the duty of taking each other's part, and if they can do it they will.

This returned Samoan fowl is decidedly unwelcome to Babcock, and is likely to prove a very annoying bird.

The recently ceded territory in Central Asia is to be utilized by Russia by introducing and developing the cultivation of cotton.

The total amount of silver in the United States Treasury is not far from $14,000,000, all of which is available for the redemption of currency.

Don't fret; it only adds to your burden. To work hard is very well, but to work hard and worry too is more than human nature can bear.

Talking of silver, if silence is golden there is not much of that metal lying around among the Democratic candidates for the Presidency.

Dr. Mudd, of Wilkes Booth fame, has been elected to the Maryland Senate as a Republican, and the Democratic press is flinging mud at him.

There is a steadily increasing demand for "type writers," both on home and foreign account. The factory is now employing sixteen hundred hands.

Homelessness. The average number of people who have nightly sought a refuge in the station-houses of New York during this year has thus far been 866.

Among the treasures recently brought to light in Pompeii is a silver altar, on which were placed two silver cups and spoons, the latter precisely like those now used.

The Centennial people want nothing at the Exhibition which may recall the late war. Perhaps the one-armed and one-legged men bad better stay at home.

A Connecticut school committee man, of strong republican tendencies, took occasion, in a recent address to the children, to mention the lion as *president* of beasts.

The Upper Missouri river is now open, and steamers have begun to move, adventurers and their outfits for the Black Hills forming a goodly proportion of the lading.

So Senator Sharon has gone home, and will not return again this session. Absenteeism in Congress is becoming a marked abuse, which ought to be corrected.

There are 3,500,000 cattle in Texas, and as many more on the plans. The drive this year will number 350,000 head. This means four or five millions of dollars sent to Texas.

Barnum has organized a new show. To convey it he has 100 patent solid steel railroad cars, all his own, and to carry it on he employs 1,100 persons and 600 horses and ponies.

A Massachusetts paper company recently wound an unbroken sheet of paper four miles long and weighing half a ton. It is to be sent to Alex. H. Stephens for paragraphic uses.

The bill lately introduced in the California Legislature to compel newspaper editors to append their names to articles written by them has been defeated. It was a preposterous measure.

The United States Secret Service is making a hot and effective war on the counterfeiters throughout the country. At this time there are only three counterfeit plates in existence.

The Pennsylvania Bible Society is erecting, on the Centennial Exhibition grounds a neat building, where the Scriptures will be furnished in every leading language. This is a wise thought.

Bishop Cummins, of the Reformed Episcopal Church, in a recent address before a Sunday school in Baltimore, is represented as saying: "If you take the rind off us you will find us Methodist within."

Good. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue proposes to break up the abuse of revenue officers absenting themselves from their posts to the detriment of the service, by stopping their pay while absent.

Massachusetts proposes to tax the property of churches and religious societies, but will allow each society to hold $12,000 worth of property without taxation; a discrimination as absurd as it is arbitrary.

How shiftless. More than two and a half millions of sheep are annually shorn of their fleeces in Texas, and there is but one factory of any pretensions in the State to work up these millions of pounds of wool.

The "Dare to do Right" temperance movement is sweeping through New England with the force of a tidal wave. It is not only making sober fishermen on the coast, but also sober farmers in the interior.

Rip Van Winkle's demons of the Catskills seem to have transferred themselves to the Highlands of the Hudson, where continous earth-eruptions and unearthly noises are scaring the people out of their senses.

The Moody and Sankey revival services in New York close to-morrow. They have preached and sung enough to give the entire clergy of that city a bronchitis that suggests Europe, but they appear to be hale and hearty as ever.

Anybody can tell you what you ought to do, but he alone stirs you to do it who is trying to do it himself. During the war an impassioned speaker who said "Go," was hissed down, while the man who said "Come," was loudly applauded.

Three Unitarian churches in Boston are now occupied by Roman Catholics, one by Presbyterians, one by Baptists, and one Universalist church by Baptists and another by Jews. Liberal Christianity does not seem to hold on to property as it does to people in that city.

The Memphis *Avalanche* says the demand this spring for meat, lard and corn from the Southern farmers is not now one-fifth as large as last spring. Should they keep up this system for five years they will get out of debt, and be perhaps the most prosperous class of producers in the country.

Taxation of Church Property.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

From time immemorial church edifices, and the ground upon which they stand, have been exempted from taxation. Recently, however, the question as to whether such property ought to be so exempted has been opened, and many people strenuously urge that it ought not to be exempt. In the Legislature of New York, now in session, the propriety of taxing such property was earnestly advocated before the Committee of Ways and Means, but I know not that a bill to do so was framed.

This movement drew out a letter from ex-Governor Dix, of that State, addressed to Orlando Meads, Esq., of Albany, which is published, in which he takes the strongest ground in opposition. He sets out by saying that "it is virtually a proposition to tax the worship of Almighty God. No one," he says, "objects to the taxation of property devoted to secular uses. It is the imposition of taxes on houses of worship that is so objected to as a profanation of that which should be held sacred."

Further on in his letter the Governor says: "No movement has given such encouragement and comfort to unbelievers, who would create every possible impediment to the progress of Christian teaching as this proposal to tax church edifices. Sectarian discussions have succeeded in driving religious instruction out of the public schools; and now cupidity and unbelief would break down the Sunday schools by pecuniary impositions upon the edifices in which they are held."

There are some who contend that a specified valuation should be exempted, and that all beyond that should be subjected to the same rates of taxation as other property. Let us hear how Governor Dix meets that point. He says:

"Some of the abettors of this movement have had the magnanimity to let us understand that they are ready to compromise with the Sovereign Ruler. They will make reasonable concessions. They will allow one thousand dollars of the value of each of his churches to be exempt from taxation, and only exact of him payment on the residue. They may, perhaps, go so far as to allow them two thousand dollars—as much as it would cost a well-to-do farmer to house his horses and his horned cattle."

This point, which the old statesman treats so caustically, is at least worthy of discussion, and I think the true standpoint from which to view it is the fact that a church edifice, whether it cost one thousand dollars or a hundred thousand, yields no pecuniary revenue to those who invested their money in it. This is equally true whether the pews be free or subject to an annual rental; for the latter method is only one way of providing for the current expenses of maintaining the public worship in the edifice. The money so made never finds its way into the pockets of those who contributed to the erection of the building. In a pecuniary sense, therefore, a church edifice is removed out of the category of what we call property, just as much as is a highway or a street. It belongs practically to everybody and exclusively to nobody. Its title, to be sure, is vested in an association or corporation, as the case may be, so that it may be properly cared for. It is solemnly dedicated to the worship of Almighty God, and its doors are open to all who see proper to enter it and enjoy its benefits. In this it differs from the theater, the opera, the lecture hall, where admission fees are exacted, and also from schools of every grade where tuition fees are paid.

A church edifice is better entitled to exemption from taxation than are the public parks of a city; for, while the first costs tax payers, as such, nothing—being the free-will offerings of those who wished to have it—the other often costs tax payers heavily, while both are equally accessible to all who choose to enjoy them.

The erection of church edifices is indeed a self-imposed tax on a comparatively few for the benefit of the many. They add to the marketable value of all kinds of property in their neighborhood, whether farms or town lots or dwellings. This is a fact well known to dealers in real estate, one that is often on their tongues; and no question is more frequently asked by men desirous of purchasing homes for themselves and families. Men utterly irreligious well understand this and often contribute to the erection of churches from no higher motive than to give greater value to contiguous property. When some shrewd and active men, as worldly as men could be, a few years ago laid out the town of Pueblo, in Colorado, on a large and liberal scale, beside an old trading post which had borne that name, they said, "Now, we must have a church, so that our town shall have something to attract people to it." A subscription was started and everybody contributed. The necessary amount was soon made up for the erection, and the work was done. Then they sent for good Bishop Spalding to come down from Denver and consecrate it. He did so, and gave them a missionary rector, and the church was organized, though there was not a single church member in the first vestry. That church is still going on, and is not only a blessing to the place, but the town lots and buildings are worth more to-day than they would be were it not there. There are several other church edifices there now. But that shrewd movement among those pioneers affords about as strong an argument as could be offered against the low, narrow, blind and base proposition to tax church edifices. Governor Dix is strongly impressed with its impiety, and on that point I coincide with him; but I prefer to oppose it on the ground of its injustice and its folly.

I only plead for the edifices, together with as much ground as they need; not for outlying property because it may happen to belong to churches—not even for manses.

J. C.

The first Governor of Iowa, Ansel Briggs, is still alive, but in greatly reduced circumstances. It is propoposed to take up a subscription and send him to the Centennial.

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This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life. Everybody should have it. For the cure of Weak Stomachs, General Debility, Indigestion, Diseases of the Stomach, and for all cases requiring a tonic. This wine includes the most agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess—Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruv an Bark.

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Invite special attention to their Spring Opening, which will be found unusually attractive:
LADIES' SPRING SUITS
In great variety of styles and material, ranging in price from Five to Fifty Dollars.
Ladies' Embroidered, Braided and Trimmed
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In Black Cashmere and Drap D'Ete.
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From 75 cents to $4 50 per yard.
A choice selection of DRESS SILKS, from 75 cents to $1, in Checks, Bars, Stripes and Plain Colors.
All the new Fabrics in CHECKS, STRIPES and MIXTURES, for Ladies' Spring Suits and Dresses,
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A large stock of Tambourd Lace Curtains, of our own importation, at less than regular prices.
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IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
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WHITE GOODS, LINENS,
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DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of GEORGE B. JOHNSTON & CO., is dissolved by mutual consent, F. M. Love retiring. Dissolution dating from March 1, 1876.
GEORGE B. JOHNSTON,
F. M. LOVE.

THE BUSINESS WILL BE CONTINUED as heretofore by the undersigned, at the old stand, Main street, Thirty-sixth ward. All claims against or due the old firm will be settled by the undersigned.
GEORGE B. JOHNSTON.

IN RETIRING FROM THE ABOVE firm, I take great pleasure in recommending my former partner to the confidence of our friends and customers.
F. M. LOVE.
Pittsburgh, March 30, 1876.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of WILLIAM HODGSON & CO., engaged in the Coal and Mercantile business, on the Monongahela river, is by mutual consent dissolved. Settlement of all claims against the firm are to be made with William Hodgson alone. Also, the steamer J. S. Mercer accounts.
WILLIAM HODGSON,
WILLIAM G. PEPPARD.
Pittsburgh, April 7, 1876.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The copartnership heretofore existing between B. S. Heath and Welcome White, of West Newton, Pa., under the style of HEATH & WHITE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Welcome White being authorized to settle all accounts of said firm.
B. S. HEATH,
WELCOME WHITE.
West Newton, Pa., April 5, 1876.

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Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny, Pa.

We have opened to-day another large line of
BLACK DRESS SILKS,
Still a little better value than ever. At 75, 80, 90 and 95c, good, fine and medium Black Silks. At $1, $1 12½, $1 20 and $1 25, extra good
GROSGRAIN BLACK SILK.
At $1 50, $1 62½, $1 75 and $1 87½, special bargains in band spun and other qualities of Black Dress Silks.
AT $2 TO $4 50,
Superior quality of Black Dress Silks, worth fully 50c per yard more. A very complete and beautiful line of Light Stripe and
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Striped and Checked Mourning Silk. And at still a little lower prices than usual, a complete line of newest shades in
COLORED SILKS,
For street and evening wear. At 12½, 15 and 18¾c,
NEW SPRING PLAIDS,
A large and choice variety. At 12½, 15 and 18¾c, new Sateen Striped and
CASHMERE DELAINES,
Worth 25c and 31c. At 25c, the new popular
ROUBIX MIXTURES,
A bargain. At 35 and 37½c, new Spring Debege Plaids and all wool
CENTENNIAL PLAIDS.
At 18¾ to 87½c, extra good value in Black Alpacas and Mohairs. At 50c to $2 50 per yard, extra good value in
BLACK CASHMERES.
At 50c to $1, special bargains in all wool Cassimeres. At $1 and upward, new and fine line of
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At 12½c and upward, good heavy Jeans and Cottonades.

At 8½c, good 4-4
BLACK HERNANIS.
At 10c to $2 50, extra-fine new Black Hernanis. At 12½c to $2 50, new Striped
BLACK GRENADINES.
At 31c, worth 50c, a special bargain in Black Hernani. New Black and Colored
STRIPED HERNANIS,
At very low prices. We have just opened a complete new assortment in latest novelties in
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Large variety of handles and all qualities, at very low prices.
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Of every description. New Cashmere and Light
CLOTH SACQUES,
For Ladies and Misses. New Striped and
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Worth $2 50 and $5. Large variety of Ladies'
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,
Of all kinds. Ladies' Poplin and
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Special Good Bargains in
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At 4½, 5 and 6¼c, full Standard Calicos, best makes. At 6¼c, best makes and styles of
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At 9c, 40-inch extra fine and heavy Sheetings. The most popular and well known brands of Bleached
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At a little lower than usual and previous prices. At 9 yards for $1, extra heavy
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At 10c, good heavy Cheviot Shirtings.
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In some very fine numbers in remnants of
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Much less than usual prices. At 6c, 4-4
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At $1, heavy White
CROCHET QUILTS.
At $1 37½, Bates' celebrated Crochet Quilts.
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Of a very large line of Ladies, Misses and Children's
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In all the new, latest novelties in shapes, at all prices, from 25c up. Ladies' fine
FRENCH CHIP HATS,
In white, cream, brown and black, at very low prices. Misses and Boys'
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Large and beautiful variety. Newest shades in Hat and
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Mark W. Watson.

Western Insurance Co.
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED MARCH 20, 1849.
Assets January 1, 1876 - - $328,615.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
Directors.
Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Alex. Speer, Andrew Ackley,
Wm. Morrison, David M. Long,
Chas. J. Clarke, John R. McCune,
Wm. S. Evans, John B. Jackson,
Philip Reymer, John Wilson,
H. Sellers McKee.
ALEXANDER NIMICK........President.
WM. P. HERBERT........Secretary.
GEO. NEELD........Agent and Surveyor.

Monongahela Insurance Co.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED 1854.
Cash Capital, $175,000
Insures Against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.
WM. A. CALDWELL........President.
GEO. A. BERRY........Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY........Secretary.
Capt. F. A. DOHRMAN, Gen'l Agent and Surveyor.
Directors.
Wm. A. Caldwell, David M. Smith,
George A. Berry, William Rea,
Henry Hays, Robert Dalzell,
James Woodburn, William Means,
Charles Atwell, G. W. Dilworth,
R. H. Palmer, David McCandless,
James A. McDevitt, D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

"OLD RELIABLE"
Franklin Fire Ins. Co., of Philad'a,
ORGANIZED 1829.
ASSETS, Jan. 1, 1875, $3,308,856 80
J. G. COFFIN & CO., Agents,
Corner Third avenue and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, Pa
TThS

T. D. EVANS, ARCHITECT,
HAS RETURNED FROM EUROPE.
OFFICE, 56 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

REINEKE, WILSON & CO,
Practical Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,
And dealers in LIFT AND FORCE PUMPS, IRON AND LEAD PIPE, CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, &c.
NO. 61 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Special attention given to Rebronzing and Gilding eliers.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

ACCEPT THIS INVITATION
TO CALL AND SEE OUR
NEW SPRING GOODS.
HENRY SMITH & SONS,
98 Wylie Avenue.

J. H. BUCHLON,
Merchant Tailor,
No. 54 SIXTH STREET,
Imports direct the FINEST GOODS, and can therefore sell lower than any other first-class house in the city.

MERCHANT TAILOR
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Just received, a Full Line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, FOR SPRING WEAR, AT LOWEST PRICES.

MEDICAL.

THE GREAT
ENGLISH REMEDY!
The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Tonic Pills.
NERVOUS DEBILITY.
However obscure the cause may be which contribute to render nervous debility a disease so prevalent, affecting, as it does, nearly one-half of our adult population, it is a melancholy fact that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of
NERVOUS PROSTRATION.
characterized by a general languor or weakness of the whole organism, especially of the nervous system, obstructing and preventing the ordinary functions of nature; hence there is a disordered state of the secretions; constipation, scanty and high-colored urine with an excess of earthy or limey sediment, indicative of waste of brain and nerve substance, frequent palpitations of the heart, loss of memory, and marked irresolution of purpose, and inability to carry into action any well defined business enterprise, or to fix the mind upon any one thing at a time. There is great sensitiveness to impress, though retained but a short time, with a flickering and fluttering condition of the mental faculties, rendering an individual what is commonly called a whiffle-minded, or fickle-minded man.
This condition of the individual, distressing as it is, may, with a certainty, be cured by
THE CORDIAL BALM OF SYRICUM AND LOTHROP'S TONIC PILLS,
Medicines unrivalled for their wonderful properties and remarkable cures of all Nervous Complaints. Their efficacy is equally great in the treatment and cure of Cancers, Nodes, Ulcers, Pustule, Pimples, Tetter, Fever Sores, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Scaldhead, Barbers' Itch, Scurvy, Salt Rheum, Copper-Colored Blothes, Glandular Swelling, Worms and Black Spots in the Flesh, Discolorations, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth and Nose, Sore Legs, and sores of every character, because these medicines are the very best
BLOOD MEDICINE
Ever placed before the people, and are warranted to be the most Powerful Alterative ever originated by man, removing Morbid Sensibility, Depression of Spirits, Dementia, and Melancholia.
Each package of the Cordial Balm contains one box of the Tonic Pills, which may also be had separately at 50 cents per box.

DR. WHITTIER,
FOUNDER AND PROPRIETOR OF THE
Keystone Dispensary,
302 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Continues to afford reliable special treatment in all Private and Urinary Diseases. Perfect cures guaranteed. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and final impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, all Urinary diseases and Syphilis, (all forms), consisting of skin eruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood-poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. DR. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his lifelong special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicine prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private and free. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere. Hours 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. and 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.
"TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE,"
144 pages, fine illustrations cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders and mysteries of sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequence and cure. Price 50 cents, at office, or by mail. sent securely sealed. Address KEYSTONE DISPENSARY, No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

QUICKLY CURED!
ALL forms of Venereal, Private and Chronic Diseases at the Girard Medical Dispensary, No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. The Proprietors are Regular Graduates of Medicine and Surgery, as Diploma at office will show, are longer engaged and the most successful, as their extensive city practice will prove. Age, with experience, can be relied on.
NO CURE, NO PAY.
Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, and all urinary diseases, and Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victim for business or marriage, are thoroughly and permanently cured. A medical circular relating to private diseases, sent in sealed envelope for one stamp. All communications confidential. Address
Girard Medical Dispensary,
No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. All medicines are prepared by the proprietor who is nothing but the best of drugs are used. This enables us to cure the most difficult cases after all others have failed. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; Sundays from 5 P. M. to 7 P. M.

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of twenty years in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. Book and circular, 10 cents. Address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 9 A. M. till 8 P. M.

PRESCRIPTION FREE.—FOR THE speedy cure of Nervous Debility, Weakness, Opium Eating, Drunkenness, Catarrh, Asthma and Consumption. Any Druggist can put it up. Address PROF. WIGGIN Charlestown, Mass.

SIGNS!
For Plain or Fancy SIGNS, at the lowest rates, go to
JNO. T. GRAY'S Paint Shop,
84 Diamond street,
Fourth door above Smithfield street

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—

On and after SUNDAY, April 16th, 1876, trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

CITY TIME.

MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

Pacific Express daily, except Monday, at 2:36 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 11 35 a. m., Philadelphia 3 30 p. m., New York 6 45 p. m.

Mail Train daily, except Sunday, 7:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 8:15 p. m.

Day Express daily, at 8:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:55 p. m., Philadelphia 7:20 p. m., New York 10:20 p. m., Baltimore 7:35 p. m., Washington 9:07 p. m.

Atlantic Express, daily, 12:51 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:05 p m, Philadelphia 3:10 a m, New York 6:50 a m.

Philadelphia Express daily, except Sunday, 4:31 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 3:40 a m, Philadelphia 7:00 a m, New York 10:10 a m.

Fast Line daily at 7:51 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 3:45 a m, Philadelphia 7:31 a m, New York 10:25 a m, Baltimore 7:35 a m, Washington 9:03 a m.

Johnstown Accommodation, 3:41 p m.

Wall's Accommodation, 6:41, 10:21, 11:46 a m, 2:41, 5:46, 6:11 and 11:31 p m. Sunday 12:56 p m.

Brinton Accommodation, 6:06 a m, 5:01 and 9:26 p m. Sunday 9:26 p m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation 9:21 a m, 1:41, 3:11, 5:21, 7:11 and 8:11 p m.

Torrens Accommodation 10:11 p m.

MAIN LINE WESTWARD.

Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:

Mail Train daily, except Monday........1 0 a m
Fast Line daily, except Monday........1 26 a m
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday........7:00 a m
Cincinnati Express daily........[illegible]
Pacific Express daily........1:41 p m
Limited Mail daily........5:41 p m
Way Passenger daily........8:31 p m
Johnstown Accommodation........10 36 a m
Wall's Accommodation 6:36, 9:[illegible], 1:51, 3:41, 5:5[illegible] and 7:[illegible]6 p m. Sunday, 10:0[illegible]
Brinton Accommodation 7:31 a[illegible] m, 7:06 11:11 p m. Sunday, 7:06 p m.
Wilkinsburg Accommodation, [illegible] m, 8:06 4:41, 7:31, 9:21 and 10:01 p m.
Torrens Accommodation 7:11 a m.

SOUTHWEST PENN. RAILWAY.

No Change of Cars.

Youghiogheny Express, except Sunday, 8:31 a m.
Connellsville Express, daily, except Sunday, 4:36 p m.
Trains arrive from Connellsville at 9:41 a m and 6:46 p m.

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION

From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City.

City Time.

Mail Train, connecting for Butler........6 46 a m
Express, connecting for Butler........3:50 p m
Freeport Accommodation, 9:16 a m, and 4:56 p m
Springdale Accommodation, 11:26 a m, 6:16, 8:41 and 11:31 p m. On Sunday at 12:51 and 9:21 p m
Market Train for Butler........8 51 p m
Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot (city time):
Express, connecting from Butler........9 36 a m
Mail Train, connecting from Butler........5 26 p m
Freeport Accommodation, 8:11 a m and 1:36 p m
Springdale Accommodation, 6:[illegible] a. m., 4:43, 7:16 and 11:11 p m. On Sunday at 9:51 a m and 7:01 p m.
Market Train from Butler........9:11 a m

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and the Union Depot.

FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, JR., General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after April 16th, 1876, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, city time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:57 a m	Atlantic Ex	2:22 a m
Erie and Ashtabula Ex	7:12 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:47 a m
Clev & W Mail	8:32 a m	Chicago Ex	12:27 p m
Chicago Ex	9:12 a m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex	2:42 p m
Clev & Whg Ex	1:52 p m	Chicago Mail	3:42 p m
Pacific Express	2:12 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:52 p m
Wheeling Ex	4:17 p m	Chicago and St. Louis Ex	7:17 p m
Erie & Wrn Ex	4:37 p m	Cleve & W Ex	7:27 p m
Fast Through Mail	6:02 p m	Erie Ex	11 27 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac	8:47 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:42 a m
Leetsdale Ac	10:47 a m	Leetsdale Ac	7:27 a m
Leetsdale Ac	12:07 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	8:02 a m
Sharpsville Ac	1:12 p m	Enon Ac	8:47 a m
Enon Ac	3:42 p m	Sharpsville and Warren Ac	10:12 p m
Leetsdale Ac	5:12 p m	Leetsdale Ac	12:52 p m
Beaver Falls Ac	6:22 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	2:32 p m
Leetsdale Ac	9:27 p m	Leetsdale Ac	4:37 p m
Leetsdale Ac	11:27 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:37 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	12:42 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:52 a

Fast Through Mail Leaves Daily.
Pacific Express Leaves Daily.
Chicago Express Arrives Daily.
Atlantic Express Arrives Daily, Mondays excepted.
All other trains will Leave and Arrive Daily, Sundays excepted.

J. D. LAYNG, General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

On and after SUNDAY, April 16, 1876, trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:07 a m	McDonald's Ac	6 47 a m
Pacific Express	8:42 a m	Cincinnati Ex	8:02 a m
Dennison Ac	7:22 a m	Washington Ac	8:27 a m
Washington Ac	9:17 a m	Dennison Ac	9:42 a m
McDonald's Ac	11:02 a m	McDonald's Ac	12:42 p m
Columbus Mail	3:12 p m	Washington Ac	3:57 p m
Washington Ac	5:07 p m	Columbus Mail	5:32 p m
Limited Mail	6:02 p m	Fast Line	7:27 p m
McDonald's Ac	6:12 p m	Southern Ex	2:12 a m
Mansfield Ac	11:02 p m	Mansfield Ac	7:12 p m
Sunday Church Train	12:47 p m	Sunday Church Train	10:02 a m

Pacific Express, Limited Mail and Mansfield Accommodation leave daily.
Cincinnati Express, Fast Line and Mansfield Accommodation arrive daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Sundays excepted.
All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.
Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

W. L. O'BRIEN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
S. M. FELTON, JR., General Superintendent.
D. W. CALDWELL, General Manager.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD —PITTSBURGH DIVISION.

On and after APRIL 17, 1876, Trains on this road will depart from and arrive at Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Connellsville Ac	6:25 a m	McKeesport Ac	6:45 a m
Through Mail	10:00 a m	Through Ex	7:20 a m
McKeesport Ac	11:00 a m	McKeesport Ac	7:45 a m
McKeesport Ac	3:25 p m	W. Newton Ac	8:30 a m
Uniontown Ex	3:25 p m	Uniontown Ex	9:40 a m
McKeesport Ac	4:15 p m	McKeesport Ac	1:00 p m
W. Newton Ac	5:10 p m	Uniontown Ex	3:00 p m
McKeesport Ac	6:20 p m	McKeesport Ac	6:05 p m
Through Ex	8:00 p m	McKeesport Ac	7:35 p m
McKeesport Ac	11:12 p m	Through Mail	7:30 p m
Church Train	12:25 p m	Church Train	10:00 a m

Mail Trains daily. Through Express East, daily, except Sunday. Through Express West daily, except Monday. Accommodation Trains daily, except Sunday.

75 MILES THE SHORTEST TO WASHINGTON, and the only line via the National Capital to the Eastern cities.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars to Washington and Baltimore.

City Ticket Office, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street.

E. K. HYNDMAN, Superintendent.
L. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent.
W. E. REPPERT, Passenger Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, December 6, 1875, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot Pittsburgh, city time:

LEAVES.		ARRIVES.	
Arnolds Parker Acc	6:55 a m	Night Express	6:05 a m
Buffalo Express	8:25 a m	Parnassus Ac	6:45 a m
1st Soda Wks Ac	10:10 a m	1st Soda Wks Ac	7:35 a m
Kittanning Ac	11:40 a m	Arnolds Parker Ac	9:35 a m
Titusville Ex	1:00 p m	Emlenton & Reynoldsville Ac	11:15 a m
Emlenton Ac	3:20 p m	2d Soda Wks Ac	1:55 p m
Hulton Ac	5:00 p m	Titusville Ex	2:45 p m
2d Soda Wks Ac	6:10 p m	Kittanning Ac	6:00 p m
Night Express	8:10 p m	Hulton Ac	7:00 p m
Parnassus Ac	11:00 p m	Buffalo Ex	8:35 p m

All Trains Daily, except Sunday.

Church Train—Leaves Soda Works at 8:35 a. m., arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:10 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p m, arriving at Soda Works at 2:23 p m. Stop at all Stations.

Special Sunday Train between Pittsburgh and Foxburg, connecting at Parkers with Parkers and Karns City Railroad for Karns City and Petrolia. Leave Pittsburgh at 7:15 a. m. (city time), arriving at Foxburg 11:00 a. m.; returning leaves Foxburg at 2:15 p. m., arriving at Pittsburgh 7:05 p. m., stopping at all stations.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Titusville.

Buffalo Express north connects at Red Bank with trains on Low Grade Division for Brookville and Driftwood, making direct connections at Driftwood with trains on the P. and E. R. R. east to Williamsport, west to Emporium, Olean and points on B. N. Y. and P. R. R.

Buffalo Express and Emlenton Accommodation north and south, connect at Red Bank with train on Low Grade Division for Sligo, Brookville and Reynoldsville.

Buffalo Express north and south, make close connection at Braeton, to and from.

Buffalo orders can be left with Excelsior Baggage Company, No. 78 Fifth avenue, for Baggage to be Checked from Hotels or Residences to destination. Ticket Offices, 78 Fifth avenue and Union Depot.

DAVID McCARGO, General Superintendent.
J. MORTON HALL, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

TO INVENTORS!
THE INVENTORS' PROTECTIVE AND BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES respectfully announce to Inventors generally, that they have secured a large and eligible space in the Centennial Building, Philadelphia, and will there place on exhibition models of inventions of its members. Any Inventor desiring to avail himself of this unusual opportunity to display his invention to millions of visitors, should apply without delay.
For further particulars, advice, &c., apply to the General Office,
NO. 104 FIFTH AVENUE,
Opposite P. O., Pittsburgh, Pa.

W. W. TYSON,
Sealer of Weights & Measures
ALLEGHENY COUNTY.
Office—41 Federal St., Allegheny City
Box 243, Pittsburgh.
Hours—8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY EVENING, April 17, 1876.

Transactions at the banks were fairly active to-day, there being liberal counter transactions with a fair volume of loans made. Rates were steady and there were no new features of especial note. In local securities there was no news of importance.

—The statistics of freight movements for the first quarter of 1876 show a notable increase over those for the same period of 1875. An examination of the returns of the amounts of leading article of commerce made this year, in comparison with the amounts for previous years, shows unmistakably the upward progress of traffic, which in most of the staples which are hauled considerable distances is decided. Thus for the first quarter of 1876, as compared with 1875, in the great staples whose movement is recorded, there have been increases as follows: 14¾ per cent. in the grain receipts at Northwestern ports; 50 per cent. in the grain shipped from Northwestern ports; 20¾ per cent. in the grain received at Atlantic ports; 33½ per cent. in petroleum exports; 30½ per cent. in seaboard cotton receipts; 23¾ per cent. in cotton exports. Against these we have a decrease (for the whole season) of 9 per cent. in the weight of the hogs packed and of 2.8 per cent. in shipments of anthracite coal.

—It is expected that the issue by the Treasury of subsidiary silver coin will begin next week. The Treasury has about $12,000,000 of this coin ready and has silver bullion enough for several millions more. At present this subsidiary silver coin is worth in gold nearly 3 per cent. less than fractional notes. Nevertheless, the New York *Bulletin* thinks the novelty of silver coin will probably create quite a demand for it at first. In California it will pass as the fractional parts of the gold dollar, and here as the fractional parts of the paper dollar, so that it will be a profitable operation to procure it here and send it to California to exchange for gold. As long as they will take it there, this operation will probably be carried on. In the West Indies and many of the States of South America, our subsidiary silver coin can be passed at a value nearly equivalent to gold; and there will therefore be an opportunity to make large profits by filling those markets with it. So long as they can be passed there at 96@100 gold, it will be seen that shipments will be made. So long, however, as the bullion value of this coin is less than the value in gold of United States legal tender notes, it will circulate here provided there is a full supply. When the bullion value of Big Bonanza currency becomes larger than the glod value of United States legal tender notes, then it will, no matter how large the supply, disappear from circulation; such a condition of affairs would be brought about by an advance of two pence an ounce in silver, or by an advance in the gold premium.

—The question of bank taxation has been quite extensively discussed during the past year or two by directors and stockholders. So long as banks were earning ten and twelve per cent. per annum on their capital, the burden was not so irksome, but the return to six per cent. basis causes a closer scanning of the expense account, and elicits the fact that, while nearly every other interest has had some abatement from the excessive war taxation, the banking interest has had little or no relief. A hearing was given last week by the House Committee on Ways and Means to the Executive Committee of National Banks, composed of some of the first presidents and cashiers in the country, who ask for a reduction of the tax on deposits. The deputation have strong hopes of carrying their point.

—Last week two new national banks were authorized to begin business. No. 2,329 is the First National of Connellsville, Pa. Its authorized capital is $50,000, of which $37,500 is paid in. John D. [illegible] is President. No. 2,330 is the Centennial National of Virginia, Ill. Its authorized capital is $60,000, of which $35,000 is paid in. John A. Petefish is President and John N. Wood cashier. This is the second bank of this name organized in 1876. The other is in Philadelphia, and has half a million capital.

—The following article from the New York *Bulletin* of Thursday, headed "The Potatoe Business Overdone," is applicable nearer home:

> From the fact that thousands of bushels of potatoes still remain in the hands of Washington county, New York, farmers, and for which they are offered but twelve cents per bushel, the Albany *Argus* thinks "it is very evident that the farmers of that county must in future turn their attention to something besides potatoes for their main crop, if they would save their land or expect to realize any profit therefrom. They have made potato raising a specialty for so long a time, and have raised them so extensively, that in many instances they have nearly ruined their farms, and in every instance have injured them. The business is, in fact, overdone, and it will probably be better in the end for the country if potato raising is never again so profitable to the farmer as it used to be."

—The following table shows the prices of gold, Government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day, furnished by the Fifth National Bank, No. 16 Sixth street:

April 17, 1876.	10:30 A. M	11:30 A. M	1:30 P. M	2:30 P. M	3:00 P. M
Gold	113⅛	113	113	113⅛	113⅛
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup	122⅛	122	....	122	....
5-20's, 1865	118	118	....	118	....
5-20's, 1865, new	118⅞	118⅞	....	118⅞	....
5-20's, 1867, registered	120⅞	120⅞	....	....	....
5-20's, 1867	121	120⅞	....	120¾	....
5-20's, 1868, registered	122½	122½	....	122½	....
5-20's, 1868	122½	122½	....	122½	....
10-40's	117½	117	....	117	....
10-40's, coupons	118	118	....	118	....
Currency 6's	126	126	....	126	....
New 5 per cents	116⅛	116⅛	....	116¼	....
Western Union Tel	66¾	67⅛	67	67	66¾
Quicksilver	....	....	18	....	....
Pacific Mail	20¼	20¼	19½	19⅝	19⅝
Panama	127½	128	127	....	....
Adams Express	108	....	107½	....	....
Wells-Fargo Express	86½	....	86½	....	....
American Express	60	....	60½	....	....
United States Expr's	71¾	....	72	....	....
New York Central	....	112	112	....	112⅛
Erie	15¾	16¼	16	15⅝	15⅝
Michigan Central	55⅝	56	55⅜	55½	55½
Michigan Southern	56	55¼	56¼	56⅛	56⅛
Illinois Central	98⅛	....	98¼	....	....
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	....	....	95⅜	....	....
Chicago & Northwestern	....	40¾	40⅝	41¾	40¾
Do preferred	....	60¼	....	....	60⅛
Rock Island	....	104	103½	103⅞	104
St. Paul common	40	40⅜	....	....	39⅞
Do. preferred	65⅜	66	....	65¾	65¾
Wabash common	....	....	2⅜	....	2½
Fort Wayne	103½	....	102	....	....
Ohio & Mississippi	....	....	17	....	17
Union Pacific	64½	64⅝	....	....	64
Harlem	....	....	136	....	....
Hannibal & St. Joe	....	....	16¼	16⅛	16¼
Atlantic & Pacific, pref	....	....	....	....	3½
Iron Mountain	19½	....	19	....	....
C., C. & I. C	....	....	4⅜	....	4¾
Missouri Pacific	....	....	....	....	14⅛
Missouri 6's	....	104½	....	104½	....

—The following is the report of the prices of leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board, as received by wire at noon to-day:

Stocks.	Bid.	Asked.	Sales.
Pennsylvania Central	54⅞	55	....
Reading	44¾	44⅞	....
United Co's of N J	....	138	....
Oil Creek	....	....	133
Lehigh Valley	60¾	61	....
Allegheny Valley	101	....	....
P. C. & St. L. m. b	....	....	87

[By Associated Press.]

Gold Closed at 113⅛.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Money closes easy at 3@4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@6 per cent. Customs receipts $458,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $20,000. Clearings $25,000,000. Sterling quiet at 486¾@489¾.

GOLD.

Gold opened at 113⅛, declined to 112⅞ and closed at 113⅛. Carrying rates 2@4 per cent.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Goverment bonds steady; a fractional decline. Railroad bonds dull, except Toledo and Wabash firsts, which advanced to 87. State securities quiet. Missouri sixes better. The stock market opened irregular and during the day fluctuated from ¼ to 1½ per cent., the greatest changes being in Pacific Mail, Western Union and Michigan Central. At the close prices were about the same as at the opening. Transactions 155,000 shares, of which 29,000 were Pacific Mail, 35,000 Western Union, 5,000 St. Paul, 30,000 Erie, 50,000 Lake Shore and 7,500 Michigan Central. The following were the closing quotations:

STOCKS.

W. U. Telegraph	66⅞	Rock Island	106⅞
Quicksilver	17	St. Paul	39⅞
Do. preferred	22½	Do. preferred	65¾
Pacific Mail	19⅝	Toledo & Wabash	2½
Mariposa	7	Do. preferred	3
Do. preferred	7¼	Ft. Wayne	102
Adams Express	108	Terre Haute	105
Wells-Fargo Ex	86½	Do. preferred	118
American Ex	60	Chicago & Alton	102
U. S. Express	72	Do. preferred	108
New York Central	112⅛	Ohio & Mississippi	17
Erie	15¾	Missouri Pacific	14⅛
Do. preferred	33	Atlantic & P. Tel.	17¼
Harlem	141	Delaware & Lack.	113¼
Do. preferred	133	Atlantic & P. pref	3½
Mich. Central	55⅜	Indiana Central	4¾
Panama	127	Hannibal & St. Joe	17¾
Lake Shore	56⅛	Chicago, Bur. & Q.	18¾
Illinois Central	98¼	Union Pacific stck	64
Cleveland & Pitts.	95½	Central Pac. bonds	106⅝
Northwestern	40⅝	Union Pac. bonds.	104⅜
Do. preferred	60⅛	Do. land grants	99
C. C. C. & I.	53½	Do. sink. fund	91¼
N. J. Central	104		

GOVERNMENTS.

U. S. coupons, 1881	122	New 5's	118
5-20's, 1865	118	10-40's, registered	117
5-20's, 1865, new	118⅞	10-40's, coupons	118
5-20's, 1867	120¾	Currency 6's	126
5-20's, 1868	122½		

STATE BONDS.

Missouri 6's	104½	Tennessee, new	40¾
Virginia, new	34	Tennessee, old	42⅞
Virginia, old	34		

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—Gold 113⅛. Sight ⅛ per cent. premium. Sterling—Bank 551.

GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, April 17, 1876.

The commercial circles of our city to-day made a tolerably satisfactory showing in regard to activity and volume of business. The receipts of merchandise by the leading railway lines were liberal, and with a good demand in nearly all branches of trade, the aspect of business was, on the whole, quite encouraging. There is not so great a rush of orders as has sometimes been experienced at this season of the year; but business generally seems to be based upon steady consumptive requirements, and such as are likely to last. It is also the fact that considerable portions of last year's crops are now moving into market, which will soon result in larger purchases of supplies by the agricultural districts. In values there was no decided movement, the feeling being generally steady and prices well maintained.

The receipts of the leading articles of produce since our last, are as follows:

Flour, bbls	2,078	Apples, bbls	491
Corn, bus	2,703	Cheese, bxs	116
Wheat, bus	1,080	Butter, pkgs	77
Barley, bus	450	Bacon, tcs	16
Rye, bus	900	Potatoes, bus	3,024
Oats, bus	692	Hay, bales	750

The quotations given in the following reports are prices realized in wholesale transactions, unless otherwise specified. On small sales, dealers will charge an advance. Prices of grain, unless stated to the contrary, are free in elevator.

Breadstuffs and Produce.

APPLES—Are in good supply but the market is firm. We quote choice at $6 00@6 50; prime $5 25@5 75; mixed $4 00@5 00, with little sale.

BEANS—We quote prime white navy at $1 10 per bushel in round lots; $1 15@1 20 in a jobbing way.

BUTTER—The cool weather of the past few days has kept values about steady, notwithstanding liberal receipts. We quote the best qualities of gilt edged family at 30@33c ⅌ ℔; good to prime 23@28c; common to fair rules at 16@20c.

CIDER—There is a fair demand. We quote at $5 00@6 00 ⅌ barrel for hard; sweet drinking $8 00@12 00 ⅌ barrel.

CRANBERRIES—There is a firm market with a moderate supply. Prices are steady at $15 00@16 00 per barrel, as to quality and condition; $5 00 ⅌ crate.

CHEESE—The market is steady. We quote New York Goshen at 14½@15c; prime Ohio factory 13½@14c ⅌ ℔.

EGGS—The feeling was easy at previous quotations. We quote at 18@19c per dozen, with the tendency toward the inside price.

FLOUR—Trade continued active and in liberal volume. The rates current are as follows for the wholesale trade of our local millers: No. 1 white wheat flour $7 75 ⅌ bbl; No. 1 amber do $7 25; red wheat flour $6 75@7 00; in sacks 25c off ⅌ bbl. The jobbing brands of the leading dealers for standard brands of flours are steady, as follows: Choice brands of winter wheat flour $7 00@7 25; white wheat $7 50@7 75; Wisconsin is quoted at $6 00@6 25; Minnesota $6 50@6 75; fancy St. Louis $8 25@8 50; choice patents $8 50@9 00; red winter wheat flour is active at $6 00@6 25; Graham flour $6 50@6 75; self-raising flour, in 6 ℔ packages, $3 25 ⅌ dozen packages; cornmeal 75c ⅌ bushel; oatmeal $6 25 ⅌ bbl; kegs $3 25. Rye flour $5 00@5 25 ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN—The market was moderately steady to-day with only a fair business. Wheat was firm. We quote prime Michigan white at $1 40@1 45; Pennsylvania and Ohio red winter $1 30@1 31; amber $1 35@1 39; Northwestern red $1 38@1 40; low grades are dull and neglected at $1 16@1 22; rejected do 90c@$1 10, as to quality; No. 2 Chicago spring wheat rules at $1 17@1 23; No. 1 do $1 28@1 30. Corn was easy but in rather light supply at former quotations. We quote shelled at 62@63c for yellow; 61@62c for high-mixed; 59@60c for low-mixed; prime ear 55@58c for yellow; 53@55c for mixed. Oats were steady with only a moderate amount of receipts. We quote mixed Pennsylvania and Ohio at 40@41c; white do at 42@43; Western white 43@45c. Barley was easy, with a moderate demand. Canada is held at $1 10@1 20 ⅌ bushel; choice spring at $1 00@1 10; common to prime 75@90c. Rye is quiet and easy at 82@84c ⅌ bushel. Jobbing sales were made at the usual advance.

HAY—The feeling continued easy with unchanged quotations. We quote prime No. 1 timothy $18 00@19 00 ⅌ ton; No. 2, $16 00@17 00; upland prairie $13 00@15 00.

MAPLE SYRUP—The market is steady at $1 10@1 15 ⅌ gallon jug; 95c@$1 05 ⅌ gallon in barrels. Maple sugar is in active demand at 10@12c ⅌ pound.

POTATOES—There is a moderately good demand for strictly prime peachblows, and on top grades the market is steady. We quote round lots at 33@36c for peachblows; 27@30c for Peerless and Early Rose. Sales were made from store at 40c ⅌ bushel for prime peachblows; 35c for Peerless. Sweet potatoes were jobbing in a small way at $3 50 ⅌ bushel.

SEEDS—Cloverseed was abundant and easier. We quote at $10 00@10 25 in a jobbing way, and $9 75@10 00 in round lots. Timothy seed is easy at $2 60@2 70 ⅌ bushel; flaxseed $1 45 in round lots; $1 50@1 60 in a small way; onion sets $3 00@3 50 ⅌ bushel.

Provisions.

There was a steady trade at unchanged quotations on the leading staples of hog products. The feeling is perhaps a little steadier than last week, there being no decided tendency toward a movement of values in either direction.

BACON—There was an easy feeling, as follows: Shoulders 10¼@10⅜c ⅌ pound; short rib sides 13¼@13⅜c; clear sides 14c.

CUT AND CURED MEATS—Hams were steady and in fair demand at 14½c ⅌ ℔ for extra sugar cured. Breakfast bacon rules steady and we quote sugar cured at 15c. Sugar cured shoulders were firm being quotable at 10¾@10⅞c. Dried beef, sugar cured, rules at 15c. Beef tongues, ⅌ dozen, are quoted at $7 00@7 50.

LARD—The market is easy at revised quotations. We quote prime leaf lard in tierces at 14½c ⅌ ℔; in half-barrels 15c; in buckets 15¼c ⅌ ℔; refined lard in tierces 15c ⅌ ℔; in half-barrels 15¼c ⅌ ℔; in buckets 16c ⅌ ℔; in 3-℔ caddies 17c ⅌ ℔; in 5-℔ caddies 16¾c ⅌ ℔; in 3-℔ pails 17½c ⅌ ℔; in 5-℔ pails 17c ⅌ ℔; in 6-℔ pails 16¾c ⅌ ℔.

LARD OIL—There is a steady demand at firm prices. We quote extra winter-strained at $1 10 ⅌ gallon; No. 1 at 95c ⅌ gallon; No. 2 at 75c; miners' oil, extra, 65c; No. 1 61@63c.

HAM SAUSAGE—Continues steady at 9¾@10c ⅌ ℔.

MESS PORK—The market is easy, the ruling prices being $23 75@24 00 ⅌ barrel for prime mess.

TALLOW—We quote chandlers, city rendered, 9@9¼c ⅌ ℔; country do 8¾@9c ⅌ ℔.

COUNTRY BACON—There is a moderate demand for country-cured meats at steady values. We quote hams at 11½@13c ⅌ ℔; shoulders 9@10c; sides 12@13c; lard 12@13c.

Petroleum.

April 17—There was a weak feeling in both crude and refined petroleum. Some fluctuations took place but the general tendency seemed to be downward, and the market closed a shade below the opening prices.

CRUDE—The market opened this morning at the following: United and Conduit $1 90¾ bid; Union $1 87½. It was quiet and rather inactive during the morning but strengthened toward noon 1½c all around. In the afternoon, under somewhat large offerings, it gradually receded to $1 89⅝ for United and Conduit and to $1 86¼ for Union. Afterward it again rallied ⅝c and remained steady. Shipment has ruled firmer during the whole day. We quote it at $2 10@2 12½, but considerable done at $2 11¼. The Humes well, on the extreme western belt in front of St. Joe, is reported good for forty barrels. This development somewhat enlarges the area of operations.

REFINED—A weaker feeling prevailed in refined circles to-day, and about ⅛c decline from the prices ruling during the latter part of last week is now quotable. We quote standard white at 11c for five hundred and thousand barrel lots, free on board at works; 12@12½c in car lots. New York delivery rules at 14¼c for prompt and the month. Philadelphia is quoted at 14@14¼c for spot and April. Baltimore rules at 14c for prompt and the month.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, April 17.—The *Courier* says: There was but little business done and there was but little variation in prices. United opened at $1 90 and closed at $1 91½ bid. Union closed at $1 85@1 86½. Conduit $1 90@1 91½; Pennsylvania transportation, river division, $1 87½; shipment $2 10; and Upperroad $2 07½. The total sales were 25,000 barrels.

OIL CITY, April 17.—The *Derrick* says: The initiatory offerings of United in the morning were at $1 90, and the first bids $1 88¾. Buyers and sellers finally split the difference and made a few sales at $1 89⅜. At this price offerings were quite large which soon caused a weaker feeling and numerous sales were made at $1 88¾. For a time this would hardly have been paid. Later the feeling improved and after sales at $1 89⅝, the market advanced to $1 90, which was the ruling price for strictly fresh certificates at the close of the day. Conduit was held 1¼c above United. Immediate shipment $2 08¾@2 10. The total sales were 53,000 barrels.

NEW YORK, April 17, closing 15.—There are sellers at a decline of ⅛c without leading to business, the market abroad being in an unsatisfactory shape. Crude in bulk is quoted at 8⅜@8½c and 11¼c in shipping order; refined 14¼c; cases 18¾@20¼c. At Baltimore refined rules at 14c; at Philadelphia 14¼c.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—Market quiet; standard white 14¼@14½c; crude 8c; cases 18c.

TITUSVILLE, April 17.—Market nominal at $2 08¾@2 10.

OIL CITY, April 17.—Market opens firm at $1 90 bid and $1 91¼ asked for United; immediate shipment $2 12½.

ROUSEVILLE, April 17.—Market quiet; held at $2 08 with no business.

TIDIOUTE, April 17.—Market quiet at $2 10 asked.

PARKERS, April 17.—Market quiet; United $1 90⅝ bid; $1 91¼ asked; shipment nominally unchanged.

[By Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, April 17.—Petroleum dull and heavy; crude 8¼@8⅜c; refined 14¼c; cases and naptha nominal.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—Petroleum nominal; crude in barrels 11c; refined 14¼c.

BALTIMORE, April 17.—Petroleum dull and heavy; crude 8c; refined 14c.

CLEVELAND, April 17.—Petroleum firm; standard white, 110 degrees test, 11½c; prime white State test 12½c, in car lots, cash.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

Union Drove Yards, Allegheny City.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, April 17, 1876.

Stock Arrivals by Rail.

The following table will show the arrivals of live stock destined for this market over the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, as furnished by the obliging clerk, Mr. Stone, of the outer freight depot of that company. It will be seen that the receipts of cattle fall some 60 short of last week. We give the table as follows:

CATTLE.

Consignee.	Where from.	Head.
Arnold & Ackerman	Chicago	18
Arnold & Rick	Chicago	16
Marks & Trauerman	Chicago	18
J. Schamburg	Chicago	34
Gerner & Carr	Chicago	15
Rothchild & W	Chicago	35
A. Greenwald	Chicago	19
Gerson & Zeigler	Chicago	66
A. Moonschine	Chicago	34
W. Moonschine	Chicago	33
Lowenstine & S	Chicago	19
S. Lowenstein	Chicago	17
J. Lobman	Chicago	36
James Hunter	Chicago	36
B. J. Moore	Chicago	16
B. S. Trauerman	Chicago	18
Marks & Bro	Chicago	36
L. Holderman	Chicago	16
E. Katz	Chicago	18
A. Greenwald	Chicago	18
John Dowling	Chicago	17
J. Holmes	Chicago	18
Lowrie & Co	Bryard	20
Total this week		571
Total last week		626

SHEEP, HOGS AND CALVES.

R. McCaslin, Youngstown, 135 sheep, 40 hogs, 4 calves.

The Market.

In addition to the above table, of cattle, sheep and so forth, a few were driven in from the country, on account of the drying up of the roads, where they had been rusticating for a time and growing fat upon the liberal feed of the farmer.

CATTLE.

A most noticeable feature in the market to-day was the fact that the offerings were generally an improvement, so far as cattle were concerned, over last week. This may be accounted for from the fact of the closing of the Lenten season, hence shippers sent forward only such as were suitable for the market, round fat, smooth steers, from 1,000 to 1,300 cwt. This stock of cattle met with ready sale, and those fond of good beef can be supplied to-morrow.

Notwithstanding all this the cattle market was a dull one and a goodly number was left unsold which would be shipped or driven to East Liberty to take their chances in that market. We quote as follows:

Extra butchers' cattle	$6 00@6 50
Good butchers' cattle, 1,300 to 1,400 lbs.	5 75@6 25
Good, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs	4 75@5 00
Bulls, steers and cows	3 75@4 50

HOGS.

The run of hogs to-day was extremely light and the market dull and lifeless. Few sales were made, and these generally in a retail way. There were neither Philadelphias or Yorkers, proper, on the market, hence it is difficult to give correct quotations. We quote:

Philadelphias	$8 75@9 00
Heavy Yorkers	8 00@8 20
Light Yorkers	7 80@8 10

SHEEP.

The sheep market to-day was dull, draggy and perfectly lifeless, there not being, as far as we could see, a sheep in the pens. There were a few show sheep and some wooled in the pens. The prices asked and demanded were from $5 50 to $6 50. The run was the lightest of the season, but fully up to the wants of the market. We are cognizant of sales as follows:

Best wooled sheep, 90 to 100 lbs	$6 75@7 00
Best shorn sheep, 90 to 100 lbs	5 50@5 75
Good wooled sheep, 70 to 80 lbs	5 70@6 20
Good shorn sheep, 75 to 85 lbs	4 75@5 00

MILCH COWS.

Choice milkers	$65 00@70 00
Good milkers	45 00@50 00
Fair milkers	55 00@40 00
Common milkers	25 00@30 00

SERIOUSLY ILL.

We learned to-day that George Emerich, the well known butcher and live stock dealer, is lying at his residence near the outer depot of the Fort Wayne Railway seriously ill. It was but a few days ago we met him on the street in the enjoyment of what we supposed perfect health, but to-day he is confined to his room. We trust, however, that he may pass through the ordeal of sickness and once again meet his old friends in the marts of trade.

[By Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, April 17.—Beeves—Receipts 3,380 head, making 7,730 head for the week, against 8,160 head last week. Average quality scarcely medium; prices 12½@25c higher than last Friday, but not up to mark of last Monday, except for choice and extra steers, and the market was uncommonly dull; few selected extra steers $12 25@12 50; best full car load $12 00; fair to prime steers ranged at $9 25@11 50; poor to medium $8 00@9 00; offerings barely closed out.

Sheep—Receipts 5,970 head, making 18,620 head for the week, against 15,440 head last week. Market about steady; ordinary to strictly prime unshorn sheep $6 25@8 25, with a dozen car loads of clipped Ohio at $6 00@6 25, and two car loads of Texas and Colorado $4 75@5 00.

Swine—Receipts yesterday and to-day 8,700 head, making 22,210 head for the week, against 18,660 head last week. None offered alive.

CHICAGO, April 17.—Cattle—Receipts since last Saturday 600 head. Market dull; buyers holding off for lower prices; sellers rather firm; good to choice well fatted steers, 1,050 to 1,500 pounds average, $4 50@5 50; good smooth steers, 1,100 to 1,400 pounds average, $4 00@4 60; well assorted stockers $3 90@4 25; native cows and heifers $2 75@4 00; Texans and Cherokees $3 75@4 25. Shipments 2,100 head.

Hogs—Receipts 6,500 head. Market moderately active and 5@10c better; mixed and packed $7 60@7 90; bacon $7 75@7 80; shipping $7 75@8 12½; Philadelphias $8 50@8 80. Shipments 2,600 head.

Sheep—Receipts 1,000 head. Market fairly active; common to choice natives $5 00@7 50.

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—Hogs stronger; light shipping $7 00@7 25; Yorkers and bacon $7 00@750; butchers' $7 40@7 75.

Cattle—Firm; good to choice native steers $4 75@5 60; medium to fair $4 12½@4 37½; fair stockers $2 75@4 25.

CINCINNATI, April 17.—Hogs dull; common to good light $6 75@7 80; fair to good heavy $7 90@8 25.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 17.—Hogs $7 50@7 75. Receipts 1,000 head.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Produce.

CHICAGO, April 17.—Cash grain transactions to-day are based on an apparent rise of 2c, which is, however, the addition of winter storage expiring to-day. The state of the market as expressed in these dispatches is therefore independent of this storage.

FLOUR—Steady and firm.

GRAIN—Wheat—Demand fair and prices higher: No. 2 spring $1 04¾ spot; $1 06¼ seller May; $1 07½ seller June; No. 3 94½c; rejected 82½c. Corn—Demand active and prices advanced; No. 2 mixed 48c spot; 48⅞c seller May; 48⅞c seller June. Rye steady and firm at 64½@65c. Oats in good demand and prices a shade higher; 32½c spot; 33½c seller May; 33⅞c seller June. Barley—Demand fair and prices higher; 63c spot.

PROVISIONS—Pork generally unchanged; some sales rather lower; $22 30 spot; $22 35 seller May; $22 57½@22 60 seller June. Lard quiet but steady; 13⅜c spot; 13.37½@13.40c seller May; 13.55c seller June. Bulkmeats firm and unchanged.

WHISKY—Steady and unchanged.

LATEST—On Call Board this afternoon wheat was lower; $1 05½@1 06 May; $1 06¾ June. Corn and oats unchanged. Pork a shade higher: $22 35@22 40 May; $22 60@22 62½ June. Lard 13.35@13.40c May.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Flour in moderate export and home trade demand; receipts 15,000 barrels; superfine Western and State $4 15@4 50; common to good $4 90@5 25; good to choice $5 30@5 70; white wheat extra $5 75@7 75; extra Ohio $4 90@7 00; St. Louis $5 25@9 00. Rye flour firm at $4 30@5 25. Cornmeal firm at $2 90@3 30. Wheat—Demand fair and market firm; receipts 167,000 bushels; spring, no grade and inspected, $1 07; do rejected, afloat, $1 11; No. 2 Milwaukee $1 27; No. 2 amber Michigan, in store, $1 40; white Michigan, in store, $1 46. Rye firm; Western 85@90c; State $1 00. Corn a shade easier; receipts 48,000 bushels; new Western ungraded, on track, 70@72c; old Western mixed, prime, 73c. Oats steady; receipts 38,000 bushels; Western mixed and State 48@50c. Hay unchanged. Hops firm; Eastern and Western 11@18c. Coffee firm and unchanged. Sugar firm; 7¾c for fair to good; 7⅞@8c for prime. Molasses quiet. Rice steady. Tallow steady at 8 15-16c. Rosin steady at $1 80. Turpentine 38½c. Eggs heavy; State and Pennsylvania 19c; Western 18@18½c. Pork easier at $22 90. Beef unchanged. Cutmeats—Western quiet; long clear Western 12¼c; city 12⅜c. Lard a shade lower at 13¾@13 8.10c. Butter and cheese unchanged. Whisky $1 11.

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—Sugar firmer; common 6¾c; fair 7@7¾c; prime to choice 8@8½c. Molasses steady; fermenting, common, 25@30c; centrifugal 30@40c; prime to choice fermenting 40@50c. Flour quiet but firm; superfine $3 62½@4 00; double extra $4 25@4 50; treble do $4 62½@6 00; choice and family $6 25@7 75. Cornmeal quiet but strong at $2 50. Corn scarce and in active demand; prices advanced at 58@62c. Oats firmer at 42@45c. Bran firmer at 80c. Hay quiet; prime 16 00. Pork dull; nominally $23 50. Dry salt meats quiet at 8⅞@9@12¼@13c. Bacon dull at 9¾@13¼@13¾c. Hams dull and lower; choice sugar-cured large 13½c; medium 14c; small 14¼@14½c. Lard quiet; tierce, refined, 14¼@14½c; keg 14¾@15c. Rice dull; Louisiana, common to prime, 3¾@6½c. Coffee quiet but firm; ordinary to prime 16½@19c. Whisky—Rectified quiet at $1 09@1 12.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—Clover seed 16¼@18½c; timothy and flaxseed unchanged. Flour inactive; no demand except on local account; extra $4 25@4 62½; Minnesota family $7 55; Pennsylvania $6 25@6 50; high grades $7 28. Wheat quiet; Pennsylvania red $1 45; amber $1 52@1 53; Western red $1 00@1 15; common to good white $1 55@1 58. Rye 85c. Corn scarce; yellow 68@68½c; sail 66c; white 65c. Oats in fair request; white 45c. Whisky—Western $1 12. Butter easy; New York and Bradford county extras 36@38c; do firsts 28@30c; Western extras 33@35c; rolls extras 36c. Cheese firm; New York fancy 14c; prime 12½@13½c; Western fine 12½@13¼c. Eggs nominal; Pennsylvania and Delaware fresh 18@19c; Western do 18@19c.

BALTIMORE, April 17.—Flour firm and demand good; Western superfine $3 75@4 50; extra $4 50@5 50; do family $5 75@7 50. Wheat steady and firm; No. 2 Western red $1 50@1 52; Pennsylvania red $1 55@1 58. Corn—Western unsettled, weak and lower; Western mixed 66c. Oats quiet but steady; Western white 46@48c; Western mixed 42@44c. Rye scarce and firm at 80@86c. Hay scarce and firm; Maryland and Pennsylvania $21 00@25 00. Provisions quiet but steady. Pork $23 00. Bulkmeats—Shoulders 8⅝@9c; clear rib 12@12½c, loose. Bacon—Shoulders 10¼@10½c; clear rib 13¼@13½c. Hams 15c. Lard firm; refined 14¾c; crude—none offering. Butter quiet and easier; Western, prime to choice, 33@35c; good to prime 30@33c. Coffee quiet and heavy; Rio cargoes 15¾@18¾c; jobbing at 16¼@19¼c. Whisky firmer at $1 12½.

CINCINNATI, April 16.—Cotton quiet but steady at 12½c. Flour quiet and unchanged; family $5 00@6 00. Wheat in fair demand at $1 18@1 30. Corn scarce and firm, higher at 54@55c. Oats steady at 41@43c. Rye steady 73@75c. Barley dull and weak; No. 2 spring $1 05@1 08. Pork easier at $22 50. Lard inactive; steam 13½c; kettle 14@14½c. Bulkmeats easier; shoulders held at 8¼c; clear rib 11¾c; clear nominally 12@12½c. Bacon dull at 9½@12½@13c. Whisky firm at $1 07.

TOLEDO, April 17.—Flour steady. Wheat fairly active and a shade higher; No. 2 white Wabash $1 38; No. 1 white Michigan $1 29; No. 2 do, $1 16; extra white Michigan $1 38; amber $1 26¾; rejected red 90c. Corn steady and in fair demand; high mixed 55c; seller May 53c; seller June 51½c; seller July 52c; low mixed 54½c; no grade 52c; damaged 49c. Oats steady and firm; No. 2 36½c; seller May 41c; white 40½c; Michigan 36½c.

BOSTON, April 17.—Flour steady and firm; Western superfine $4 00@4 50; common extras $4 75@5 25; Wisconsin extras $5 50@6 25; Minnesota $5 50@7 25; winter wheat Ohio, Indiana and Michigan $6 00@7 25; Illinois $6 25@8 50; fancy Minnesota $7 25@9 50. Corn steady; mixed and yellow 72@75c. Oats in moderate demand; mixed and No. 2 white 46@50c; rejected 43c.

LOUISVILLE, April 17.—Cotton quiet at 12½c. Flour dull; extra $3 75; extra family $4 50. Wheat firm at $1 15@1 30. Corn firm at 45@46c. Oats dull at 39@42c. Rye firm at 83c. Pork $22 50@23 00. Lard—Keg 15@16c. Bulkmeats firm at 8¼@11.85@12½c. Bacon 9½@12¾@13½c. Whisky quiet but steady at $1 07.

MILWAUKEE, April 17.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 16½; do hard $1 25; No. 2 $1 08; No. 3, 97½c. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 48c. Oats steady; No. 2 33c. Barley firm at 71½c. Rye quiet; No. 1 53c.

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—Cotton higher. Flour—Only a small order business. Wheat firmer at $1 49. Corn steady at 48c. Oats quiet at 41c. Rye—Nothing doing. Barley firm; Canada $1 05@1 08. Provisions—Only a small jobbing trade.

OSWEGO, April 17.—Wheat steady; extra white Michigan $1 56; No. 1 white Michigan held at $1 46; No. 1 Milwaukee club $1 36. Corn steady at 66c. Barley lower; No. 1 Canada 95c.

MEMPHIS, April 17.—Cotton quiet but steady at 12⅜c. Flour firm and unchanged. Corn quiet at 52c. Oats dull at 48@52c. Lard dull at 15½c. Bacon quiet at 8¾@12½@12¾c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, April 18.—There was more activity in the packing and jobbing branches of trade, but foreign goods ruled quiet. Prints in fair demand but weak. Manchester, Hamilton, American and Dunnell's reduced to 6½c. American shirtings 5¾c. Woolens dull. Dress goods more active.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, April 15.—Cotton quiet at 13¾@13 7-16c. Futures closed barely steady; 13 5-32c May; 13 5-16c June; 13 9-16c July; 13 25-32@13 15-16c August; 13 15-16c September.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK.

Idaho	April 18	Liverpool.
Bothnia	April 19	Liverpool.
State of Pennsylvania	April 20	Glasgow.
Gellert	April 20	Hamburg.
Celtic	April 22	Liverpool.
Bolivia	April 22	Glasgow.
France	April 22	Havre.
England	April 22	Liverpool.
City of Montreal	April 22	Liverpool.
Maine	April 22	Bremen.
Othello	April 22	Hull.
Nevada	April 25	Liverpool.
Abyssinia	April 26	Liverpool.
Pommerania	April 27	Hamburg.
Adriatic	April 29	Liverpool.
City of Paris	April 29	Liverpool.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Lord Clive	April 20	Liverpool.
Vaderland	April 21	Antwerp.
Indiana	April 27	Liverpool.

FROM BOSTON.

Batavia	April 22	Liverpool.
Atlas	April 29	Liverpool.

ST. LOUIS.—In speaking of the steamer Grand Republic, the *Republican* says: We refer to this steamer with feelings of pure satisfaction, as she is owned by a citizen of St. Louis, and as officered by St. Louis men, as well as being the largest and finest craft in American waters. The Grand Republic will roll her huge dimensions out of port on Sunday morning. John Hartupee says her machinery is excellent and in fine order. We look for the Grand Republic to be a speedy boat. Her departure would be celebrated by artillery salvos if she would leave this evening, but as she leaves on Sunday, the holiness of the day must be observed. New Orleans and Eadsport will receive her with rejoicing.

Croakers talk about the Republic as about all great enterprises. Upon careful calculation we fail to discover why the Grand Republic can't clear $6,000 per round trip, even at the present minimum freight rates, and setting down her expenses at the enormous sum of $600 per day.

The Republic was drawing seven feet last evening. To put her down in the water is found to be a difficult task. She has on board and engaged 3,000 tons of freight. Captain Thorwegan designs keeping her guards clear of the water.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE, PITTSBURGH, PA., April 17, 1876.

The following is the daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending at 3 P. M.:

STATIONS.	ABOVE L'W W'R Ft.	ABOVE L'W W'R In.	CHANGE — OR + Ft.	CHANGE — OR + In.	DIRECTION OF WIND.	STATE OF WEATHER.
Brownsville	1	4	—0	7	W.	Cloudy.
Brunswick	13	10	—1	12	N.	Clear.
Cairo, Ill	38	9	—0	8	N. W.	Fair.
Cincinnati	24	0	—0	10	N. W.	Fair.
Confluence	2	0	—0	4	N. W.	Cloudy.
Davenport	13	6	—0	9	N. W.	Cloudy.
Dubuque	14	11	+0	1	N. W.	Fair.
Evansville	22	0	—1	6	N. W.	Cloudy.
Freeport	12	0	..	..	N. W.	Fair.
Hermann	14	3	—1	10	N. W.	Clear.
Jeffers'n C'y	13	11	..	..	S. W.	Clear.
Kansas City	17	5	—0	2	N.	Clear.
Keokuk	17	3	—2	2	N. W.	Fair.
Leavenw'th	14	9	..	..	N. W.	Clear.
Le Claire	10	0	..	..	N. W.	Cloudy.
Lexington	13	1	—0	2	W.	Clear.
Little Rock	21	11	..	..	N.	Fair.
Louisville	10	2	—0	2	W.	Cloudy.
Marietta	18	1	..	..	....	....
Memphis	34	3	—0	3	N. W.	Cloudy.
Morgant'wn	2	4	—0	2	W.	Cloudy.
Nashville	12	9	—0	1	W.	Cloudy.
New Geneva	0	8	—4	3	S. W.	Threatng.
Oil City	8	0	..	..	W.	Cloudy.
Omaha	12	1	—1	1	N. W.	Clear.
Paducah	30	6	..	..	N. W.	Clear.
Pittsburgh	10	6	—1	2	N. W.	Cloudy.
Plattsmo'th	9	6	—1	7	N. W.	Fair.
St. Joseph	13	0	—0	2	N. W.	Clear.
St. Louis	27	1	—0	10	N. W.	Fair.
Vicksburg	43	8	..	..	N. W.	Clear.
Jonsonville	12	5	—0	7	N. W.	Cloudy.

SPECIAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

MORGANTOWN, W. VA., April 17, 1876.

River 2 feet 4 inches and falling. Weather cloudy; thermometer 47.

GREENSBORO, PA., April 17, 1876.

River 5 feet and falling. Weather cloudy and cool.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., April 17, 1876.

River 6 feet and falling slowly. Weather cloudy; thermometer 42 at 7 P. M.

WHEELING, W. VA., April 17, 1876.

Weather cloudy and cool. River 16 feet 6 inches and falling. Arrived—Andes, Cincinnati. Departed—Exchange, Pittsburgh; Express, Parkersburgh. Up—John Dippold. and Charlie Brown, Down—Tom Reese No. 2 and McDonald.

IRONTON, O., April 17, 1876.

The towboat Oakland passed Ironton at 4:35 P. M., and Huntington at 6:07, making the run in one hour and thirty-two minutes. River rising fast.

POMEROY, O., April 17, 1876.

River rising. Up—Emma Graham, Pittsburgh; Hawkeye No. 2, from Kanawha; Enterprise, with embties. Down—Baltic, with coal; Rover, Fred Wilson, Lioness No. 2, Condor, Hornet and Boaz, the latter with four tows of coal. Weather clear and cool.

[By Associated Press.]

EVANSVILLE, April 17.—Weather cloudy and cool; mercury 53 to 58. River 26 7-10 feet and about stationary. Down—Robt. Mitchell, Vint Shinkle and Sandy No. 2. Up—Grey Eagle, Geo. Roberts R. E. Lee and Red Cloud. Business light. The Lee has a good trip of freight and people.

CAIRO, April 17.—Arrived—Chas. Morgan, New Orleans; Eddyville, Nashville. Departed—Chas. Morgan, Cincinnati. River 39 feet 9 inches and rising. Weather clear and windy; mercury 52.

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—The towboat Dictator, belonging to Hughes, Loomis & Co., ice dealers of this city, collided with the bridge at Hannibal, Mo., at eight o'clock this morning, and was completely wrecked. Harry Young, the clerk, and eight others of the crew, names not reported, drowned. No particulars yet.

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—The *Republican's* special from Hannibal, referring to the wreck of the towboat Dictator, says: The boat struck the bridge at half-past three instead of eight o'clock. She was going up stream, and as she emerged from the upper end of the "draw," was swung around by the current and struck the pier amidships, where she hung about three minutes, when she careened, parted in the middle and went down; but in doing so her barge was raised up and the shore span of the bridge lifted from the pier and thrown into the river. Following are the names of the lost: Pat. Carey, Dick Crouse and Frank Scheinman, firemen; Chas. Brown and Seiser, deck hands; Wm. Foster, second engineer; Henry Young, clerk, and the cook, cabin boy and a pumper on the barge, names unknown. The boat is a total loss, and the whereabouts of the wreck cannot be found.

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth Page

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

Chieftain	Donaldson	Geneva.
Elector	Abrams	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Boyd	Elizabeth.

Departed.

Chieftain	Donaldson	Geneva.
Geneva	M. A. Cox	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Boyd	Elizabeth.
Mallie Ragon	Muhleman	Wheeling.
Salt Valley	DeWolf	Ironton.
Exchange	Shuman	Nashville.

MONONGAHELA—Ten feet five inches and falling.

Boats Advertised for This Day.

Brownsville and Geneva		8 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Zanesville	Carrie Brooks	Darlington, 3 P. M.
Portsmouth	Exchange	Kirker, 4 P. M.

THE marks last evening indicated ten feet five inches and falling. The weather was cool, but not unpleasant. Trade on the landing was fair.

CAPTAIN JOHN B. HALL has been appointed wharfmaster at Evansville.

THE steamer Salt Valley, Captain DeWolf, left for Ironton with a good trip.

THE "Pine Knot" is the way the Peninah's name looks after being telegraphed from Louisville.

CAPTAIN GEORGE MOXSY paid $1,250 for the Bon Accord. She is being wrecked at St. Louis.

AS USUAL the Mallie Ragon, Captain Muhleman, left for Wheeling on time with a good trip.

CAPTAIN GEORGE WOLF, of the Cherokee, is sick with breakbone fever, aboard of his steamer.

AMONG the first boats due are the Mary Miller, Captain Shunk, and John L. Rhoads, Captain J. M. Vandergrift.

THE handsome sidewheelers on the slackwater leave daily at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M for Brownsville and Geneva.

THE people's favorite Granite State, Captain Kerr, left Portsmouth for this port yesterday. She will leave here on her regular day.

CAPTAIN DAVIS has sold an interest in the Laura L. Davis to St. Louis parties, and purchased an interest in the J. L. Bransford.

THE powerful towboat Barnard and barges, Captain Cramer, is receiving for St. Louis and way points, and will leave on Thursday.

CAPTAIN MILLER, of the Thompson Dean, now loading at Cincinnati, has adopted Captain Tom Shields' plan, and says "No agents need apply."

THE regular weekly packet Emma Graham, Captain Russell, will arrive this evening and take her departure on Wednesday for Cincinnati and way points.

THE St. Louis freight of the John L. Rhoads for this port, consists of 300 tons of ore, 40 do barytes, 30 do blooms, 30 do pig iron, 1,200 sacks of shipstuff, 1,200 do corn.

THE splendid sidewheel steamer Arlington, Captain D. Moore, is receiving for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi to leave on Thursday. Passengers and shippers can bear this in mind.

THE St. Louis *Railroad and River Manifest* made its bow to the public on Thursday. It is a neatly printed sheet and is edited by Mr. Will J. Rhodes, a well-known river and commercial editor.

LON. BRYSON and Jim Osborn, of Davenport, Iowa, agents of the K. N. Line and the Diamond Jo Line, respectively, have gone into the commission, forwarding and storage business, but not as partners.

THE fine passenger steamer Andes, Captain Muhleman, takes her departure this day from Bellaire for Cincinnati on the arrival of the 1:40 P. M. train from this city. This boat and officers are A No. 1.

THE Cincinnati *Times* believes there is an actual demand for bars on steamboats, and declares that the class of men who lease the bar privileges are gentlemen and generally men of resources, whose characters are unimpeachable.

HARD ON THE MORGAN.—A letter from Vicksburg mentioning the departure of the Lee and Morgan from New Orleans on the same day, and expresses the opinion that the Lee will be dismantled at Louisville before the Morgan reaches that point.

THE Cairo *Bulletin* says: The big Dutch Bismarck gave us the go-by. She didn't stop, going straight up the river.

The Grand Republic takes 1,000 bales of cotton as freight from here to New Orleans. That city (New Orleans) is becoming quite a receiving cotton point.

THE favorite packet Carrie Brooks, Captain H. Darlington, takes her departure this day at 3 P. M. for Marietta and Zanesville. The Brooks is one of the most punctual boats that comes to this port. Mr. Pitman is in the clerk's office. Passengers will receive the best of treatment.

THE ice went out of the Chippewa river on Saturday, and in so doing, "moved six piers at Round Hill." Mr. Irwine sends for "six anchors of 700 to 1,000 pounds weight each to hold the boom, which is still safe." Round Hill is at the head of Beef Slough, about eighteen miles up from the mouth of the Chippewa.

CAPTAIN ANSYL PHILLIPS, having the future welfare of the crew of the Grand Republic in view, has presented the boat with a splendid illuminated copy of Holy Writ, which, if they will read and ponder on properly, will advance their interests in the next world—if it does not put up the price of freight in this.

THE St. Louis *Republican* of Saturday says: The Upper Mississippi and Missouri and their tributaries are very high. There is a big rise running into Lake Pepin, which is expected to give way now almost every day, opening navigation to St. Paul. There is a freshet in Iowa river, the Des Moines and other Northern streams.

AS WILL be seen by refering to our advertising columns, the first-class packet Exchange has been purchased expressly for the Pittsburgh and Portsmouth trade. This boat is one of the best of her class afloat. She will leave here every Tuesday at 4 P. M. James M. Kirker will be in command, while the Maddy Brothers, late of the Salt Valley, will have charge of the office.

COAL is still going out in small quantities to the lower markets. The fact is, shippers don't appear very anxious. The price in the Western and Southern cities is quite low. For Cincinnati, the Lioness had 12 barges of coal, 166,000 bushels, and 1 of coke, 20,000 bushels; Coal Valley, 10 barges, 120,000 bushels. For Louisville, N. J. Bigley, 10 barges, 120,000 bushels. Others will leave, provided they can procure a tow.

CINCINNATI.—The Thomas Sherlock will hereafter leave Cincinnati for New Orleans every third Wednesday during the season. We now have three packets that propose to leave on regular time, viz.: Mary Houston, every third Tuesday; Thomas Sherlock, every third Wednesday, and Charles Morgan, every third Saturday. This is as it should be, to insure an increase of trade and travel.

THE following act, approved April 5, has become a law of the land, and is now in operation:

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi, That there shall be a lien law, in favor of every merchant, coal merchant, supply man, material man, or repairer upon any vessel, steamboat, or other water craft, owned by citizens of this State, or plying between any ports or landings in this State, or exclusively upon any of the navigable waters of this State, and upon all the furniture, tackle, apparel and equipments of the same, to secure the price or value of any merchandise, fuel, material or supplies furnished to such domestic vessel, steamboat or other water craft, or the price or value of any repairs which may be made upon the same; and such lien shall be upon the vessel, steamboat or other water craft itself; and upon all the furniture, tackle, apparel and equipments of the same, without reference to the ownership thereof, and shall be superior to any mortgage on the same, created by the owners thereof, and shall be enforceable against such vessel, steamboat or other water craft, and the furniture, tackle, apparel and equipments of the same, in the hands of any subsequent purchaser, whether *bona fide* or otherwise; provided, that proceedings to enforce such lien shall be commenced within ninety days after the purchaser shall have purchased the same.

Our River Correspondence.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

IRON ORE PILE, April 13, 1876.

We left St. Louis this evening with about 200 tons. Will take on 300 tons of ore for J. Painter & Sons, and have engagements along the river for several nice lots of freight. The Grand Republic was out in the river last night and to-day. Her cabin was open for visitors. She leaves for New Orleans Saturday, and I suppose with a big trip of people, and will extend the trip down to the jetties. We have had several very warm days, but to-day has been very blustering and cold.

J. C. F.,
Steamer J. L. Rhoads.

Old Time Boats.

The following is a list of steamboats built and registered at Pittsburgh during the year 1838, together with date and tonnage. The largest was the Lady of the Lake, a cotton boat built by our townsman R. Frisbee, who is still living. The smallest was the Davy Crockett, a towboat, built for harbor purposes. It was in this year that the Tribune was built by Captain James Boyd, who is still hale and hearty. The Tribune was probably the fastest four boiler boat of her day. The Cincinnati mail packets Fike and Franklin wasn't amusement for her:

STEAMBOATS BUILT IN 1838.

Date.	Name.	T.	Date.	Name.	T.
Feb. 2	Norfolk	219	April 30	Pekin	105
Mar. 8	Desmoines	93	June 5	Fike	36
Mar. 8	Tiber	208	June 28	Western	151
Mar. 12	Maine	145	July 10	Daisy	68
Mar. 13	Tribune	221	Aug. 15	L'dy Morg'n	59
Mar. 14	Brownsville	80	Aug. 24	John Stacker	72
Mar. 16	Holstein	105	Oct. 16	Oconee	115
Mar. 16	Davy Crock't	21	Oct. 31	Julia Gratiot	45
Mar. 19	Empire	132	Nov. 13	Rhine	118
Mar. 31	Knickerboc'r	169	Nov. 16	President	71
April 2	Gov. Dodge	219	Nov. 16	Lady of Lake	286
April 5	Melton	74	Nov. 20	Express	192
April 12	Franklin	34	Nov. 20	Thames	138
April 16	Czar	184	Nov. 24	De Kalb	126
April 2	Platte	158	Dec. 3	P. Miller	154

RECEIPTS OF MERCHANDISE.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway.

F W Jenkins & Bro, 433 bbls flour; T C Jenkins, 210 do; Schomaker & Co, 600 do; W E Schmertz & Co, 1 case leather; A C Bakewell & Co, 4 bdls cases; J S Finch & Co, 10 bbls whisky; Scobie, Reed & Smith, 60 bags seed; Kramer & Vogleson, 10 bbls crackers, 27 bxs do; C H Kelly & Co, 2 crates sewing machine ware; Ward & Ferguson, 1 bbls scrap glue; Allen Kirkpatrick & Co, 50 bags cloverseed; Moorhead & Co, 547 slaps spelters; J Roberts, 100 bbls flour; C F Wells & Co, 598 pigs lead; W T Miller, 72 bales hay; J S Dilworth & Co, 100 bbls flour; England & Bindley, 6 tire benders; "B A," 4408 Butler st, 3 pipes wine, 1 do brandy, 1 case do; J C Austin, 1 bbl min water; S Klinardlinger, 3 do whisky, 1 hf do brandy, 3 casks do; Atwood & McCaffrey, 3 bbls bolts and nuts, 2 do oil; J Porterfield & Co, 1 bx canned tongues; Reese Owens & Co, 35 bbls beef hams; J L Dunseath & Co, 10 tcs lard; Casey Fogarty, 25 bbls spirits; S Ewart & Co, 100 boxes soap; Reese Owens & Co, 3,111 pcs shoulders, 100 tcs white grease; Peabody, Hugus & Co, 100 bbls flour; Wm Buente, 1 car stone; Atlantic Glass Co, 5 bxs glass ware; Gallinger & Co, 5 bbls do, 1 bx do; J H Lippincott, 15 bxs do; Callery & Co, 6 bdls leather; J W Meek, 6 cases coffins; Curry & Metzgar, 35 doz brooms; P Wolff, lot scrap iron and steel; J White, Jr & Co, 17 scks potatoes; W P Townsend & Co, 24 kegs rivets, 10 casks do, 4 bdls wire; Davis, Chambers & Co, 12 sks kegs; H Gerwig & Sons, 3 bales twine; Logan, Gregg & Co, 3 cases cutlery, 24 bdls shovels; Fahnestock & Murray, 10 bdls shovels; Whitmore, Wolf, Lane & Co, 21 do; Edgar Thomson Steel Works, 1 car limestone; N J Braden, 108 bxs cheese, 6 crates eggs; Peabody, Hugus & Co, 5 bxs butter; J C Bidwell, 1 crate plow rounds; Head, Carson & Co, 4 crates eggs; B Pflaum, 20 sks glue scraps, 2 do tails; Fahnestock & M, 6 bdls forks, 10 do hdles; Jones & L, 1 car potatoes; Keil & R, 176 bags oats; J S Ramsey & Co, 45 bbls oil; Park, Bros & Co, 8 hickory logs, lot poles; Davis, C & Co, 15 bags kegs; Voigt, M & Co, 83 sks potatoes, 6 barrels eggs, 1 keg butter; G W Henderson, 75 bbls cement; Keil & R, 35 bags rye; Thos Fawcett, 4 crates maple syrup; Wilbert & W, 1 bx bacon; Frauenheim & Co, 64 pcs beech wood; B H Voskamp & Co, 100 bbls flour; Reymer Bros, 4 do apples; Head, C & Co, 1 tub butter; L G Graff & Co, 100 bbls lime; Friedley, Bros & Co, 100 do flour; J Lacy & Co, 11 casks pearlash; Klein, E & G, 2 bbls wheels; Laing & McK, 99 do calcined plaster; W C Hopper, 1 car dry ash lumber; Armstrong Bros & Co, 10 bbls hinges; McHenry & H, 1 car wheat; P Duff & Son, 1 do broom handles; R Young, 1 do shingles; Castle Bros, 73 bags cloverseed; Paine, A & T, 50 oil bbls; Arbuckles & Co, 7 bbls eggs; Chas McMurty, 12 kegs washers; H J McCracken, 1 car potatoes; Wilbert & W, 2 do; J L Dunseath & Co, 19 bbls bacon; Wm Morney's Sons, 1 box lasts; W E Schmertz & Co, 2 do.

ELEVATOR.—H J McCracken & Bro, 1 car oats; Marshall, K & Co, 1 do wheat; Hitchcock, Mc & Co, 1 do corn; McHenry & H, 1 do, 1 do oats; J Rhodes, 4 do barley.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway.

H N Kredel, 2 carboys ether, 2 bxs mdse, 1 can glycerine; J Bruenning, 60 kegs beer; S Giesencamp, 6 bdls wheels; Kramer & S, 6 bxs e yeast; H Reuck & Co, 16 cads tobacco; J M Sickle & Co, 8 pkgs do; W & D Rinehart, 7 do do; Penna Lead Co, 3 bbls p lead, 1 bx samples; Caskey, B & Co, 10 bbls eggs; J R & A Murdock, 5 do potatoes; Voigt, M & Co, 10 do eggs; D Kyle, 2 do onions, 1 keg do, bbls eggs; Brown Colbourne, 4 do onions, 14 do eggs; Means, S & Co, 1 do do; J H Loh & Co, 1 do do; W J France, 5 do crackers, 2 do es coffee; J Fullerton, 5 bxs p tobacco; J C Kiser, 10 bbls whisky; J Henderson, 3 do do; L M Brochart, 10 pails tobacco; Omnert & H, 12 cads do; T J Wallace, 10 pkgs do; J Lindsay & Co, 50 chimneys; J Blumenthal, 25 pkgs tobacco; F G Craighead, 10 bgs feathers.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Whitmore, W L & Co, 1 car g stones; Bryce, W & Co, 1 do lime; W G Henderson, 1 do; W S Phillips, 1 do lumber; S & Co, 1 do staves; J L Morton, 23 bdls casting; W F Scott, 1 bale cpt; Nevin & Birch, 1 case n wk; Grove & Bair, 2 do; J R Weldin, 1 do; D P Work, 1 do; J R Murdock, 3 bbls potatoes; W A McCune, 5 cases paint; Reppert & W, 4 ice chests; J D Thompson, 2 cases croquet; J R Weldin, 3 do; J S Reed & Son, 10 do; J M Glendorf, 3 cases wins; B W Jenkinson, 16 pails tobacco; J P Smith, Son & Co, 1 bx hware; Voigt, M & Co, 1 car potatoes; Standard Mfg Co, 1 car clay; J Graham, 1 do oats; Wm G Miller, 1 do do; W B Junker, 1 roll leather; Voigt, M & Co, 24 cans syrup; M McWhinney, 50 bdl felloes; A McClure & Co, 1 bdl wire; J Graham, 1 car oats; L G Graff & Son, 1 do e corn; E Ellis, 10 bbls oil; Roberts Steele, 1 car mill stuff; J D Owens, 1 lot castings; McBane & Co, 18 sks oats; Voigt, M & Co, 18 jugs syrup; Whitmore, W, L & Co, 1 chse cutter; O Barnett & Co, 4 bx eggs, 3 do but; Jos Woodwell, 4 bdl wire; M W Sackett, 2 cases k ware; E Webster, 2 do do; E H Veits, 1 car potatoes; Frank Seigel, 1 do do; J B Hill, 1 do lumber; W C Hopper, 1 do do; J A Renshaw, 50 bxs soap; Arbuckles & Co, 25 do do; P Duff & Son, 60 do do; E H Myers, 25 bbls oil; J Rose, 190 bags e corn; Luebbe Bros, 10 hhds sugar; Walker, D & Co, 50 tcs hams.

Ironton.

BY STEAMER SALT VALLEY.—Mrs Brown, 6 pkgs furniture; J L Magee, 18 packages merchandise; Spencer, McK & Co, 15 m f kegs; C F Davis, 1 pkge books; S R & W J Patterson, 109 bales hay and straw; Stevenson & C, 6 safes; Schulze Bros, 6 safes; J W Drape, 7 bureaus, 1 pkge standards; Henry Berger, 3 pkgs furniture; D W Huntsman, 3 stands; W F Eichenlaub, 4 ext tables, 4 bdls leaves; Caskey & S, 2 bxs butter; J H Loh & Co, 3 barrels eggs, 1 firkin butter; Wm Vankirk, 5 barrels salt; J T Hambay, 10 bxs machinery; J D McFadden, 1 piano and 8 pkgs furniture; James Graham, 95 sks ear corn; Captain DeWolfe, 383 sks e corn, 46 sks potatoes, 4 tubs eggs, 1,000 slack poles; E Poerstell & Co, 1 case cigars; P Duff & Sons, 1 bbl eggs, 1 basket do; E M Johnson, 10 pkgs box stuff; B D Moore, 200 new oil bbls; R Harvey & Co, 5 cases eggs; Head, C & Co, 14 bbls do; Reymer Bros, 50 bxs cigars.

Receipts of Metal, Blooms and Ore.

	Met'l tons.	Ore tons.	Scr'p tons.	Blo's tons.
P'gh, Ft. W. & C. R'y	110	270	10	....
Cleveland & P'gh R R	....	50	....	....
Pennsylvania Railroad	40	....	....	....
Totals	150	320	10	....

HOTELS.

Seventh Avenue Hotel,
CORNER
SEVENTH AVE. and LIBERTY ST.,
PITTSBURGH.
H. W. KANAGA & CO, Proprietors.
Will open for the reception of Guests on or about WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1876.

LEGAL.

ESTATE OF DAVID CHESS, DECEASED.—NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of David Chess, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against said estate will present them duly proven to

WALTER CHESS,
G. R. LAUMAN, Administrators,
112 Water street

GAS FIXTURES!

We are receiving our Spring Stock of
CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, &c.,
Which we are offering at prices to suit the times.
WELDON & KELLY
Plumbers and Gas Fitters,
147 WOOD STREET

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Machinists, Blacksmiths & Locksmiths.
Also, Manufacturers and Repairers of Tools of every description. Special attention given to Grinding Knives, Scissors and Razors,
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Repairing of every description executed with neatness and dispatch.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK
Wood Street, Corner Fourth Ave.
CAPITAL, - - - $400,000 00
Accounts of Bankers, Merchants and others Received upon the Most Favorable Terms consistent with Safe Banking.
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WILLIAM VANKIRK..........Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, JR..........Cashier.

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NO. 33 FIFTH AVENUE.
CAPITAL STOCK, - - $500,000.
J. W. COOK..........President.
R. W. MACKEY..........Vice President.
W. McCANDLESS..........Cashier.

CENTRAL BANK,
NO. 47 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
CAPITAL..........$100,000
Incorporated by Legislature.
Bank of Discount and Deposit.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.
DIRECTORS.
Thomas Fawcett, D. W. C. Carroll,
James H. Hopkins, Julius Adler,
James Bown, J. H. Walter,
Madison Bailey, J. F. Denniston,
George Bingham, Abram Hayes,
Paul H. Hacke, James Wilson.
THOMAS FAWCETT, President.
MADISON BAILEY, Vice President.
M. HUNNINGS, Cashier.

TRASK & STONE,
Bankers and Brokers,
No. 7 NEW STREET, NEW YORK,
Transact a General Banking Business.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD
Bought and Sold on Commission
AND
Carried on Margins.
DEPOSITS Received and INTEREST Allowed.
Accounts of Country Banks and Bankers received on favorable terms.

J. K. AMISON, W. M. STEWART, J. H. KERSHOW
ESTABLISHED 1835.
B. K. Jamison & Co.,
BANKERS,
N. W. Cor. Third and Chestnut Sts., Phila.
Dealers in Pittsburgh Bonds and all other investment Securities.
Loans negotiated on marketable collaterals at current rates.
Deposits of Banks and Bankers received, subject to check at sight. Interest allowed according to agreement.

MORSE, KIMBALL & CO.,
BANKERS, 18 NEW STREET, NEW YORK.
Members N. Y. Stock and Gold Exchanges. Transact general BANKING and BROKERAGE business.

ROOFING.

SLATE
ROOFING.
Aiken & Co.
CORNER
Liberty and Eleventh Sts.
Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.
SLATE DEALERS AND ROOFERS
Sole Agents for the Celebrated
Chapman Slate.

Hugh Woodside.
Roofer and Dealer in
SLATE,
OF ALL KINDS, INCLUDING THE
CHAPMAN AND N. Y.
Office—870 PENN STREET, opposite Fort Wayne Freight Depot,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
All Orders promptly attended to. Work done by experienced workmen.

PROPOSALS:

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, HARRISBURG, April 14, 1876.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received by the State Military Board until noon WEDNESDAY, April 26th, 1876, when they will be opened by the Board in the office of the Auditor General, at Harrisburg, for furnishing the Commonwealth with the following named articles.

1,300 common Tents.
1,300 sets common Tent Poles.
1,300 sets common Tent Pins.
250 Wall Tents.
250 Wall Tent Flies.
250 sets Wall Tent Poles.
250 sets Wall Tent Pins.
25 Hospital Tents.
25 Hospital Tent Flies.
25 sets Hospital Tent Poles.
25 sets Hospital Tent Pins.

They must in all respects conform to the standard now in use by the United States, samples of which may be seen at the Schuylkill Arsenal, Philadelphia, where detailed information can be obtained. All articles will be subject to a rigid inspection, and none will be received that do not comply with the specifications of the contract. Bids will be received for a part or the whole. Each bid must state when the articles can be delivered at Philadelphia. The Board reserves the right to increase or decrease the quantities, and to reject any or all bids, all of which must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of $1,000, conditioned that the bidder will furnish the requisite security for the faithful performance of his contract. Nor will any bids be entertained except those from manufacturers and dealers.

Proposals to be addressed to "JAMES W. LATTA, Secretary, State Military Board, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania," and to be indorsed "Proposals for Camp Equipage."

JAMES W. LATTA,
JUSTUS F. TEMPLE,
ROBERT W. MACKEY.

NOTICE TO TOWBOAT OWNERS.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, CINCINNATI, OHIO, April 3, 1876.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR TOWING in connection with the U. S. Dredges "Oswego" and "Ohio," during the present season, will be received by the undersigned until noon of April 25th.

Power of boat required, about 15 inches diameter of cylinder, 5 feet stroke, draught of water not greater than 28 inches.

Forms for proposals and any information required will be furnished on application to this office, or to E. J. CARPENTER, U. S. Dredge "Oswego," Pittsburgh.

Proposals will not be considered unless made by steamboat owners.

WM. E. MERRILL,
Major Engineers.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

THE ONLY GRAIN WAREHOUSE
IN PITTSBURGH
WITH STEAM ELEVATOR AND TRACK CONNECTIONS.
LAING & McKALLIP,
Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, BALED HAY AND STRAW, all standard brands of HYDRAULIC CEMENTS, WHITE LIME, CALCINED AND LAND PLASTER, ANTHRACITE AND CANNEL COAL.
Offices—134 FIFTH AVE. and 347 LIBERTY ST. Warehouse and Yard—THIRTY-FIRST ST. and A. V. R. R., Pittsburgh, Pa.

HEAD & McELROY,
GENERAL PRODUCE
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 294 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Sundries.
6 cars Red Wheat.
2 cars Prime Yellow Shelled Corn.
100 sacks White Corn Meal.
1,500 Heavy India Bags.
1 000 Cotton Bags. For sale by
HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.,
349 Liberty street, Office up Stairs.
April 8, 1876.

WHEAT.
A few cars CHOICE SPRING WHEAT, in Elevator, for sale by
DANIEL WALLACE,
353 Liberty street.

APPLES, CIDER, POTATOES, CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY SEED. BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE.
HENRY REA, Jr.,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
305 Liberty st., opposite Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.
Consignments solicited. Letters of inquiry will receive prompt attention.

WM. HOLMES..........JAMES IRWIN
JAMES IRWIN & CO.,
OIL OF VITRIOL, MURIATIC ACID,
NITRIC ACID, ENGLISH CAUSTIC SODA,
AND AQUA AMMONIA
OFFICE NO. 15 MARKET ST., PITTSBURGH

STEAMSHIPS:

AMERICAN LINE.
Mail Steamships.
Only Line Carrying the American Flag
Sailing Every Thursday from PHILADELPHIA
For Queenstown and Liverpool.
CABIN, INTERMEDIATE AND STEERAGE.
Accommodations Unsurpassed.
Rates as low as any other First-Class Line.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents, Philadelphia.
Louis Moeser, 142 Smithfield street, Thomas E. Watt, 78 Fifth avenue, J. J. McCormick, Smithfield street and Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Wm. Semple, 165, 167 and 169 Federal street, Allegheny city. P. M. Cushing, 4320 Butler street 17th ward.

WHITE STAR LINE
U. S. MAIL STEAMER TO LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
Cabin and Steerage rates reduced for the Winter.
For Cabin Plans, Sailing Lists, etc., apply to or address
J. J. McCORMICK, Agent,
57 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

RIVER PACKETS.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.
U. S. MAIL LINE.
1876. 1876.
PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.
LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. AND 4 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 5 A. M. AND 12 M.
For all Points on the Monongahela River.
STEAMER GENEVA..........CAPT. M. A. COX
STEAMER ELECTOR..........CAPT. R. R. ABRAMS
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN..CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKS
STEAMER E. BENNETT..CAPT. P. DONALDSON
For further particulars inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No freight will be received after 5 o'clock.
A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.
R. R. ABRAMS, Superintendent.

FROM BELLAIRE.
For Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Maysville and Cincinnati.
LEAVES BELLAIRE EVERY TUESDAY AT 6 P. M.,
On arrival of 1:40 P. M. train from Pittsburgh,
ANDES,
CHARLES MUHLEMAN..........Master.
LEAVES BELLAIRE EVERY SATURDAY AT 6 P. M.,
On arrival of 1:40 P. M. train from Pittsburgh,
HUDSON,
WM. M. LIST..........Master.
For Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy and Gallipolis.
LEAVES BELLAIRE DAILY (except Sunday) AT 1 P. M.,
On arrival of 8:15 A. M. train from Pittsburgh,
COURIER,
J. HARRISON..........Master,
EXPRESS,
A. B. BOOTH..........Master

IRONTON.
For Pakersburg, Gallipolis and Ironton.
EVERY MONDAY—4 P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER
SALT VALLEY,
SAM. DE WOLF..........Captain
KIRKER AND BUCHANAN..........Clerks
Passengers by the Salt Valley, with through tickets, will be transferred to the Railroad Packets and arrive at Cincinnati at 6 o'clock Thursday morning. Freight and Passenger Rates as low as the lowest.
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON, Agents.

ZANESVILLE.
For Marietta and Zanesville.
EVERY TUESDAY—3 P. M.
THE FINE LIGHT DRAUGHT STEAMER
CARRIE BROOKS,
HARVEY DARLINGTON..........Captain
CHAS. M. BUCHANAN..........Clerk
Will leave as announced.
For freight or passage apply on Board, or to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON,
Corner Wood and Water streets, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
No. 13 Wood street, Agents.

PARKERSBURG.
For Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg,
REGULAR TRI-WEEKLY PACKET.
LEAVES EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY, AT 12 O'CLOCK M.
THE FAVORITE PASSENGER STEAMER
MALLIE RAGON,
J. G. MUHLEMAN..........Master
H. C. CALDWELL..........Clerk
Will leave as announced.
For Freight or Passage apply on board or to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON,
Corner Wood and Water streets, or
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON, Agents.

PORTSMOUTH AND CINCINNATI
For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.
EVERY FRIDAY—3 P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER
GRANITE STATE.
W. H. KERR..........Commander.
R. H. KERR..........Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
Freights will be received on Thursday on Patterson's Wharfboat.
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
No. 13 Wood street, or
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON,
Wharf-boat, foot of Wood street,
G. H. GHREIST, Agents.

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati,
EVERY TUESDAY—4 P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER
EXCHANGE,
JAMES M. KIRKER..........Commander
W. A. and L. L. MADDY..........Clerks
Will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board.
Freights will be received on Monday on Patterson's Wharfboat.
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON,
Wharfboat, foot of Wood street.

CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.
For Cincinnati and Louisville.
EVERY WEDNESDAY—3 P. M.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER
EMMA GRAHAM,
J. T. RUSSELL..........Master.
N. EARHART..........Clerk.
Will leave as announced.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
GEORGE H. GHRIEST, and
S. R. & J. W. PATTERSON, Agents.
SPECIAL.—The Emma Graham will take her departure for Cincinnati at 3 P. M., on Wednesday, positively.
J. T. RUSSELL, Master.

ST. LOUIS.
For Evansville, Cario and St. Louis.
THE STEAMER
BARNARD AND BARGES,
LAMPHIER CRAMER..........Captain
Will leave as announced.
ON THURSDAY, THE 20TH INST.,—4 O'CLOCK P. M.
G. H. GHRIEST,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents,
No. 13 Wood street

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.
For Louisville, Evansville, Cairo, St. Louis. Keokuk, Burlington, Muscatine, Davenport, Dubuque and St. Paul.
THURSDAY, APRIL 20—4 P. M.
THE SPLENDID SIDE-WHEEL PASSENGER STEAMER
ARLINGTON,
D. MOORE..........Commander.
A. J. McCONNELL..........Clerk.
Will leave as announced.
Giving through receipts for Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
JOHN FLACK, and
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, Agents,
Corner Wood and Water streets.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.
Pittsburgh Flint Glass Works,
ESTABLISHED 1808.
BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.
Factory, Office and Warehouse: BINGHAM STREET, between Eighth and Ninth streets, South Side, Pittsburgh.
Manufacturers of all kinds of
Pressed, Cut and Blown Glassware.

Notice is Hereby Given

That the partnership heretofore existing between S. B. Hedges, J. B. Huff, Fletcher Hedges and John McDonough, under the firm name of HEDGES, HUFF & CO., was dissolved April 1st, 1876, by reason of limitation. All accounts will be settled in the office.

HEDGES, HUFF & CO.

THE BUSINESS WILL HEREAFTER be conducted under the firm name of

S. B. HEDGES & CO.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!
James Prescot & Sons,
CHIMNEY SWEEPS.
We also set Grates and do Job Bricklaying. Also, sell the Magic Cooking Range, the best in the market. We warrant to fix any Smoky Chimney. We have also a Patent Chimney to prevent Chimneys from blowing. All orders left at No. 19 ISABELLA STREET, or at the Toll House of the Suspension Bridge, will receive prompt attention.

MANUFACTURERS.

Bailey, Farrell & Co.,
Brass Finishers
AND
FOUNDERS.
BRASS WORK
FOR
Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters,
Engine Builders.
167 Smithfield Street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
New Catalogue packed with first order of goods.

ROOFS.
Wm. B. Scaife & Sons,
119 and 121 First Aveune,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Erect in Any Part of the United States
Iron Roof Frames
AND
Iron Mill Buildings
COVERED WITH
CORRUGATED IRON
MANUFATURERS OF
Corrugated Iron,
FOR ROOFING OR SIDING WOODEN FRAME BUILDINGS.
The demand for CORRUGATED IRON increases yearly as its merits become known, for Sidings, as well as Covering all classes of Manufacturing Establishments where it is desirable to decrease the amount of wood used as a safety from fire.

Totten & Co
FULTON FOUNDRY,
Cor. Twenty-fourth and Railroad Sts
TWELFTH WARD, PITTSBURGH.
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,
Blast Furnace Engines,
PLAIN AND GROOVED
CHILLED ROLLS,
SHEARS AND PUNCHES
NAIL MACHINES, Ernest's Pattern
Ore Pulverizers
Of Improved Construction.
Mills for Grinding Brick Clay
Castings Made Out of Gun Iron when ordered.
ROLLS TURNED.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY,
A. GARRISON & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CHILLED AND SAND
ROLLS,
Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.
ORE AND CLAY PULVERIZERS
ROTARY SQUEEZERS,
Haskins' Patent Double Spiral Pinions and Rolling Mill Castings,
Of Every Description.
Office and Warehouse, 33 WOOD STREET, corner Second avenue.

NICKEL AND SILVER PLATING,
Mansfield & Co.
ARE PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF
Nickel and Silver Plating
AND
POLISHING.
In the most prompt and satisfactory manner, and at reasonable rates.
No. 13 Second Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ALEX. NIMICK, President. SAML. H. JACOBUS, General Manager and Treasurer.
Jacobus & Nimick Manuf'g Co.,
PROPRIETORS OF
PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS
Formerly J. K. Moorhead & Co., founded A. D 1833, and
PITTSBURGH VARIETY WORKS
Formerly Jones & Nimick Manufacturing Co., founded A. D., 1855, Manufacturers of the well known J. & N. and Novelty Brands of Locks and Latches, Fairbanks' Patent Platform and Counter Scales, Paint and Coffee Mills, Builders' and Domestic Hardware generally.
Diamond Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

W. J. HAMMOND
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
SCRAP IRON METAL AND STEEL
Also, Rolling Mills and Forges supplied with IRON CUT TO ORDER or FAGGOTED, as I have Two (2) Sets of Rolling Mill Shears constantly running cutting Iron for Faggoting and other purposes.
OFFICE AND YARDS,
Cor. Eleventh St. and Duquesne Way
PITTSBURGH.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

DICKSON, MARSHALL & CO
General Founders.
HOUSE FRONTS A SPECIALTY.
Corner Liberty and Twenty-third Sts.

PENNSYLVANIA IRON WORKS
Everson, Macrum & Co.,
Manufacturers of all Descriptions of
Sheet, Bar, Band and Small Iron
Office and Works, Second Avenue,
Immediately above Upper Monongahela Bridge.
PITTSBURGH
Special attention given to FINE SHEET.

Mills & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Youghiogheny Cement
LIME AND PLASTER,
No. 258 LIBERTY STREET.

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

Pittsburgh Steel Works.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Refined Cast Steel,
Of Every Description, Also, BEST
Refined German Plow & Spring Steel
Corner Ross and First Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Black Diamond Steel Works
PARK, BROTHER & CO.
Manufacturers of All Descriptions of
STEEL.
Office and Warehouse. Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

Sheffield Steel Works.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO,
Manufacturers o All Descriptions of
STEEL,
BEST REFINED TOOL CAST STEEL.
CAST AND GERMAN PLOW AND SPRING STEEL.
CIRCULAR AND LONG SAW PLATES.
ELLIPTIC, PLATFORM and SEAT SPRINGS.
AXLES AND STEEL TIRE.
STEEL FIRE BOX AND BOILER PLATES.
STEEL FORGINGS MADE TO ORDER.
18 Water and 100 First Ave., Pittsburgh.

REINEMAN'S
New Restaurant and Oyster Saloon,
No. 127 WOOD STREET, next door to First National Bank, Pittsburgh.
Open from half-past 6 A. M. to half-past 11 P. M.
FINE OYSTERS A SPECIALTY.

1876. C 1876.

THE
Pittsburgh Commercial
FOR THE
CENTENNIAL YEAR.

The year 1876 marks an important epoch in American history, completing as it does the
First Century of the Republic
Events of more than ordinary moment are to be looked for; and it is the duty of every patriotic citizen to keep himself informed thereof. To accomplish this it is only necessary to take and read a
FIRST-CLASS NEWSPAPER
SUCH AS THE
PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.
In the future, as in the past, it will be a
Mirror of the Times,
A CONDENSED HISTORY OF THE AGE, giving full and accurate accounts of all events, at home and abroad, including graphic reports of our
Great Centennial Exposition
At Philadelphia.
Special attention will be given to the Progress and Interests of
Manufactures, Mining and Agriculture
THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.
THE COMMERCIAL
MAKES SPECIAL CLAIMS AS A
FAMILY NEWSPAPER,
Every effort being made to render it a pleasant and profitable companion for the Home Circle, while its columns will be carefully guarded against objectionable matter of all kinds. Its
Market and Financial Reports
Will be full and accurate, embracing facts from all the leading Trade Centers of the World, and of great value to Merchants, Manufacturers, Farmers and all engaged in business of any kind.
Its arrangements for securing
Early and Reliable News
Are complete. Having able correspondents at the State and National Capitals, its reports of the doings of the Lawmakers of the land can be implicitly relied upon.
As a Political Journal,
THE COMMERCIAL will continue to be, as it has been, a Republican paper, fearlessly devoted to a bold advocacy of the cardinal principles of the party. It will resist, as well and as prudently as it may, any attempt to force upon the party the support of THE THIRD-TERM MONSTROSITY; and while it will strive to maintain a place in the front rank in SUPPORTING AN HONEST PARTY POLICY, it will reserve to itself the right to OPPOSE ANY MEASURE NOT IN HARMONY WITH REPUBLICAN PRINCIPLES, even though it may emanate from men known as Republicans. It will STAND FIRM, ON ALL OCCASIONS, BY THE PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY adopted at Lancaster, which demands "HONEST MEN IN OFFICE—MEN WITH BRAINS ENOUGH TO KNOW DISHONESTY WHEN THEY SEE IT, AND COURAGE ENOUGH TO FIGHT IT WHEREVER THEY FIND IT."

TERMS FOR THE
Daily Commercial,
Postage Free to Subscribers.
By mail, per annum..........$10 00
By mail, for six months..........5 00
By mail, for three months..........2 50
By mail, for one month..........85
Delivered by carriers, per week..........15

THE
Weekly Commercial,
FOR 1876.
Now is the Time to Subscribe.
36 COLUMNS
OF
CHOICE READING MATTER
EVERY WEEK.
IT IS THE PAPER FOR
THE MERCHANT,
THE FARMER,
THE MECHANIC,
THE MANUFACTURER,
THE FAMILY.
Containing a Greater Variety of Choice Reading and Miscellaneous News than can be found in any weekly paper published in the State of Pennsylvania.
Complete Weekly Market Reports
SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR IT.

TERMS FOR 1876.
WEEKLY COMMERCIAL,
(POSTAGE PREPAID.)
One Copy, One Year..........$1 75
CLUB RATES:
Ten Copies, per annum, each..........$1 50
Twenty Copies, " and over "..........1 25
And ONE EXTRA COPY to the getter up of the Club.
Additions may be made to a Club at any time during the year, at the Club price, the subscriptions continuing a FULL YEAR from the time the additions shall have been made.
These prices are invariable. Terms—CASH in advance. Remit in Drafts or Postoffice Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a REGISTERED letter.
SPECIMEN COPIES SENT FREE.
Address all orders and letters to
"THE COMMERCIAL,"
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CITY MATTERS.

On eighty-five cents per month the DAILY COMMERCIAL will be mailed to travelers or to subscribers who are temporarily absent from Pittsburgh. The address of the paper will be changed as often as is desired.

Our Removal.

Patrons and friends of the COMMERCIAL will please remember that we have removed to No. 70 Fifth avenue, Carr's Iron Block, where all will be welcomed.

Base Ball Notes.

The Iron City and Allegheny clubs play their first game this afternoon at Union Park.

Charles Huff, of last year's Braddocks, will fill the position of third base in the Iron City for this season.

Vestrymen.

The following elections of vestrymen in Protestant Episcopal churches were made yesterday:

St. James—F. R. Brunot, Wm. Kyle, Joseph Bell, Thomas Rowswell, George Lindsay, F. Armstrong and John Jackson.

Trinity—J. H. Shoenberger, Josiah King, Hon. Wilson McCandless, Henry G. Hale, H. L. Mason, Walter P. Marshall, Benjamin Bakewell, Jr., C. L. Fitzhugh, Reuben Miller, John H. Bailey, Andrew D. Smith, F. LeMoyne and T. C. Jenkins.

Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railway.

The new passenger schedule on the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railway went into effect yesterday. Trains now arrive and depart from the new depot, corner of Fourth avenue and Try street, city time, as follows:

Depart.	Arrive.
Mono'g'a Mail 5:55 A. M.	Homest'd Ac. 6:50 A. M.
Mono'g'a Ac.. 9:42 A. M.	Pittsb'gh Ac. 8:30 A. M.
Elizabeth Ac. 11:30 A. M.	Pittsb'h Mail. 10:25 A. M.
Mono'g'a Ex.. 3:56 P. M.	Elizabeth Ac. 3:03 P. M.
Homest'd Ac. 5:52 P. M.	Pittsb'gh Ex. 5:47 P. M.

Warning to Girls.

A member of the Women's Christian Association of this city has placed in our hands a copy of the circular issued by the Women's Christian Association of Philadelphia, warning young women of the danger of visiting that city, in response to the letter purporting to come from "Hayes, Arlington & Co.," offering remunerative situations in the Centennial Exhibition. There is no such firm, and the letter is a base scheme to entrap and ruin the unsuspecting. We have already exposed this nefarious plot, and do not deem it necessary to publish the circular.

Obituary.

Mr. Daniel Buckley, Sr., who held the office of Justice of the Peace for Union borough, (Thirty-fifth ward), and who was widely known and universally esteemed for his many useful qualities as a father, husband and citizen, departed this life yesterday morning at three o'clock. He was the father of Select Councilman J. D. Buckley, Esq., of the Thirty-fourth ward, and of ex-Common Councilman L. D. Buckley, Esq., of the Thirty-fifth ward. He leaves a family of six children, sixteen grand-children and one great-grand-child. He expired calmly and we hope has gone to a better sphere.

For the Centennial.

The American Iron Works are running full in all departments. The firm have a contract for some ten tons of shafting ordered by the Centennial Commission for Machinery Hall at the Exposition. Besides this the firm, Messrs. Jones & Laughlins, are turning out samples of their varied articles of manufacture, which they will exhibit. Daily shipments, per car, are being made direct from the works. The American Iron Works will certainly make an excellent showing at Philadelphia, and it is to be hoped that the trouble and expense this and other Pittsburgh firms are putting themselves to will return ten-fold in business to this city. Mr. John Larimer is superintending the work in the machine shop.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

D. C. Galbraith, bankrupt, Venango county. An order was made for the sale of certain book accounts.

Jacob P. Tinsman *et al.* vs. A. O. Tinsman, Fayette county. Motion to ascertain whether the requisite number of creditors have joined in the petition for adjudication, was referred to Register Harper, and also to ascertain whether the said bankruptcy proceedings are in collusion between the petitioning creditors and the debtor, was granted.

Lyman Hokes, bankrupt. Assignee's report of the sale of certain real estate was presented and confirmed *nisi*.

Riesick Brothers, bankrupts, Pittsburgh. Order made for a meeting of the creditors on the 26th inst.

W. E. Kirker, bankrupt, Butler county. Order made for the sale of certain notes, book accounts and judgments.

John A. Carothers, bankrupt, Pittsburgh. The Register's report of the ascertainment of liens upon the balance of real estate sold, order of June 5, 1875, presented and confirmed absolute.

Wm. Dilworth, bankrupt, Pittsburgh. Order made for the sale of certain bonds of the Bellevue Cemetery, held as collateral for the payment of a promissory note.

Bakewell & Marthens vs. Wettach Bros., Pittsburgh. Order made on the debtors to show cause why they should not be declared bankrupts, returnable on the 25th inst.

Howard Greer, bankrupt, Beaver. Hearing on the rule on assignee to show cause why he should not set apart to bankrupt the exceptions claimed, was continued to the 25th inst.

Zug & Co., bankrupts, Pittsburgh. Register's report of the proceeding of first meeting of creditors suspending bankruptcy by arrangement, and appointment of Reuben Miller and John F. Slagle as trustees, and a committee of creditors was presented and an order made for a proper conveyance of bankrupts' estate to said trustees.

Common Pleas No. 1—Judges Sterrett and Collier.

The case of S. Wilson vs. Adam Reineman is still on trial.

Wm. Lang *et al.* vs. Wm. Beeson *et al.*, previously reported. Still on trial.

Mawhinney & Bros. vs. B. Morganstern *et al.* Petition of John Heath presented and the Sheriff directed to execute a deed for the real estate referred in the petition of John Heath and G. A. Mundorff, purchasers.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Moore vs. proprietors of the *Post*; McNeill vs. Mullin *et al.*; Dunn *et al* vs. S. Neal *et al.*; Tappan *et al.* vs. Beeson *et al.*; Gallaher vs. P., C. and St. L. R. R. Co.; Odd Fellows' Savings Bank vs. Porter; Hunter *et al.* vs. Wray; Stuler vs. Casey; Greenwald vs. Sanderson; Allen vs. Miller; Hazlewood vs. Wolff; Greely vs. Gray *et al.*; Fetterman vs. O'Hara; Snyder *et al.* vs. Carothers; Potter *et al.* vs. West *et al.*; Myers vs. Hoeveler; Greenwald & Co. vs. Roeder.

Common Pleas No. 2—Judge White.

John Thomas and George Sampson vs. Felix C. Negley. Juror withdrawn and cause continued.

H. C. Nicols vs. Jonas Johnson. Plaintiff took a non-suit.

David Ewing vs. James Rafferty: an appeal from the judgment of an alderman, in reference to a claim for work and labor done. Judgment of non-suit.

Jared M. Brush vs. A. P. Miller. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Jac vs Einstein & Co.; Hierholzer vs. Hanna; Thompson vs. Onions & Baldwin; McDonald vs. McDonald & Jackson; Hopff vs. Barton & Co.; Britton vs. Bese; Kuhn vs. Mrs. Kimen; Boeltzer vs. Listman; Schober vs. Shoemaker; Stump vs. Shoemaker.

Orphans' Court—Judge Hawkins.

Estate of Mary Fangmein, deceased. Report of sale presented and confirmed *nisi*.

In re private sale of interest of B. C. Robins *et al.*, minors, in certain real estate. Order made for private sale as prayed for. Deed acknowledged.

Same estate. Petition of C. H. Reed, guardian to quit claim interest of wards in certain real estate, to perfect parol partition. Decree made.

Estate of Catharine M. Agnew, deceased. Decree made, funds in hands of accountant to deposit in Dollar Savings Bank under terms of the will of decedent.

The audit list will be resumed this morning, when the following cases will be taken up: Jane Ramsey, Christian Fisher, Ambrose Pearce, John Ross, Markus Wier, Thomas Kiddon, Mrs. Margaret Ryan, Thomas S. Clarke, James Wilson.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

R. S. Davis & Co., booksellers, have removed to their new storeroom, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.

DR. J. P. TREACY has been appointed physician to St. Paul's Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum.

J. MCCORMICK, the old Alleghenian who was arrested for abusing his wife, was fined $50 and costs by Mayor Philips.

MR. GEORGE HARE, SR., an old resident of the Fifteenth ward, is lying very low at his residence on Thirty-eighth street.

PETER SMITH, an insane man who came from Freeport a few days ago, was sent to the Allegheny Home yesterday by Clerk McGonnigle.

A BOY named Scott was attacked and severely bitten by a ferocious dog yesterday, on Carson street, South Side. The lad was taken to his home on Twenty-first street.

A BOY named George Gubbage, of the Second ward, Allegheny, was wrestling with another boy, on Nunnery Hill, last Sunday, and had his arm broken. This item has a moral.

THE Commissioners for Second avenue will be ready to report to Court in about two weeks. The Court is required to appoint viewers to make the assessment for the improvement.

THE sub-police committee on clothing met last evening and decided to place the die for police uniform buttons in the hands of Chief Hartzell, who is to distribute the buttons to the tailors.

A SNEAK thief entered the establishment of Mr. McClure, at No. 1 Twenty-fourth street, Sunday, and was in the act of changing an old coat for a new one, when discovered. He left his own coat behind in his hurry to escape.

THERE are now but $39,000 in county railroad bonds outstanding. A few days ago Controller Warner purchased a thousand dollar bond of the Connellsville Railroad issue, from the Second National Bank, of Cumberland.

THE United States Attorney yesterday presented an information for the forfeiture of the distillery, tannery, &c., claimed by J. G. Wageman. Process of attachment and monition ordered to issue, returnable first Monday of May.

THE citizens of the Seventh ward, Allegheny, held a meeting last evening to consider the project of building a new school house. A committee of five was appointed to ascertain the wishes of the people of the ward. The meeting was slimly attended.

MISS MARY WALL became a Sister of Mercy, at the Webster avenue convent, yesterday, and was invested with the title Sister Mary John Evangelist. The ceremony was performed by Bishop Tuigg, assisted by Fathers Wall, Ferris, Cosgrove, Reardon and Farran, of Tyrone.

THE hearing in the felonious shooting case, in which John Miller is charged with shooting a lad named Fisher on the South Side, last week, took place before Alderman Burke, of the Third ward, yesterday. The testimony was of a circumstantial nature, and the accused was held to bail for trial.

THE finances of the county are in good shape. Since January last the county debt has been reduced $49,388 16, and within the last four years, taking into consideration the $200,000 in the Sinking Fund, there has been a reduction of $600,000. The outlay for interest now is $60,000 less than it was four years ago.

DR. COLE'S report for the week ending April 15th gives the deaths in Allegheny as follows: Congestion of the brain, convulsions and unknown, two each, and of the following, one each: Cystitis, general debility, hernia, hemorrhage, marasmus, purpures, hemorrhagia, urinia and still born. Total, fourteen.

WM. IRWIN, who is about sixty years of age, and who is reported as having been trampled by horses in a stable where he had gone to sleep, denies that such was the case, and states that he was knocked down by some parties unknown. Yesterday morning he was sent to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital.

HARRY A. LEONHAUSER, of Lawrenceville, started yesterday for West Point, having received the appointment to the Academy through Hon. Jas. H. Hopkins last August. There were fourteen applicants last year, Mr. Leonhauser, a High school pupil, having been awarded the honor after a severe competitive examination. He will be required to submit to another examination before being admitted.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Freight Discriminations—The Committee to Visit Washington—About Brazil and the Visit of Dom Pedro.

A regular weekly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday afternoon, General Thos. M. Howe in the chair, and Captain J. T. Stockdale as Secretary.

The first business considered was the perfecting of arrangements for the visit to Washington city, in the interest of the bill to prohibit freight discriminations.

The committee appointed to suggest names of persons representing the various industries, to attend the meeting of the Committee on Commerce to-day, presented their report which was accepted, and the name of Mr. Henry Holdship was added to the list.

The following gentlemen signified their intention of attending:

H. W. Oliver, Jr.
Simon Beymer.
J. F. Dravo.
Thos. Wightman.
John H. McKelvey.
David Hostetter.
W. S. Schmertz.
Jos. G. Seibenick.
T. B. Swearengen.
M. F. Herron.
R. P. Duff.
Jared M. Brush.
D. W. C. Carroll.
Phillip Reymer.
J. Vannote.
A. W. Howard.
W. P. Logan.
Jacob H. Walters.
G. W. Coffin.
Henry Holdship.
J. F. Stockdale.

Mr. Walters stated that the committee would depart *via* the Baltimore and Ohio road at eight o'clock in the evening, and that they would meet the House Committee at ten o'clock this, Tuesday, morning. Similar delegations from Cleveland, Titusville and Baltimore would be present.

After some discussion, on motion the parties named were authorized to add to their number.

BRAZIL.

Dr. E. Donnelly was now introduced and read a very interesting paper on Brazil and the Brazilians. The Doctor was a resident of the country for nine years and, being an observant man, is well able to interest and instruct on the people and their habits and the resources of the country. He is warmly in earnest in his desire to have Dom Pedro visit Pittsburgh and see her great manufacturing establishments.

Mr. Thos. P. Roberts, who was also for a time "a Brazilian," read the following:

My personal experience in Brazil extended no further than a trip along 1,200 miles of the coast, from Pernambuco to Rio Janeiro, touching at the ports of Macieo and Bahia. Near Rio Janeiro I resided for about three years, engaged as a junior assistant in the construction of the Dom Pedro II. Railway. Still, however, during my residence there and since, I have been interested in all that concerns the welfare of the South American Empire.

COFFEE.

Dr. Donnelly has spoken of the staple productions of Brazil. I would like to add a few words in regard to the subject of *coffee*, seeing that it is the widest known of these productions. All are doubtless aware that *Rio* coffee receives its name from the city of Rio Janeiro, from whence the great bulk of it is shipped. Rio coffee is the cheapest, and by many considered the poorest, in the market. But the fact is not generally known that immense quantities of the best Brazilian coffee is sold under the name of *Java*, *Mocha*, or as the coffee of *Martinique* or Bourbon. Professor Agassiz is my authority for the statement that Martinique produces only 100 sacks of coffee a year, and that *Guardaloupe* sold as Martinique coffee yields only 6,000 sacks per annum, scarcely as much as would supply the Rio market one day—say about a ship load. Perhaps no single thing damages Brazil so much as the continuance of a policy which was a mistake from the beginning, viz.: Of allowing this staple product to go out under foreign trade marks. The facts of the case are that more than half the coffee used in the world is raised in Brazil, and our own country consumes half of all she exports—the United States is, therefore, Brazil's greatest customer.

WHAT WE WANT TO SEND.

One great trouble with our commerce with Brazil is that *exchange* is always against us. In vain may we fill up the holds of the returning coffee ships with flour and agricultural produce—but a big bag of gold must go also as ballast. We must ship to Brazil articles besides flour, to make a more evenly balanced trade. England, particularly owing to the fact that she is distinctively a tea and beer drinking nation, manages to more than counterbalance her Brazilian imports. This she does principally by sending to Brazil her coal, iron and various manufactures—just the things that we have and can make here in Pittsburgh. The "State of Allegheny" is more feared in England, certainly hated more, than any other State in the Union, and yet we have never shown our back teeth to her yet, but will shortly in the Gulf of Mexico.

For many years, in fact since the First Napoleon, Portugal has been a business colony of England, and naturally she followed the crown to Brazil with her manufactures. England largely owes her commerce to the fact that by blowing up the rival fleets of Europe in the beginning of the winter, she could bull the market. There is certainly not in Brazil any prejudice in favor of England. If anything Brazilians are more in favor of Americans, as they naturally would be for their largest cash buyers.

We make altogether lighter and neater tools and machines than the English, and now that we have such large amounts of capital invested in manufacturing and labor comparatively cheap, the task of extending our sales becomes vastly more easy than formerly.

WHAT WE GET FROM BRAZIL.

Brazil is altogether agricultural and pastoral, and promises to remain so for a long period in the future, so that there is naturally a no more inviting field now opening for our manufacturers than her broad domain. In the coast cities, of course, large numbers are employed in light manufactures, among which might be mentioned *feather flowers*, with natural colors from birds, which are exported in immense quantities to Paris, and thence, after the price has got sufficiently high to attract the American ladies, they are introduced into New York. The most exquisite forms of jewelry and diamond settings come around to us from Brazil in the same manner. Of course there are many other more useful branches of business conducted in the cities, but none that can be mentioned as serious competitors for American productions. It is only on parallels of latitude—never on the longitudes—that there can spring up sharp trade rivalries. Brazil keeps a drug store. We have a combination concern; groceries on one side, hardware and "Yankee Notions" on the other, and do not object to trade in kind.

Representative or pioneer Americans have already established themselves in the Empire and are rapidly accustoming Brazilians to American productions and American ideas generally.

HARVESTS IN STORE FOR US.

Our country is yet destined to reap a great harvest in Brazil and elsewhere—the seeds of which have been already sown by our patent inventors and mechanics. Spades, shovels, hatchets, axes, and plows and other articles here considered necessities are even yet entirely unknown in many parts of Brazil and other South American States. In lieu of all those mentioned they have simply the hoe and the ancient Roman hand adze. The principal productions of Brazil have been cited by Dr. Donnelly, among which coffee, cotton, sugar, tobacco, rice, beans, mandioca and cocoa. In the southern portion corn, grain, and some of our fruits do tolerably well, but in this southern region can be found immense herds of cattle. The cities of Buenruns and Montrunko, between them having 400,000 inhabitants, can be said to be built up altogether on beef, hides, bones and tallow.

Along the Amazon and its tributaries are India rubber, vanilla, sarsaparilla and an infinite variety of gums, barks and textile fabrics, many of them as yet entirely unknown to commerce. It is thought by some that Brazil might add spices to her commerce, which is now a monopoly enjoyed by the Lunua Islands.

WHAT BRAZIL WANTS.

But with all her magnificent forests of rose and other woods and valuable medicinal plants, and the thousand curious and useful productions of a tropical region, Brazil has not a single good coal mine, nor has she any glass works, rolling mills, steel or copper works, nor is there such a thing as an oil well or a gas well. Any place that has such articles ought to be able to trade with her. Pittsburgh should send her in return an ounce of iron for every cup of coffee she drinks, at least.

WATER COMMUNICATION NECESSARY.

As to the means of developing a trade with South America, I am free to confess my belief that it can never be done through the instrumentality of railroads. If Pittsburgh is to be set down as an inland city it is idle to think of extending our commerce—even to distant States of the Union—let alone Mexico, Brazil and the Bunda Oriental. Neither is it likely that any reduction in railroad tariffs, which we should reasonably expect, and which for other reasons is so earnestly to be desired, will put us within reach of the seaboard as a serious competitor with Eastern cities for a foreign trade. Having traveled up the Missouri river and sat on the deck of a Pittsburgh built steamer, within sight of the Rocky Mountains, and 4,500 miles distant from the Smoky City, I can not easily be made to believe that the freight in the hold could have been transported by any cheaper means, unless it were in barges on the water.

And we have every reason to hope that by the improvement of the mouth of the Mississippi, making New Orleans the great entrepot of the South American trade, that our river barges will there meet with tonnage sufficient and such rates abroad as will enable us to distance most competitors. Certainly there will be no longer any use of sending the oil required for 12,000,000 Brazilians to Baltimore and Philadelphia (true we haven't got the oil in hand just now, its so greasy it slips our hands occasionally, but there is a sure way to hold an eel if you only know how).

With the improvement of the outlets of the Mississippi will come a great re-awakening of the demand for the improvement of the Ohio river, so that the advantages of a permanent navigation may be extended up to us as well as to St Louis. Our people will never be content with the spasmodic way of doing business on the Ohio, as at present in vogue. But still even at the worst the river is the only friend Pittsburgh can rely on for a certainty in the future.

Rev. A. L. Blackford, of the Presbyterian Church, who had been a missionary in South America for sixteen years, being called upon, made a very interesting address, showing something of the trade and business interests as well as the social relations of the Brazilians.

At the conclusion of the address, on motion of Mr. Joseph Dilworth a vote of thanks was tendered Dr. Donnelly, Mr. Roberts and Rev. Blackford.

Mr. A. Marshall suggested that it would be well to leave the matter of inviting Dom Pedro to this city in the hands of the chairman of the Chamber, General Howe.

The chairman stated that Councils had taken action in the matter.

Mr. David Kirk thought that it would not do for the Chamber to adjourn without taking definite action upon the subject. He and his partner intended, if possible, to have the Emperor see the gas wells, and he would like the Chamber of Commerce to take the lead in the matter of attention to Dom Pedro here.

Mr. Kirk moved that a Committee on Invitation be appointed, which motion was seconded by Mr. M. F. Herron.

Mr. Seibeneck stated that Dom Pedro had already started for California, so that there was no need of haste in the matter.

After some discussion Mr. Kirk said that he had thought the Emperor would be here in a few days, and from the information given he would withdraw the resolution.

Adjourned.

To Centennial Exhibitors.

A. C. Mullin, Secretary of the Pennsylvania Board of Centennial Managers, has issued the following circular:

Whilst cordially co-operating with the United States Commission in all measures calculated to render the Centennial Exposition a national success, the Pennsylvania Board of Centennial Managers specially regard the interests of Pennsylvanians, and desire that the exhibitors from this city and State shall take first rank in the competitive lists.

Under the regulations, articles intended for exhibition will not be admitted after April 19th. Space not then occupied will be forfeited. But a few days intervene. You are earnestly requested, therefore, to bring the subject to the immediate attention of your readers, urging upon exhibitors the necessity of having their goods here, or at least on the way, before the day named. If exhibitors will notify us of the time of shipping their exhibits we will assist in their reception and installation.

NATIONAL LABOR MOVEMENT.

Meeting of the Convention Yesterday—Organization, &c., &c.

The National Labor Convention, called by a resolution adopted last winter by a Workingmen's Convention at Tyrone, Pa., met at Lafayette Hall yesterday morning at eleven o'clock.

The Convention was called to order by Mr. George Murcott, of Philadelphia, and a temporary organization was secured by the election of the following officers:

Chairman—J. L. Wright, tailor, of Philadelphia.

Secretaries—Fred Turner, gold beater, Philadelphia; J. W. Stine, boiler, Harrisburg; Charles Brown, shoemaker, Philadelphia.

The following Committee on Credentials was then appointed: Messrs. George Murcott, Chairman Bridge Builders' Union, Philadelphia; Charles Brown, shoemaker, Philadelphia; H. M. Talbot, card grinder, Harrisburg; George Blair, box maker, New York; W. H. Packer, railroader.

The delegates then handed in their credentials.

The following telegram was read to the Convention:

DETROIT, MICH., April 17, 1876.

To the President of the National Labor Convention:

Three cheers for the Labor Convention and delegates. Hip! Hip! Hurrah! May you prosper in the abolishment of the wages system.

C. AHRENS.

For four hundred Social Democrats.

The Chair, in explanation of the telegram, said the organization of "Social Democrats" was now in session in Detroit. Whatever were their views on the political questions of the day, it was understood that they were all right on the labor question, and were in sympathy with this Convention. He then went on to remark that the Convention had no political significance, but it was called simply to promote the interests of the workingmen, and to improve their condition.

The Committee on Credentials here submitted their report, showing that there were ninety-five delegates present. The report was accepted.

The following committee of thirteen on Permanent Organization was appointed by the chair: Fred. Turner, goldbeater, Philadelphia, Chairman; S. S. Grett, moulder, Reading; John Harland, bricklayer, Indianapolis; George Blair, boxmaker, New York; Thomas A. Armstrong, printer, Pittsburgh; A. Saubeck, cabinet maker, Pittsburgh; Daniel A. Dempsey, carpenter, Indianapolis; H. Wallace, ironmaker, Philadelphia; N. H. Leappert, machinist, Cincinnati; P. J. McGuire, cabinet maker, New Haven, Conn.; S. J. Boukard, ironmaker, Reading; Charles Brown, shoemaker, Philadelphia; N. H. Parke, railroader, Reading.

On motion, the Convention took a recess until two o'clock for dinner.

Afternoon Session.

The Convention reassembled at two P. M.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported the following as officers of the Convention:

President—John M. Davis, Pittsburgh.

Vice Presidents—James L. Wright, F. M Harland, John Stine, A. Starrer and G. Leubkert.

Secretaries—Fred. Turner, H. M. Talbot and F. Weydemer.

Sergeants-at-Arms—George Stevenson and J. Conway.

Treasurer—George Blair.

The report was adopted.

Mr. Davis took the chair, and made a brief speech of thanks.

A committee was appointed to procure a cheaper hall, it having been stated that the hall in which the Convention was now sitting would cost $25.

The Committee on Credentials presented a report, which was adopted. The list of delegates was then called over, when it appeared that one hundred and six delegates were present, representing about one hundred and fifty trade organizations.

The Secretary read a number of letters and telegrams from several trade unions. These communications were in entire sympathy with the objects of the convention. The papers were referred to the Committee on Resolutions.

The Committee on Resolutions was announced as follows: James L. Wright, George Blair, P. J. McGuire, H. Wallace, George W. Henderson, Wm. Emerson, Mr. Taylor, John Harlan, Robert Peat, T. A. Armstrong, Isaac Davis, Wm. Haller, E. Strasser, Mr. Braun, Sylvester Grath, H. D McGaw, W. T. Powell, Mr. Lenhbert, Mr. Wydemyer, C. Kelley, H. M. Torbett.

The Committee on Resolutions retired.

Mr. Wydemyer, a communist, offered a paper, which, by a vote of the house, he was permitted to read. His paper was a elaborate argument in favor of the introduction of the co-operate plan by the laboring masses. It advocated trades unions, and a *union* of all trades unions, as the only means of bettering the condition of the working classes. Workingmen should make no independent effort in a political way until they were thoroughly organized according to the communistic idea, when they could assert themselves through the ballot box independently of the old political parties and the propertied classes.

Mr. Wallace moved that a letter from New York, which was on the Secretary's desk, be read in reply to the paper just read. The motion was not entertained.

The Committee on Hall reported that they had procured Schillar Hall, corner of Fourth avenue and Liberty street. The report was received and the committee discharged.

Mr. Wallace renewed his motion, which was carried, and the Secretary read the letter referred to, which proved to be a communication from some German working society in New York. The paper was a tirade against "Internationals" and "Social Democrats."

Mr. Wallace desired to make an explanation.

The Chair said he desired no explanation of such a dirty document.

A delegate—Throw it in the waste basket.

A motion to refer to the Committee on Resolutions finally prevailed.

Mr. George Robinson moved that all who are not delegates be excluded from the hall after to-day.

The further consideration of the motion was, on motion, postponed until this morning.

Shortly afterward a member moved a reconsideration of the vote postponing the motion to exclude outsiders.

The member then attacked Mr. Robinson's motion to exclude, characterizing it as an absurdity. If the gentleman meant to exclude manufacturers, he would say that they were the very men they wanted here. They wished to show them that they were in earnest.

Mr. Robinson—I have no objection to workingmen coming here, but I do object to the emissaries of the capitalists being admitted here. They come here to victimize us.

Another member said he did not wish his employer to know that he was taking part in these proceedings.

This brought a dozen or two of delegates to their feet, who severally asserted that they had no fear of their employers.

Mr. Robinson's motion to exclude outsiders was laid on the table.

A communication from Horace H. Day, of New York, inclosing a series of resolutions, was read and the papers were referred to the Committee on Resolutions.

Adjourned till this morning at 8:30.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

The announcement of the production here of Shakespeare's great pageant, "Julius Cæsar," drew to the Opera House last night a large audience, and one of a rather critical cast. It would hardly be fair, under the circumstances, to speak of the many defects, major and minor, in last night's performance. But little time was given for preparation, and the play is one which, above all others, requires a good degree of accuracy on the part of the numerous supernumeraries; and this can only be attained by hard and long drilling of that useful and much abused class.

Mr. Louis Aldrich's *Mark Antony* was the best piece of acting in the play. He is a fine elocutionist, and fairly won the several recalls accorded him. Mr. Gotthold's *Brutus* was a disappointment to his friends, who know him to be capable of a far better personation than he gave last night. He labored under much disadvantage during the last acts of the play, his voice having broken badly. He will undoubtedly do better this evening. Mr. J. B. Roberts' *Cassius* was very faulty. He is a veteran actor, his best days having passed years ago. He has been off the stage for a number of years, and returns to it with impaired powers.

The stock company did as well as could have been expected under the circumstances, and will make a more satisfactory showing this evening.

The scenery, painted especially for the piece, is very fine indeed, and of itself well worth seeing. The armor, costumes, trophies, etc., are new, appropriate and gorgeous, and render the *ensemble* beautiful when the stage is full of people. The pageants in the first and last acts are remarkable, the cremation of *Brutus* at the close of the play being specially impressive.

With another day's drill for the supers, and another rehearsal by the actors and actresses, an entirely satisfactory performance may be expected this evening.

Academy of Music—"Pique."

The first presentation in Pittsburgh of the play of "Pique," at the Academy last evening, was an event of much interest, and attracted a crowded house. The enjoyment of the evening was somewhat marred by the disorderly behavior of the denizens of the third and fourth tiers; but otherwise the performance constituted one of the most attractive dramatic events of the season.

Concerning the play itself we can hardly accord it that character which its fame and the high standing of the company presenting it had led us to look for. It betrays a double workmanship; at times it is powerful and impressive, and at others it falls not only to the level of rather flat comedy, but to the plane of that cheap sensational drama which is expected to come from the Bowery rather than the Fifth Avenue, and addresses itself to the applause of the gallery gods rather than to the more refined tastes of the lower tiers. It is to be hoped that time will refine the play, rejecting the dross and retaining the gems that it undoubtedly possesses.

The *personnel* of the play, as presented last evening, was unexceptionable. Miss Jeffrys-Lewis, hitherto a stranger to Pittsburgh audiences, won universal favor in the leading character of *Mabel Renfrew*. Her style upon the stage is original and sometimes unconventional; but if at no point failed to be impressive or full of character. The expectations of her audience were at a high point, and they were not disappointed. In versatility, delicacy and accuracy of conception, force of characterization and power of dramatic expression, this new star proved her genius to be of no common order, and fully earned the plaudits which were so liberally bestowed by the audience.

Our space will hardly permit of more than a cursory glance at the merits of the rest of the company. Miss Francis as *Mary Standish* gave a very pure and delicate conception of that character and Miss Congdon, as *Raitch*, was remarkably good. Both of these ladies improved the opportunity to show a higher degree of talent than was expected from their performances last winter. The same may be said of Mr. Ringgold, who, in the character of *Arthur Standish*, displayed an unexpected degree of fire and force. On the other hand Mr. Fawcett's *Sammy Dimple*, while good, is by no means equal to his *Professor Cadwallader*, the deficiency being in the character rather than the actor, who brings out everything in it. Of the other parts we can only say that they were performed with that finish and taste which is characteristic of this organization.

Taken as a whole, the performance is one of rare merit, and we shall look for full houses at its repetition this evening and during the rest of the week.

Library Hall—Wallace's Benefit.

This evening, at Library Hall, Mr. George M. Wallace is to have a testimonial benefit. The list of attractions he offers is long, and their quality choice, as will be seen by consulting the advertisement elsewhere. Mr. Wallace was very unfortunate during his brief management of the Academy, and it is the intention of his friends that this benefit shall be a financial success. Those desiring seats can obtain them at Hale's, 103 Smithfield street.

"Old Duquesne."

Mr. Bartley Campbell has been engaged for some time past in the dramatization of Mr. Charles McKnight's popular novel, "Old Fort Duquesne," and the result of his labors will be presented to the public next Friday evening, at Library Hall, under the auspices of the Fourteenth Regiment, Duquesne Greys. Mr. Campbell's skill in this kind of work is unquestioned, and as he had first class material to work with, it is safe to expect a good play.

The seats are for sale at Hale's, 103 Smithfield street.

DR. G. A. SPRECHER, practical electric physician and surgeon, No. 288 Penn avenue, has in use something new in the way of an electric pen by means of which he issues very neat and attractive circulars.

THE DORN HOMICIDE.

Trial of Frederick Myers for the Murder of August Dorn.

The Court of Oyer and Terminer, Judges Kirkpatrick and White on the bench, yesterday took up the case of Frederick Myers, charged with the murder of August Dorn, at the saloon of the latter, in February last. District Attorney Montooth and Captain Stillwagon appeared for the Commonwealth, and Messrs. John Coyle and Wm. Reardon for the defense. As usual, a long time was consumed in empanneling a jury. The *venire* was exhausted, and two of the jurors sworn were talesmen. Following are the names of the twelve:

Ralph Whitehead,
John Titzell,
Hugh Ross,
Algernon Robb,
Wm. Storer,
Joseph Cupples,
John McCree,
John Ogden,
Thomas Edwards,
Wm. M. Thompson,
John McNieman,
Thomas Scott.

Captain Stillwagon opened the case, and briefly recited the facts of the murder. The indictment charged that Myers on the evening of February 29th at his saloon on Third avenue, under Philo Hall, heated a poker red hot, and thrust it into the body of Dorn, from the effects of which he died, at the Homeopathic Hospital, on the 16th of March. The deceased was a German and a baker by trade, and both he and Myers were addicted to drunkenness. The following testimony was then elicited:

TESTIMONY OF AN EYE WITNESS.

Jennie Gardner sworn—On the 29th of February I lived in the cellar on Third avenue, in Fred. Myers' saloon; he had no family there; knew August Dorn; it seems he had stolen a watch and chain; the watch was recovered, but the chain was not; saw Myers heat the poker and stick it into Dorn. Myers said he would send Dorn to hell if he did not return the watch and chain. The trouble about the watch and chain occurred about nine o'clock in the morning. Myers slept till dark, and about seven o'clock in the evening he wanted Dorn to get up, so that he could lie down where he was. Myers put the poker in the stove, and when he drew it out it was in white heat. Then he ran it into Dorn, but before doing so he called Dorn something in German. I then heard something running like a hydrant, and found it was blood running from Dorn. I wanted to go for a doctor, but Myers said there was no use for a doctor. The bar tender wanted to go, but Myers would not let him. Dorn said nothing. Mr. Miller put sticking plaster on the wound. The police took Dorn away on a stretcher, and I never saw him afterwards.

On cross examination, the witness said Dorn made his home at Myers.

Dr. C. P. Seip was next examined. He testified to having dressed the wound of the deceased. The poker had entered the abdomen, and considerable blood had flowed from the wound. The injury was sufficient to cause death.

Emma Butler, also an inmate of the saloon was next examined, and corroborated the statement of Jennie Gardner.

THE BAR TENDER'S STATEMENT.

Louis Moore was the next witness called. He worked for Fred Myers, from Friday to Tuesday, and was there when the difficulty occurred; tended bar for Myers; saw Dorn about eight o'clock that morning; he was about half drunk from the day before, and said he had no appetite; he went away and came back about eleven o'clock; asked Dorn where he got that watch; Dorn said that Myers made him a present of it the night before; told Dorn he had better give me the watch, and he did so; Myers had accused Dorn of having stolen the watch; in the evening Dorn was in the house again, and Myers was making fun of him; Myers said he would send Dorn two years to the penitentiary for stealing the watch; Myers also threw some water in Dorn's face; after that Myers went to bed; he got up after awhile and Dorn was sitting on a bench; Myers took the fire poker, put it into the fire, let it stay in there awhile and then took it out; he then put his left hand on Dorn's shoulder and flourished the poker around Dorn; I did not see what Myers did with the poker; a little boy called my attention to some blood on the floor, and I asked Dorn if he felt anything inside and he replied that he did not.

On cross-examination, the witness said that when his attention had been called to the blood, he said to Myers that he had better call a doctor; Myers said: "I did nothing; you attend to your own business." Myers was laughing when he flourished the poker.

The hour of adjournment having arrived the court adjourned until this morning.

ELECTRICITY.

Dr. G. A. Sprecher, Practical Electric Physician and Surgeon, No. 288 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Cures all chronic diseases by the various modifications of magnetism, galvanism and electricity.

REFERENCES.

By permission, Dr. Sprecher refers to the following well known citizens:

Hon. J. K. Moorhead, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Hon. John M. Kirkpatrick, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Hon. Edwin Stowe, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Hon. A. G. Cochran, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Benj. Singerly, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Paul Hugus, Pittsburgh, Pa.
G. E. North, Commercial Office.
D. G. Fickes, Chronicle Office.
Rev. Dr. Howard, First Presbyterian Church.
Rev. S. P. Sprecher, Utica, N. Y.
Rev. Dr. S. Sprecher, Springfield, O.
Prof. O. S. Fowler, Boston, Mass.
Rev. C. S. Sprecher, New Castle, Ind.
Rev. Alex. Clark, Editor *Methodist Recorder*.

BOY KILLED.

A Sad Result of "Stealing a Ride."

A boy named Robert Crea, aged about twelve years, whose parents reside at 123 Juniatta street, Allegheny, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon in the following manner: About half-past four o'clock he jumped on the steps of a Pleasant Valley street car on North avenue, for the purpose of "stealing a ride," as the boys are in the habit of doing daily in that locality. At a point between Federal and Arch streets the lad fell off, and just as he did so a wagon loaded with stones came along, one of the wheels of which passed over his head, causing almost instant death. The Coroner will hold an inquest this morning.

Catarrh is a Common Disease,

so common that snuffing, spitting, and blowing of the nose, meet us at every turn on the street. Your feet slips in these nasty discharges on the sidewalk and in the public conveyance; and its disagreeable odor, contaminating the breath of the afflicted, renders them offensive to their associates. There is the highest medical authority for stating that with fully one-half, if not two-thirds, of those afflicted with Consumption of the Lungs, the disease commences as Catarrh in the nose or head, the next step being to the throat and bronchial tubes—lastly to the lungs. How important then to give early and prompt attention to a catarrh! To cure this loathsome disease correct the system by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which tones it up, cleanses the blood and heals the diseased glands by a specific influence upon them; and to assist, use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche. This is the only way to reach the upper and back cavities where the discharge comes from. No danger from this treatment, and it is pleasant to use. The two medicines with instrument are sold by dealers in medicines. TTh&S*

A DEMAND MET.

Wonderful Success of Reineman's New Restaurant on Wood Street.

A few months ago Messrs. E. and George E. Reineman opened Reineman's New Restaurant and Oyster Saloon at No. 127 Wood street, next door to the First National Bank. Merchants and other business men on that thoroughfare had for some time felt the need of such an establishment, where they could drop in for dinner or lunch during business hours, and when the Messrs. Reineman had met the demand in an eminently satisfactory manner, they, as a matter of course, at once secured the patronage of the business men aforesaid. So largely has their custom increased that an enlargement of the establishment became indispensable, and the room on the second floor was fitted up in elegant style, the walls beautifully adorned with fine paper, the floor covered with the costliest Brussels carpet, and, in short, the entire outfit of the up-stairs dining room is first-class in all respects. The new room was opened yesterday, and is now ready for the public. We can heartily recommend Reineman's New Restaurant, with its late improvement, as the best house in this vicinity at which to procure an excellent meal.

367 AND 369 LIBERTY STREET,

Forbes Street and Second Avenue Properties by Auction.

By order of Mrs. Nancy Kier, administratrix of S. M. Kier, deceased, will be sold Tuesday morning, April 18th, at ten o'clock, at the Mcllwaine Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, the following valuable properties: The valuable business property, Nos. 367 and 369 Liberty street; eleven lots on corner of Forbes and Stevenson streets; seventeen lots on Second avenue, near Birmingham bridge; lot on Colwell street, Eleventh ward.

House and Sign Painting.

Those of our readers who are about getting house and sign painting done are referred to the card of Wesley Coulter, No. 226 Penn avenue, which appears in another column this morning. Mr. Coulter is a thorough practical workman of many years' standing in this city, and any work entrusted to him will be executed in the best manner and promptly attended to.

The New Atlas Hotel,

Philadelphia, Pa., is situated within 100 yards of the Exhibition Grounds, near the new Pennsylvania Railroad Depot.

A Rare Chance.

We would call the attention of those of our readers who are interested in the teaming business to an advertisement under this heading, which appears in another column of this morning's issue. The proprietor of this establishment, Mr. John Boyd, is discontinuing business, therefore the sale will be positive, and will embrace the entire stock in hand, consisting of horses, wagons and harness, together with the hauling for the following firms: Soho Iron Mills and Blast Furnace; Everson, McCrum & Co.; Jacobus & Nimick Manufacturing Company; C. G. Hussey & Co.; F. Alden; Hubbard, Bakewell & Co., and other transient work. The sale takes place to-day, at ten o'clock, for further particulars of which see advertisement.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

W. J. France, "the Grocer,"

has removed to No. 4 Diamond, Pittsburgh.

At Very Low Prices.

Messrs. J. P. Smith, Son & Co., No. 139 Liberty street, are now offering a very large line of elegant silver plated castors, knives, forks and spoons, all of the best quality and at the lowest prices of the season. Those who contemplate making purchases in this line will find it to their interest to give this collection of fine ware a careful inspection, and compare prices before purchasing elsewhere.

The Finest Cigars

in the market at 6 for 25 cents. "The Aroma" U. S. C. M.

Wattles & Sheafer, Jewelers,

have removed their place of business to their new store room, No. 54 Fifth avenue (fomerly occupied by Reineman, Meyran & Seidle). They will display in a few days the most elegant stock of fine goods ever seen in this city. Don't forget to call and see them in their new store, No. 54 Fifth avenue.

Glass Shades

for covering wax flowers, ornaments, etc., all sizes, at Armor's new store, 16 Sixth street, between Penn street and Suspension bridge. TThs

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

The Turkish Insurrection.

THE ATTITUDE OF SERVIA—THE TURKS WHIPPED.

BERLIN, April 17.—The Porte again calls the attention of the Powers to the attitude of Servia, whence, it is stated, the insurrection is continually drawing supplies.

Sclavonic advices state that the engagement between the Turks and insurgents resulted in the defeat of the Turks.

ANOTHER INSURGENT VICTORY.

RAGUSA, April 17.—News is received here from Sclavonic sources that 700 Turks attempting to relieve Grahovo were routed by the insurgents under Uselaz Bodich.

THE PORTE REFUSES TO DISCUSS THE DEMANDS OF THE INSURGENTS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 17.—It is stated that Russia supports the demands of the insurgents. The Porte, however, refuses to discuss them, and other Powers approve the Porte's action. Mukhtar Pasha, with seventeen battalions, left Galaks on Saturday to revictual Nicsic.

MUKHTAR PASHA'S ARMY SURROUNDED.

RAGUSA, April 17.—Sclavonic advices have it that the insurgents fell on Mukhtar's rear guard on Friday and drove it to Danga, and that Mukhtar's army is surrounded by Peko and Soccia, between Nogdere and Presjeka.

GOING HOME FOR INSTRUCTIONS.

BELGRADE, April 17.—The Russian Consul General leaves for Vienna at the end of the week. He will probably proceed to St. Petersburg for instructions.

EFFORTS TO INVOLVE RUSSIA AND AUSTRIA.

LONDON, April 18.—Considerable attention has been directed in Paris to the alarming articles in the German papers concerning Turkey. The news from Turkey appears to be purposely exaggerated. Efforts are unquestionably being made to excite difficulties between Austria and Russia.

BARON RODICH'S VIEWS.

LONDON, April 18.—The Russian Telegraphic Agency is informed that Baron Rodich finds the Turkish pacification commissioner will concede no guarantees beyond the promise of the Porte. Rodich declares that such instructions leave no hope of an understanding. The insurgents adhere to the conditions already known. Rodich referred them to direct negotiations with the Porte. Austria deems it impossible to support any conditions except those contained in the programme. Rodich, however, asked Mukhtar Pasha to renew the armistice. Despite this request Mukhtar is marching on Nicsic. The Porte has received the insurgent demands very unfavorably, and adheres to the programme which is here being carried out. Cabinets exchanging views on this new phase of the crisis are resolved to pursue the work of pacification with common accord.

France.

THE HUGO-BLANC MEETING.

PARIS, April 17.—The receipts for admission to the Workingmen's meeting at which Viccor Hugo and Louis Blanc spoke, amount to $1,409. Half of the proceeds are to be devoted to the fund for sending a delegation of workmen to Philadelphia, and the remainder to the relief of relatives of Communist convicts.

INSURRECTION ENDED—SUNDAY'S ELECTIONS.

PARIS, April 17.—The insurrection in Algeria is ended.

In the elections on Sunday to fill vacancies in the Chamber of Deputies, there was no choice in Bourges, and another ballot is necessary. At St. Saveur the candidate of the Monarchists received 5,240 votes, and M. Rollet, Republican, 5,149.

England.

TWELVE THOUSAND LUNATICS.

LONDON, April 17.—The demonstration in Hyde Park to-day in favor of the liberation of the Tichbourne claimant, numbered from ten to twelve thousand persons.

A BIT OF A RIOT IN LIMERICK.

LONDON, April 17.—A desperate fight took place in the steets of Limerick to-day. Messrs. Butts and O'Shaughnessy, members of Parliament for the city, had announced their intention of addressing the people from the base of O'Connell's monument. A procession numbering some thousands consequently marched to the place. A body of Nationalists, armed with sticks, who had previously taken possession of the monument, attacked the procession. The Nationalists were overpowered after a fight, in which many persons were badly injured. The police and military were under arms, but abstained from interference.

LONDON, April 18.—The *Standard's* correspondent at Limerick says the Home Rule procession numbered 4,000, and consisted of trade guilds with bands and banners. Messrs. Butt, O'Shaughnessy and O'Sullivan occupied a carriage in the line. The Nationalists were only a few hundred in number, but were well armed with stones, bludgeons and knives, and had evidently drilled for the fight. The Nationalist, in the first onset, succeeded in smashing the musical instruments and destroying the banners of the Home Rulers, but they were at last driven into a public house which was completely gutted. The cause of the riot was the discontent of the Nationalists, who form a remnant of the Fenian party, at what they declare to be the utter neglect of the Home Rule question by the so-called Home Rule leaders during the present session of Parliament. The intended demonstration in favor of Dr. Butt was a failure. The crowds which were expected from the country did not come in. The speeches could not be heard, as the Nationalists renewed the disturbance. More fighting was feared during the night, and there was considerable alarm, as the Nationalists are known to have revolvers. The police, consequently, patrolled the streets, and some arrests were made. It is thought that over one hundred persons were wounded in the riot, of whom forty are seriously and six, it is feared, fatally injured. At the meeting Butt spoke hopefully of the prospects of the cause. He pointed to the efforts of the party during the session to obtain reforms in connection with Parliamentary and municipal franchise. He declared that if Ireland had a native Parliament to foster Irish industry, Galway and Limerick would each have transatlantic packet stations.

VESSEL LOST WITH ALL ON BOARD.

LONDON, April 17.—The body of Captain Jones, of the ship Victory, which sailed from Shields for San Francisco, has been picked up off Spevin head with a quantity of wreckage, which leaves no doubt that the ship has been lost with all on board.

TIME EXTENDED.

LONDON, April 18.—The *Times* correspondent at Paris states that the Spanish Government has extended the time during which Carlist refugees in France can take advantage of the indulto.

Spain.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE VATICAN SUSPENDED.

ROME, April 17.—The negotiations between Spain and the Vatican have been suspened. The Spanish Government has announced that it will accept the Concordat of 1851, except the clause decreeing religious unity. Spain will await fresh proposals from the Vatican before resuming negotiations. It is announced that the Pope has written an autograph letter to King Alfonso, reminding him of his promises to maintain religious unity and the Concordat of 1851.

Marine News.

QUEENSTOWN, April 17.—Arrived—The steamship Ohio, from Philadelphia.

STATE NEWS.

A Baptist church was organized in Clarion, last week.

The small-pox has made its appearance in several parts of Berks county.

In some parts of Berks county the wells are filled with lizards and green worms.

New Castle reports twice as many births as deaths during the past three months.

A cat that will stand on its head, on one foot, turn somersaults, etc., is a Pottstown curiosity.

Philadelphia enjoys the enviable reputation of being the second healthiest large city in the world.

James Galbraith, arrested at Lewistown some time ago on a charge of robbing the mails, has been found not guilty.

It is stated that $10,000 have been subscribed for the establishment of a new Republican paper in Delaware county.

Walter Smith, a quarryman, was run over by a train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near West Chester, on the 14th inst., and instantly killed.

Mrs. Shrump, of Winfield township, Butler county, was knocked down by a cow a few days ago, and so badly injured that she died a few hours later.

Joseph Powell died suddenly in Jackson township, Northumberland county, a few days ago, under circumstances which lead to the belief that he was poisoned.

In the Cumberland county court, one tramp was convicted of intended murder and another for burning down a barn. Both will march to the penitentiary.

Professor Isaac W. Guiden, of Oakdale Seminary, Pughtown, Chester county, has buried four children within the past year. The fourth was buried on Tuesday.

Twenty-one new cases of scarlet fever were reported in Reading the past week, four more than the previous week. Three deaths occurred during the week.

The firemen of Philadelphia will parade on the 22d of May. The last great turnout of the department was in October, 1865, in the palmiest days of the volunteer system.

Daniel I. Saul, of Shoemakerville, has a cigar that was made July 4th, 1776, by Adam Yuengling. It is well preserved, and a ribbon tied around bears name and date.

A tramp was found in a stone quarry near Myers, Lebanon county, a few days ago, wrapped in a blanket and dead. Upon examination it was found that his death was caused by small-pox.

PHILADELPHIA.

Some Reflections on the Centennial—Mistakes and Imperfections in Abundance, but a Grand Show Nevertheless—The Harvest of the Street Railways—The Extortionate Fares Charged—About Hotels and Their Rates—The Prices of Tickets on Steam Railroads Thought to be Too High—The First Excursion—The Great Engine.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, April 15, 1876.

If we close our eyes and our senses all to the scenes by which we are surrounded, and contemplate the events which have led to the great commemorative festival which is already inaugurated, the mind fails to grasp the process by which the most simple and apparently unimportant causes have led to such wonderful changes and such stupendous results. From this contemplation we open our eyes again to look upon the preparations for the display and the immediate ceremonial, and the scene is no less striking in its visible proportions, or incomprehensible to these reflective faculties, which strive to analyze and comprehend the details of the symbols. Our existence as a nation is a marvellous evidence of the world's progress and of the result of Christianity, and it is now epitomized and made tangible upon the banks of the Schuylkill. We have no national name, and we need none; we are truly cosmopolitan; we are made up of all nations, and our manners and customs partake of characteristics of each; in this representative situation we are recognized by our brethren throughout the world; in no other place could each so completely divest itself of prejudice of race and education, and there is all around the best evidence that the hypothesis is well based. Philadelphia—the name itself is propitious and a good omen; the English Quaker called upon the Greek for the baptismal appellative, and the world now meets and approves the choice.

So much for salutatory; the material for correspondence is abundant, and all of more or less interest for some; to select the salient features for the readers of the DAILY COMMERCIAL will be all that can be accomplished—all that reasonable readers will require; and there will be many occurrences that will escape the most indefatigable. The privilege of criticism is conceded to each and all. Criticism! just see the imperfections and hear all the denunciations of every thing connected with this grand Exposition, and one would have no time or taste for anything else. There are imperfections, mistakes and incongruities on every hand in abundance; it would not be human otherwise. The Exposition is no less interesting or instructive because all is not perfect, and the journalist must group things as he finds them to be truthful, or even interesting.

The city has been in a ferment with "Centennial on the brain" for such a length of time, that there appears to be an absolute lull in the excitement in many directions, especially amongst those interested in the preparations, as general directors, exhibitors, contractors, &c. To those engaged in pursuits not connected with the Exposition, mechanics, laborers and idlers generally, the excitement has by no degree culminated. The street railways have already begun to reap their harvest; whenever the gates are not resolutely closed, there is a constant throng of visitors, mostly citizens, and the besieging of inclosed buildings and spaces and the endeavors to penetrate the mysteries of boxes and bales, shows that the interest of the unknown and unattainable, however tame in reality, is more exciting and interesting to the curiosity seeker than the beauties and wonders spread around with a lavish hand.

It is wonderful how many of our people think that they can keep a hotel. In the great number which have sprung into existence, not only near the Exposition grounds and throughout the city, but within a radius of one hundred miles, public houses are preparing to entertain Centennial visitors. Our brethren in New York anticipate that the great bulk of visitors from a distance will lodge and take breakfast and supper in their town, spending a few hours daily at the Exposition. This will be consoling to those who are compelled to board near the scene. The hotels near the grounds are a remarkable and interesting feature by themselves, and will no doubt be well patronized; but the excited hopes and expectations of many will not be realized. If the policy of some hotel and lodging house keepers was to be adopted generally, there would be the scene of Vienna re-enacted; but, fortunately, all are not so infatuated as to believe there is no limit to the amount of extortion to which the public will submit for traveling and boarding accommodations. There are good places attainable now for a reasonable sum, and there will be such at all times. A few cases of extortion, however, will serve to keep hundreds of thousands, if not millions, of people away. These few instances, which are sure to occur, will be better advertised and far more effective than any explanation or refutation. An attempt was made in Councils this week to take steps toward reducing the fare on the street railways. The single fare is now seven cents, with exchange to any road running at right angles for two cents more, or in all a nine-cent fare for exchange. Four tickets, good on any line—without the privilege of exchange—are sold for twenty five cents. There is a universal complaint against the single rate of seven cents. New York, Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit and most cities have generally adopted the single five-cent rate, and the comparatively high rate in Philadelphia will produce a discouraging effect. Not from the amount that any one person will be compelled to pay for car hire, but for the evidence of a disposition to general extortion. These matters will be speedily published throughout the country, and will have their effect. A five cent fare on railways running east and west, with three cents additional for exchange, will pay the railways well, and will, beside, have a favorable influence upon intending visitors.

The press throughout the country have, with remarkable unanimity, protested against the rate of fare upon the railroads during the Exposition. The high rates will undoubtedly have a damaging effect. Excursion tickets from Pittsburgh to Philadelphia have heretofore been sold at $10; why should not this be made a holiday year, and tickets sold at that rate every day? The roads can make money at that rate, and such a policy would ensure the success of the Exposition, pay them well, and assist in overcoming the prejudice that railway managers are creating against themselves, by excessive and discriminating tariffs. Excessive charges have deterred many from exhibiting, and will prevent many thousands from witnessing the Exhibition. The managers of the Exposition found that the terminal charges were having a very unfavorable influence, and they have very wisely abandoned them. The charges, in the main, were not high; only in a few instances were they likely to be oppressive. It is the general animus that will prove detrimental; excessive railroad fares, extortion by hotels, hackmen, high fares on street railways, &c., will form an aggregate of greed that will keep the great mass of the people at home, and leave the extortionists to bleed each other at their leisure.

A grand Easter-Monday excursion leaves Baltimore on Monday next, excursionists being at liberty to return the same night or the next day. This will be the first popular excursion to the Centennial grounds.

One of the greatest events of the past week was the first starting of the Carliss engine. This beautiful piece of machinery attracts great attention, and very deservedly; it is of itself one of the leading features of the Exposition. There are matters pertaining to preparation for the opening that are of interest, that will be reserved for another communication.

CENTURION.

Returns from thirty-one counties in Michigan show that the Republicans have made a gain of forty-eight supervisors over last year, counting all the Independents with the Democrats.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

Sinking of the Legal Tender.

MEMPHIS, April 17.—The steamer Legal Tender, which left here Saturday evening for Little Rock, struck a snag and sunk last night, about forty miles below Pine Bluff. The latest reports state that she is settling and badly broken, and will probably prove a total loss. She was owned by Harbin & Newland, of this city, valued at $9,000 and insured for $6,000 in the Old Dominion of Richmond, Farmers, Merchants and Manufacturers' of Hamilton, O., and Globe of Chicago, equally divided. The cargo was valued at about $8,000, insured for $6,000, principally in local companies here. Much of the cargo was saved in a damaged condition.

LOUISVILLE, April 17—Weather cool and clear. River falling; 10 feet 5 inches in canal; 2 feet less on falls. Departed—Glasgow, Cincinnati; St. Francis Belle, coast; Golden Rule, New Orleans.

OMAHA, April 17.—The steamer E. H. Durfee arrived at 4 P. M. The leaves for Fort Benton, Montana, at daylight.

LITTLE ROCK, April 17—River rising; 11 1-10 feet. Departed—Era No. 9, Fort Smith.

MEMPHIS, April 17—River fell 3 inches; now 34 feet 3 inches. Weather clear and cool. Arrived—Illinois, Vicksburg. Departed—Ella, Madison; Sherlock, New Orleans.

CINCINNATI, April 17.—River 24 feet and falling. Weather partly cloudy and cool. Arrived, Hudson, Wheeling; Mary Miller, St. Louis. Departed—Whale, St. Louis.

NASHVILLE, April 17.—River rising; 9 feet on shoals. Arrived—Hilman, Cairo. Departed—Silverthorn, Evansville.

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.—Arrived—Susie Silver, St. Louis; Utah, Arkansas river. No departures. Weather clear and pleasant.

ST. LOUIS, April 17.—Arrived—Capitol City, Vicksburg; Dauphin, Upper Mississippi; Belle of St. Louis, Memphis; Lake Superior, Reed's Landing; Brilliant, Muscatine. Departed—Clinton, Dubuque. The river has risen 10 inches. Weather cloudy and cooler.

VICKSBURG, April 17.—Up—Alton. Arrived—Helena, last night.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS.

Cotton.

CHARLESTON April 17.—Market steady; middling 12¾@12⅞c. Mobile—Market nominal; middling 12¾c. Savannah—Market quiet; middling 12¾c. Galveston—Market dull and irregular; middling 12¾c.

Insure with the
Ætna of Hartford
59 FOURTH AVENUE.
ASSETS JAN 1876 $6,497,275.94.
S.S. CARRIER, Agent.

SUSPENDED ANIMATION.

Singular Case in Schuylkill County, Pa.

[From the Minersville Republican.]

Eldred township, this county, has developed a mystery, which, during the past ten days has had that section of the county in a sort of suspended animation, hard to account for. Samuel Hause was, or is, a man of about forty years of age, unmarried, and of the craft of jeweler or machinist—whichever was most pressing. On Saturday, 1st inst., he was over in Deep Creek Valley putting up an engine. In the forenoon he felt unwell, complaining of a pain in the head. Arising from his seat behind the stove he started to walk out and suddenly fell down and was picked up, apparently dead. Physicians were summoned, an examination made, and pronounced it dead. He was carried home and preparations made for the funeral. In the mean time some of the physicians who examined the body pronounced the case one of suspended animation. Nevertheless, wise counsel insisted that life was extinct and the funeral preparations went on. On the following Wednesday the funeral ceremonies took place. The doubt in the case, as a matter of course, contributed from the ranks of the curious an unusually large number of attendants upon the solemn occasion.

After the ceremonies at the church were over, some of the physicians and friends protested against the interment, as there was little or no discoloration in the "corpse," while an indentation in the flesh by the application of a finger caused a change of color, which was considered a sure indication that the vital spark still found a lodgment in the tenement of clay. The body was carried back home and placed in a warm room, but the dead did not arise, neither was there any signs of mortification or disagreeable odor about the corpse. However, on last Saturday, one week from the supposed death, the body was deposited in the grave but was not covered with earth—there still being a disposition to give the dead man a chance, in case he should return to life. Our last information was on Thursday, of the present week, at which time the grave was still left open, and there were many who yet believed that Hause was not dead, but in a trance. It is reported of the man that he, upon a former occasion, several years since, lay in a trance three days, and again returned to his former self. It is also said that he had frequently remarked that when he died he would return to life again in two weeks. There are those who believe in Hause's prediction, and all such will expect to see him rise from his grave to-day—this being the fourteenth day since he left his friends in a quandary as to whether he was dead or merely sleeping.

A ROBBER'S STRATAGEM.

A Footpad, Disguised as a Woman, Tries to Rob a Stage Coach but Fails.

On the evening of Wednesday, April 12th, as the stage plying between Honesdale and Hamilton, Pa., had entered the long and dismal woods north of Middle Valley, and had nearly reached the iron bridge, Mr. Oliver Wilcox, the driver, saw what he supposed to be the figure of a woman, standing by the wayside, beckoning him to stop, which he did. The figure then asked in a strangely masculine voice to ride to Middle Valley. Mr. Wilcox sprang to the ground to assist the figure enveloped in petticoats aboard, but before he could proffer assistance, a large hand threw open the coach door, and a very large foot, incased in a heavy boot, was placed upon the step. Wilcox saw the hand, saw the foot incased in a heavy boot, and shot a glance at the face of the would-be passenger. It was a strange face for a female: although enveloped in a veil a beard was perceptible. It was but a second, and the sharp-sighted mail carrier acted upon the instant. "Wait a moment please, until I arrange the lap robes," said Wilcox, in the most careless manner possible. The large foot was withdrawn and the figure once more stood in the road. Wilcox placed his foot firmly in the step and bending over, as if to arrange the robes, chirped to his spirited horses, which flew away like the wind. Bang, bang, rang the report of a revolver upon the air, and two balls whistled in dangerous proximity to the driver's head. The driver regained his seat, and urging the horses to their uttermost speed, drove into Middle Valley. Two holes show where the bullets passed through the coach. What was the intention of the person in disguise is of course mere conjecture.

DIED:

GOFF—At Sewickley, Pa., on Monday, April 17, 1876, at 11:15 A. M., Mrs. PRUDENCE M. GOFF, relict of the late Philo Goff, and mother of Prof. M. B. Goff, in the sixty-fifth year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, in Sewickley, on WEDNESDAY next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
ASSETS, $5,167,547 46.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES. 84 Fourth Ave.

Pier, Dannals & Co.,
Brewers, CORNER FORBES & STEVENSON STREETS, PITTSBURGH, offer for sale the
Best Cream Ale and Porter
AT THE
LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
ORDERS BY MAIL SOLICITED.
Bottled Ale and Porter a Specialty

J. H. JOHNSTON,
GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS,
285 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
RIFLES, SHOT GUNS,
REVOLVERS,
Ammunition, Barrels, Locks, Mountings, &c., Fishing Tackle, Seines, Nets.
Repairing done. Call and examine, or send for Illustrated Price List.

GORDON'S FOOD
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE.
HORSES fed on this system are always in good and healthy condition.
COWS give as much milk as when fed on the rich Spring grass.
The Great Economical Food for Stock.
PITTSBURGH, August 30, 1875.
Dear Sir: We have used Gordon's Food for Horses and Cattle, and are pleased with its results, feeling satisfied that it is a good feed. We freely recommend its use, and shall continue to use it.
WM. LIVINGSTON,
Superintendent Citizens' Passenger R. R.
PITTSBURGH, August 30, 1875.
For the past six weeks we have fed our horses, twelve in number, with most satisfactory results, Gordon's Spice Food, and highly recommend its use to all who have the keeping of horses.
THE HOWE MACHINE COMPANY,
J. W. Wheeler, General Manager.
Send for descriptive pamphlet to
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JUST PUBLISHED—A splendid new novel by Mrs. MARY J. HOLMES, whose other works are read and re-read with delightful interest—such as "Tempest and Sunshine," "Lena Rivers," "Edna Browning," "West Lawn," etc. Price $1 50.

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JUST READY—The second number (May) of this wonderfully popular monthly magazine and diary of important events and current miscellany. A capital number, full of the choicest reading matter, and a superb steel portrait of Moody, the great Revivalist. Price 50 cents.
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Adapted to Town and Country Houses. Parisian and American styles in FRESCOES and TAPESTRIES, variously designed, with ARABESQUES, SCROLLS, GRIFFINS, FLOWERS, etc. PLAIN or ILLUMINATED BORDERS, SURBASES and FRENCH PANELS to match.
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Complete Stock of Garden Seeds.
Also, CLOVER, TIMOTHY, ORCHARD, KENTUCKY BLUE AND HUNGARIAN Grass Seeds. SEED SWEET POTATOES, (Jersey.) ONION SETS, (white and yellow.) SEED POTATOES, (in variety.) FERTILIZERS, GARDEN TOOLS, &c. Agents for "MITCHELL'S" FARM WAGONS. Full line of FARM IMPLEMENTS. Everything at very LOW PRICES. Send for CATALOGUE (70 pages,) and call and examine our stock.
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Best and cheapest PAINTING in the city at
GRAY'S Paint Shop,
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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT we, the members of NATIONAL CURLED HAIR COMPANY, limited, have this day, February 14, 1876, dissolved by mutual consent, and we appoint O. A. Waggoner receiver, to collect and pay all claims of said Company.
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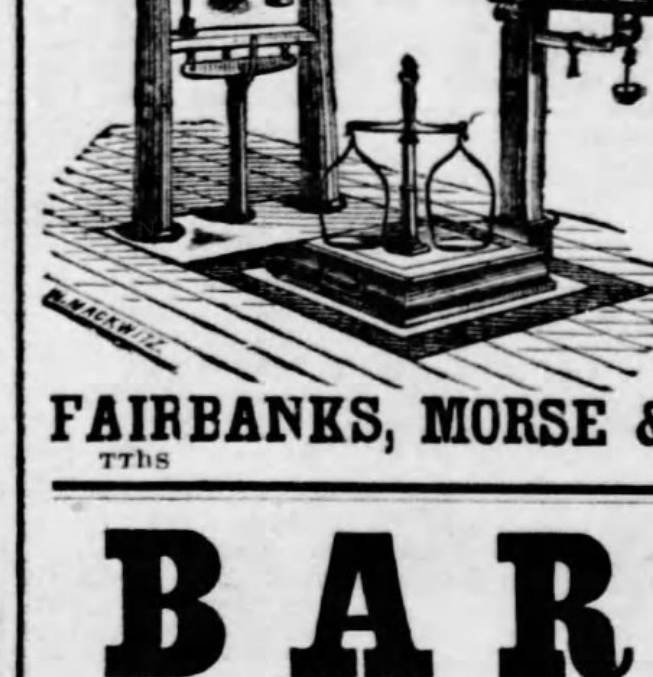

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BE CAREFUL TO BUY ONLY THE GENUINE.
Also, Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, Improved Money Drawers, &c.
SCALES REPAIRED PROMPTLY.
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WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR GRATE, Cleanest and Best.
Thousands of Certificates attest its Superiority to all others.
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ABSOLUTELY CLEAN! DURABLE! ECONOMICAL!
ADAPTED FOR BITUMINOUS SLACK OR COKE.
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Pine, YELLOW PINE and Hemlock, all sizes and qualities, Rough and Dressed. Lath and Shingles, by the 1,000 or car load.
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TThs 35 Market Street.

Amusement Advertising Rates.
Following is the rate charged for advertisements under the head of "Amusements" in this column:

1 Square 1 time....$1 00	1 Square 7 times...$4 60
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AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD..................Managers.
MONDAY, April 17, 1876, during the week and Saturday Matinee, One Week Only, Shakespeare's Historical Tragedy of
JULIUS CÆSAR.
New Scenery, Armors, Costumes, Emblems, &c., a fac simile as produced at
BOOTH'S THEATER, NEW YORK.
CASSIUS..........................MR. J. B. ROBERTS
ANTONY..........................MR. LOUIS ALDRICH
BRUTUS..........................MR. J. N. GOTTHOLD
100 AUXILIARIES.

LIBRARY HALL.
TESTIMONIAL BENEFIT TO
GEORGE M. WALLACE,
TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 18th
A BRILLIANT PROGRAMME WILL BE PRESENTED.
Among the volunteers are Mrs. J. BENSWANGER; Miss THERESA HENNE, the favorite Soprano; Mrs. Dr. SADLER; BARTLEY CAMPBELL, the well known Author and Dramatist, who will read a Poem; Messrs. CARL RITTER, JACK IRWIN, H. MAYERHOEFER, and members of the
THE TROUBADOURS.
Mr. A. McFARLAND, H. McCAFFREY, and other members of the Philomathic Circle, in Pilgrim's LIMERICK BOY.
Box Sheet open at Hale's Music Store Friday, April 14, at 9 A. M.
PRICES AS USUAL.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Instantaneous Hit!
OF
AUGUSTIN DALY'S FAMOUS
Fifth Avenue Theater Company,
Who will appear Every Evening this week in Mr. DALY'S Latest and Greatest Play, entitled
PIQUE,
A PLAY OF TO-DAY.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AT 2 O'CLOCK, ONLY "PIQUE MATINEE."
Seats may be secured for any Evening or Matinee at Hale's Music Store.

LIBRARY HALL.
Pittsburgh in Ye Olden Time.
Friday and Saturday Evenings, and Saturday Afternoon, April 21 and 22,
will be presented Bartley Campbell's dramatization of Chas. McKnight's Historical Novel, entitled
OLD DUQUESNE,
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE
FOURTEENTH REGIMENT, N. G. P.
Beautiful Pictures. Splendid Tableaux. Indian Costumes. Everything New. Two Grand Military Reviews. An Excellent Cast. Great Western Band Orchestra.
Seats secured at Hale's Music Store, Smithfield street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT OR SALE,
New Two-Story Frame House,
With Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall; Water in Kitchen; Lot 45x200, with Grapevines, &c.; located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city.
Terms easy. Inquire at the
COMMERCIAL OFFICE.

TRADE KEYSTONE MARK
Steam Sliced Smoked
Beef and Tongue,
READY FOR BREAKFAST, LUNCH AND TEA TABLE, PARTIES, PICNICS, TRAVELERS AND INVALIDS.
"So delicate that an infant can digest it." Put up in the most cleanly manner, in Half and Pound Boxes. Ask your Grocer for it and try it.
No. 5 UNION STREET,
Between Fifth avenue and Market House,
J. M. McCREERY,
Proprietor.

S. STUTZ,
Mining and Mechanical Engineer,
OFFICE, 96½ FOURTH AVE., PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Examines and Surveys Coal Mines and Mining Properties, furnishes working plans and estimates for Mines. The erection of Improved Coke Ovens and Washing Machinery a specialty. He will superintend the establishment and working of Mines.

FOR SALE.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
By virtue of an order of the U. S. Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, the undersigned Assignee of John Walker, Jr., a bankrupt, will expose at Public Sale on the premises, in the Borough of Elizabeth, Pa., on
SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1876,
at 2 o'clock P. M., the following Real Estate, viz:
All those certain Lots of Ground situate in the borough of Elizabeth, as follows: Part of Lots Nos. 43 and 44, fronting 50 feet on Market street and running back 120 feet. Having a two-story Brick Dwelling House thereon erected.
Also, part of same Lots, fronting 32 feet on Market street and extending back 80 feet. Having thereon erected a two-story Brick Building, containing two Storerooms and Dwelling.
Also, a Lot not numbered, situate on Tanner's alley, 80x177 feet, adjoining Lots of W. W. O'Neil, S. O. Rhodes and Cemetery. Having a good Spring of Water thereon.
Also, Lot No. 229 in plan of said borough, 60x120, situate on Sixth street.
Lot No. 296 in said plan, situate on Seventh street, 60x120 feet. Having thereon erected a Frame Cottage House.
A fractional part of Lot No. 306 being about ½ of same, situate on Eighth street. Having thereon erected a two-story Frame Dwelling House, with two Kitchens, and is suitable for two tenants.
Fractional part of Lot No. 305, situate on Eighth street. Having a two-story House and Kitchen erected thereon.
Fractional parts of Lots in Nos. 43 and 44, and not included in above description of same, being 10x31 and 8x32.
Part of Lot No. 41 in said plan, situate on Second street, having a front of 17 feet 9 inches on said street, and extending back 120 to Third street. Having thereon erected a three-story Brick Storeroom. To be sold subject to encumbrances.
Also, part of same Lot, fronting 34 feet 8 inches on said Second street, and running back 120 feet to said Third street. Having thereon erected a two-story Brick Dwelling House. To be sold subject to the life estate of Mrs. D. W. Frew.
Also, 9 acres 16-10 perches of land, situate in Forward township, Allegheny county, bounded by the Monongahela river, Jacob Maple and James G. Blaine.
A river front Lot in said township on said river, near Lock No. 3, fronting 60 feet on the river and running back about 70 feet.
Tract of land containing 5 acres and 75 perches in said township, adjoining lands of Dr. J. K. Vankirk, Mrs. Nancy Walker and plan of lots of John Walker, Jr.
Also, Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 and 10 in John Walker, Jr.s', plan of lots in Forward township, all except No. 1 having a front of 50 feet on a 16-foot alley and extending back 120 feet; No. 1 being 67 feet 8 inches in front and 26 feet 5 inches in the rear. Also, Lots Nos. 14, 15, 16, 18, 10 and 20 in said plan, having a front of 50 feet on public road and running back 120 feet. Also, Lot No. 21, having a front on said road of 55 feet and running back 120 feet. Also, Lot No. 13, having a front on said road 55½ feet and running back about 132 feet. Also, Lot No. 12, being 53½ feet front on said road and running back about 135 feet. Also, Lot No. 11, being an irregular lot in said plan, being 123 feet front on said road. Also, two Half Lots in said plan, Nos. 10½ and 21½.
Said premises are sold subject to all leins and encumbrances, where such exist.
Terms cash on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.
TROVILLO J. WEDDELL,
Tu Assignee of John Walker, Jr.

Foundry and Machine Shop,
FOR SALE,
AT A GREAT BARGAIN.
The Eagle Foundry and Machine Shop
Lately operated by ALEX. CROZIER & CO., located at N. E. corner of MAIN and CARR STREETS, ST. LOUIS, is now offered for sale on the most favorable terms.
The Machinery is complete in all its branches and ready for immediate operation.
The above having been purchased at Trustees' sale by the creditors, is offered for sale at a great sacrifice.
For particulars address,
WM. A. ROSS,
P. O. BOX 2786,
St. Louis, Mo.

FOR SALE,
Two Fine Residences.
Those two desirable Residences, Nos. 32 and 34 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, Fifth ward, Allegheny, situated on the elevation adjoining the properties of Wm. Frazier, Robert Lea and Wm. Speer; surroundings unexcelled. Are finished in modern style throughout, with large amount of ground to each, and built but a short time ago. Have each 8 large Rooms, Marble Mantels, Finished Attics, Bath Rooms, Water Closets, Dry Cellars.
Persons in search of a home will find these among the most desirably located Residences in the two cities, and should not delay to examine, as but seldom such investments are offered or to be had.
For full particulars call on
C. BERINGER,
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
116 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE.
Real Estate.
NO. 99 BEECH STREET, ALLEGHENY, within half square of the Parks; nearly new three-story Brick House, with all modern improvements. Lot 25x100, to 20 foot alley.
NO. 989 PENN AVENUE; modern built three-story Brick, ten rooms; lot 24x100, to paved alley. Can be adapted to business purposes, at small cost. Terms easy.
NO. 47 BEECH STREET, ALLEGHENY, near the Parks. Finely finished Brick, ten rooms, marble mantels, bath room, closets, and everything complete; lot 20x100 to Rutterers alley.
NO. 8 SNYDER STREET, Pleasant Valley, Allegheny. Nearly new Frame House, six rooms and finished attic; large lot; street cars within short distance. Small cash payment required; balance to time.
EAST LIBERTY. Elegant Building Lot near Hiland avenue, 94x167 feet. Will be sold very low for cash.
F. L. STEPHENSON,
Broker and Notary Public.
No. 16 Sixth (late St. Clair) street, Pittsburgh.